A

LIST

OF THE

PROPER NAMES

OCCURRING IN THE

OLD TESTAMENT

WITH THEIR INTERPRETATIONS.

PRINCIPALLY COMPILED FROM

SIMONIS AND GESENIUS.

STOW HILL BIBLE AND TRACT DEPOT 2 UPPER TEDDINGTON ROAD KINGSTON-ON-THAMES, SURREY, ENGLAND



PREFACE.

THE following Dictionary of the Proper Names, found in the Hebrew Bible, exhibits:—1st, the Names arranged in alphabetical order;—2nd, the pronunciation of the Hebrew name in English letters;—3rd, the form in which the name appears in the English authorised version;—and 4th, the meaning of the Hebrew names;—the especial object of this list has been to give the interpretations.

To some it might seem, at first sight, to be a thing of but little importance what the signification may be of the names used in the Scripture; but it is believed that but a little consideration will suffice to convince any Christian mind, that even such a thing as this, in the word of God, ought not to be overlooked. Indeed, the use made of proper names in the word of God, and arguments founded on their meaning, must prove sufficiently that even these things are "written for our instruction." For instance, in Heb. vii. 1, &c., we read "this Melchizedek, king of Salem, priest of the most high God," "first being by interpretation king of righteousness, and after that also king of Salem, which is king of peace." So too with regard to the change of the names of Abram and Sarái to Abraham and Sarah; and the additional name of Israel given to Jacob, "for as a prince hast thou power with God and with men, and hast prevailed."

The names given to our blessed Lord also mark the importance of attending to the meaning of the Hebrew proper names, for in them we find both the glory of His person and also His work pointed out in the express interpretations which the Scripture itself affords; thus we read in Mat. i. 21, &c., "She shall bring forth a son, and thou shalt call his name JESUS, for he shall save his people from their sins." Here we find the Hebrew name Table so explained as to exhibit that

iv PREFACE.

its meaning was to be to us a source of instruction as to the work of Him who should bear it—"he shall SAVE." "Now all this was done that it might be fulfilled which was spoken of the Lord by the prophet, saying, Behold a virgin shall be with child, and shall bring forth a son, and they shall call his name Emmanuel beauty, which being interpreted is GOD with us." This symbolic name is so explained by the Holy Ghost, as distinctly to shew, even in the account of our Lord's birth as man, that He was really and truly God; the symbolic name being shewn to involve most valuable and important doctrine, this first mention of God in the New Testament being used in speaking of our Lord.

It would be easy to increase the number of instances from Scripture of proper names, the meaning of which involves some truth of interest or importance, but the above may suffice to prove that they ought not to be overlooked.

It is true, that many of the proper names in the Old Testament, are of obscure derivation;—it should also be remembered that many of the persons whose names are mentioned are those of whom we are told scarcely anything further; and the fact that some part of the subject is obscure, is no reason for us to overlook that part which is clear and manifest; were we so to act, we might neglect the whole of the Scripture on account of the difficulties which we may find in particular portions.

In doubtful and difficult cases, Gesenius and J. Simonis have been consulted in drawing up the interpretations in the following list; the initials of these two writers indicate explanations given on their authority.

There yet exists a good deal of uncertainty as to the principles of composition and contraction of Hebrew proper names; attention being called to the subject, may lead to its being so fully investigated that we may arrive at settled principles of general application.

Some of the proper names in the Old Testament, are not Hebrew, but Babylonian, Egyptian, &c.; the explanations which are given of such, rests entirely on the authority of the writers who are cited at the close of each article.

INDEX TO THE PROPER NAMES.

. In the following Index to the Proper Names the references are made to the page and column in which the Hebrew word is to be found: the letters a, b, are used to denote the two columns into which the page is divided. When an English name occurs more than once in the following Index, even though in the same page and column, it will be found under different Hebrew headings. The variations of rendering found in the English translation are here given.

AAR

Abner (marg. Abiner)

AHI

a Ahisamach

5

8

Adonijah, see Tob-) Aaron ь Abner 50 a adonijah 4 a Abagtha 1 a Adonikam 4 а 5 Abana Abram a 3 Adoniram 5 Abarim..... 91 a Absalom 4 a a Adonizedek 10 Abarim, see lje-abarim 94 Accad a Abda Accho 96 a Adoraim Adoram 96 a 5 Abdeel Achan Adrammelech Abdi Achar a Adriel 92 Abdiel Achbor..... 96 4 10 4 Adullam Abdon Achish Adullamite 92 Abed-nego а Achmetha Adummim Abel "Achor, the valley of"..... 3 a 98 Agag 1 Abel 36 Agagite 4 3 h 96 a Agee Abel-meholah 3 Achshaph 10 b Agur a Abel-mizraim 3 Achzib 10 a Acrabbim, see Maaleh-) Abez 79 Aharah acrabbim..... a Abi 1 a 92 a Aharbel 9 2 a Adadah..... Ahasai Abiah 2 Adah a Ahasbai Abialbon 3 Adaiah Abasuerus Abiasaph..... 2 a Adaiah Ahava Abiathar 3 Adalia ab Ahaz Abib, see Tel-abib 127 Adam 4 Ahaziah 9 Abida a Adam.,.... b Ahaziah Adamah 4 a Ahban a Abidan Adami 2 Abiel Adar 5 a Aher Ahi..... 7 Adar, see Ataroth-adar 94 a Abiezer..... Ahiah Abiezrite Adbeel 4 5 Ahiam ħ 2 Addan a Abigail 5 a Ahian a Abihail 2 Addar Addar, see Ataroth-Ahiezer.... Abihu а 94 a Ahihud..... h Abihud..... 2 addar..... . a 47 a Ahihud a Abijah 2 Addar, see Hazar-addar a Ahijah Abijah 2 Addon Abijam Ader 92 a Ahijah Ahikam Adiel Abimael 2 Abimelech 2 Adin 91 Ahilud a a Ahimaaz Abinadab 2 Adina 91 Abinoam "Adino the Ezrite" ... 91 Ahiman Ω a a Ahimelech 3 Adithaim 92 a Ahimoth R Abishag 3 Adlai Ahinadab 8 Admah Abishai..... 5 a Ahinoam R Abishalom Admathah 3 R 92 a Ahio Abishua 3 Adna Ahira 8 92 a Abishur 3 a Adnah Ahiram..... R Abital 2 6 Adoni-bezek a a Ahiramites 8 Abitub 2 b Adonijah 5

Adonijah

AHI		(222)		
Ahishahar	8 b A	mmi, see Lo-ammi	70 b	Aram 16 b
Ahishar		mmiel	97 a	Aram, see Beth-aram 21 b
Ahithophel		mmihud	97 b	Aram, see Padan-aram 102 a
Ahitub	8 a A	mminadab	97 b	Aram-naharaim 16 b
Ahlab	8 b A	mmishaddai	97 b	Aramitess 16 b
Ahlai	8 b A	mmizabad	97 b	Aran 17 a
Ahoah	7 a A	Ammon	97 a	Ararat 17 a
Ahohite	7 a A	Ammonite	97 a	Araunah 16 a
Aholah	5 a A	Amnon	13 b	Arba 15 b
Aholiab		Amnon	13 b	Arba, see Kirjath-arba 112 a
Aholibah	5 a A	Amok	97 a	"Arba. city of " 112 a
Aholibamah		Amon	13 b	Arbathite 100 a
Ahumai	7 a 1	Amorite	14 a	
Ahuzam	7 6 1	Amos	97 a	
Ahuzzath	7 6 1	Amoz	13 b	
Ai	94. 6	Amram	45 a	
Aiah		Amram	98 b	
Aiath		Amramites	98 b	
Aija		Amraphel	14 0	Ardites 15 b
Aijalon	9. 6	Amzi	13 l	Ardon 15 b
Ain		Anab	98 l	Areli 15 b
Ajah		Anah	98	b Arelites 15 b
Ajalon	9 b	Anaharath	. 14 6	Argob 15 b
Akan	100 a	Anaiah	. 99	a Aridai 16 a
Akkub	100 a	Anak		a Aridatha 16 a
"Akrabbim, ascent of"	79 a	Anak		b Arieh 16 a
"Akrabbim, going up (Anakims		a Ariel 16 a
to"	79 a	Anamim	. 99	a Arim, see Kirjath-arim 112 a
Alameth	96 b	Anammelech	. 99	a Arioch 16 a
Alammelech	12 b	Anan		a Arisai 16 a
Alemeth	96 b	Anani		a Arkite 100 b
Alemeth	96 b	Ananiah		a Armenia 17 a
Aliah	96 b	Anath		a Armoni 16 b
Aliah	96 b	Anathoth		a Arnan 17 a
Alian	96 b	"Anathoth, of"		b Arnon 17 a
Allon	10 b	Anem		a Arod 16 a
Allon-bachuth	10 b	Aner	. 99	a Arodi 16 a
Almodad	12 b	Anethothite	99	b Arodites 16 a
Almon	96 b	Anetothite		b Aroer 100 a
Almon-diblathaim		Aniam	14	a Aroer 100 b
"Aloth, in"		Anim	99	
Alush		Antothijah		
Alvah			99	b Arphaxad 17 a
Alvan		Anub		
Amad	. 98 a	Apharsachites		
Amal	. 97 b	Apharsathchites	15	
Amalek				
Amalekite			15	a Arvadite 16
Amam			15	a Arza 17
Amana	. 13 &	Aphiah	14	b Asa 14
Amariah			14	b Asahel 100
Amariah			22	2 a Asahiah 100
Amasa	. 98 8	Aphses		7 b Asaiah 100
Amasai		Appaim	14	
Amashai		Ar	100	a Asareel 17
Amasiah	. 98 6		15	
Amaziah		6 Arab	18	
Amaziah		Arabah, see Beth-are	abah 2	1 b the"
Ami		Arabia	100	0 a Asenath 14
Amittai	••	Arabian		0 α Ashan 101
Ammah		b Arabian		
Ammah, see Metheg-	.	Arad		0 a Ashbel 17
ammah		Arah		6 a Ashbelites 17
Amman	,	1		1

Ashchenaz	18	a	Azem	99	ь	Baladan, see Merodach-	l sin	_
Ashdod	17	ь	Azgad	93	a	baladan	500	u
"Ashdod, of"	17		Aziel	93	a	Balah	24	lb
"Ashdod, of"	17	b	Aziza	93	ь	Balak	24	a
Ashdodites	17		Azmaveth	93		Bamoth	24	b
Asher	18		Azmaveth, see Beth-			Bamoth Baal	24	b
Asherites	18		azmaveth	`{ 22	b	Bani	24	b
Ashima	18		Azmon	99	ь	Barachel	28	а
Ashkelon	18		Aznoth-tabor				21	a
Ashkenaz	18		Azriel	94		Barak		a
Ashnah		a	Azrikam					a
						I	27	
Ashpenaz	18		Azubah			1	28	
Ashtaroth	101		Azur				28	
Ashtaroth Karnaim	101							
Ashterothite			Azzan		3 6		110	а
Ashtoreth	101		Azzur	98	a	Baruch	27	L
Ashur	18		L .				27	
Ashvath	101		Baal		6		28	
Asiel	100		Baal, see Gur-baal	30) b			
Askelon	. 18		Baal, see Kirjath-	112	2 a	Bashemath	28	
Asnah	14	· b	baal			Basmath	28	
Asnapper	14	b	Baal, see Merib-baal				28	
Aspatha	14	ŀb	Baal, see Merib-baal		b		29	
Asriel	17	а	"Baal, high places	s} 24	l b	Bath-shua	29	
Asrielites	17	а	fof"	5 -		Daval	20	
Asshur	17	b	Baal-berith	25	b		27	
Asshurim	17	b	Baal Gad	25	b		27	
Asshurites	17	b	Baal Hamon	25	b		26	
Assir	14	a	Baal-hanan	26	a	Bealoth	25	b
Assur	17	ĥ	Baal hazor	26	a	Bebai	19	ь
Assyria	17	b	Baal-hermon	26	a	Becher	23	b
Assyrian	17	7	Baal-meon		a	Bechorath	23	a
Atarah	94	-	Baal-meon, see Beth-	`		Bedad	20	a
Ataroth	94		baal-meon		а	Bedan	20	a
Ataroth-adar	94		Baal-peor		a	Bedeiah	20	a
Ataroth addor	0.4	_	Baal-perazim	26		Beeliada	26	
"Ataroth, the house of	34	и	Baal-shalisha	26		Beer	18	ь
Toob?	§ 94	а	Baal-tamar	26		Beer, see Baalath-beer	26	b
JUAU	,		Baal-zebub	25		Beer-elim	19	a
Ater	. 9	a	Baal-zephon	26		Beer-lahai-roi	19	
Athach	101	а		25	b	Beer-sheba	19	
Athaiah		a	Baalah	26	ь	Beera	18	
	101	a	Baalath	26	b	Beerah	19	
Athaliah		b	Baalath-beer		ь	Beeri	19	
Athlai	101	a	Baalim	25		Beeroth	19	
Atroth, Shophan	94	ь	Baalis	26	a	"Beeroth of the chil-	-	•
Attai	101	a	Baana	26		dren of Jaakan"	19	\boldsymbol{a}
Ava	92	а	Baanah	26	b	Beerothite	19	
Aven, see Beth-aven	20	b	Baara	26	b		26	
Avim	92	b	Baaseiah	26	b	Beeshterah	23	
Avims	92	b	Baasha	26	b	Bel		
Avites	92	b	Babel	19	b	Bela	24	
Avith	92	b	Babylon	19	ь	Belaites	24	
Avith	94	ь	Babylonians	19	b	Belshazzar	24	
Azal	15	a	Bachrites	23	b	Belteshazzar	24	
Azaliah	15	a	Baharumite	- 20	6	Ben	24	
Azaniah	7	al	Bahurim	20	6	Ben-ammi	25	
Azareel		ь	Bajith	20	b	Ben-hadad	24	
Azariah		a	Bakbakkar	27	a	Ben-hail		b
Azariah		a	Bakbuk	27	a	Ben-hanan	24	
Azaz		a	Bakbukiah	27	a	Ben-oni	24	
Azaziah		ā	Balaam	24		Ben-zoheth	24	
Azbuk	93	- 1	Baladan	23	ь	Benaiah	25	a
Azekah	93		Baladan, see Bero-		1	Benaiah	25	\boldsymbol{a}
	15		dach-baladan		b	Bene-barak	25	a
Azel	13	4	uncu-valauali	,	ı			

		_				
Bene-jaakan	25	a	Beth-nimrah	22	ь	Cabbon 67 a
Beninu		a	Beth-palet	23	a	Cabul 66 &
Benjamin		a	Beth-pazzez	23	a	Cain 110 &
"Benjamin, of"	25		Beth-peor	23	a	Cain, see Tubal-cain 126 t
Benjaminite		æ	Beth-phelet	23	a	Cainan 111 a
Benjamite	25	a	Beth-rapha, see Rapha	115	b	Calah 68 d
Benjamite	25	a	Beth-rehob	23	a	Calcol 68 a
Beon	26	b	Beth-shan	23	a	Caleb 68 a
Beor	25	b	Beth-shean	23	a	"Caleb, of the house of" 68 a
Bera	28	a	Beth-shemesh	23	а	Caleb-ephratah 68 a
Berachah	28	a	Beth-shemite	22	а	Calneh 68 /
"Berachah, valley of"	41	a	Beth shittah	22	а	Calno 68 t
Beraiah	27	ь	Beth-tappuah	23	а	Camon 111 &
Berechiah	28	a	Beth-zur	23	а	Canaan 69 6
Berechiah	28	a	Bethelite	21	a	Canaanite 69 6
Bered	27	b	Bethuel	28	b	Canneh 68 &
Beri	27	b	Bethul	28	b	Caphthorim 69 l
Beriah	28	a	Betonim	20	b	Caphtor 69 &
Beriites	28	a	Bezai	27	а	Caphtorim 69 l
Berites	28	a	Bezaleel	27	a	Captorims 69 /
Berith Basi basish	28	a	Bezek	20	b	Car, see Beth-car 22 d
Berith, see Baal-berith	25	b	Bezer	27	4	Carcas 69 (
Berodach-baladan	27	b	Bichri	23	b	
Berothah	27 28	b	Bidkar	20	a	Careah
Berothai	28	b	Bigtha	20 20	a	
Berothite	25	a	Bigthan	20	a	Carmelite 70 a
Besai "besieged places "	80	a	Bigthana		b	
	25	a	Bigvai	19 24	a	Carmi
Besor	28	b	Bileam	24	a	Carshena 70 d
	20	b	Bilgah	23	b	Casiphia 69
Betah	20	b		24	a	Casluhim 69
Beth-anath	22	b	Bilgai Bilhah	24	a	Cephar-haammonai 69 8
Beth-anoth	22	b	Bilhan	24	a	Chalcol
Beth-arabah	21	b	Bilshan	24	a	(Chalder tabableanes)
Beth-aram	21	b	Bimhal	24	a	of"
Beth-arbel	21	a	Binea	25	a	Chaldeans 70 a
Beth-aven	20		Binnui	24	b	Chaldees 70 6
Beth-azmaveth	22		Birei, see Beth-birei	21	a	Charashim 48
Beth-baal-meon	21	a	Birsha	28	b	Charchemish 69
Beth-barah	21	a	Birzavith	27	b	Chebar 67 d
Beth-birei	21	a	Bishlam	28	b	Chedorlaomer 67 6
Beth-car	22	a	Bithiah	28	ь	Chelal 68
Beth-dagon	21		Bithron	29	a	Chelluh 68 6
Beth-diblathaim	21		Bizjothjah	20	b	Chelub 68 a
Beth-el	21		Biztha	20	b	Chelubai 68 6
Beth-el, see El-beth-el	10	b	Boaz	25	ь	Chemosh 68 t
eth-emek	21	b	Bocheru	23	b	Chemosh 68
Beth-ezel	21	b	Bochim	23	b	Chenaanah 69 6
Beth-gader	21	a	Bohan	20	а	Chenani 68 &
Beth-gamul	21	4	Boscath	27	a	Chenaniah 68 d
Beth-haccerem	21	b	Bozez	20	b	Chenaniah 68 l
Beth-hanan	22	a	Bozkath	27	a	Chephirah 69 t
	21	ь	Boznai, see Shethar- }			Cheran 70 a
Beth-haran				126	a	Cherethims 70 a
Beth-haran	22	a	boznai			Chereunings
Beth-hoglah	22	a a	boznai	27	a	Cherethites 70 a
	22		Bozrah	27 27	a	
Beth-hoglah Beth-horon Beth-jeshimoth Beth-lebaoth	22 22 21 22	a	Bozrah Bukki Bukkiah	27 27		Cherethites 70 a Cherith 69 b Cherub 69 b
Beth-hoglah Beth-horon Beth-jeshimoth Beth-lebaoth Beth-lehem	22 22 21 22	a b	BozrahBukki	27	a	Cherethites 70 a Cherith 69 b Cherub 69 b Chesalon 69 a
Beth-hoglah Beth-boron. Beth-jeshimoth Beth-lebaoth Beth-lehem. Beth-lehem.	22 22 21 22	a b a a b	Bozrah Bukki Bukkiah Bunah Bunni	27 27	a a	Cherethites 70 a Cherith 69 b Cherub 69 c Chesalon 69 a Chesed 70 a
Beth-hoglah Beth-boron Beth-jeshimoth Beth-lebaoth Beth-lehem Beth-lehemite Beth-maachah	22 22 21 22 22 21 22	a b a a b b	Bozrah Bukki Bukkiah Bunah Bunah Bunni Buz	27 27 20 24 20	a a a	Cherethites 70 a Cherith 69 b Cherub 69 b Chesalon 69 a Chesed 70 a Chesil 69 a
Beth-hoglah Beth-boron. Beth-jeshimoth Beth-lebaoth Beth-lehem. Beth-lehem.	22 22 21 22 22 22	a b a a b	Bozrah Bukki Bukkiah Bunah Bunni	27 27 20 24	a a b	Cherethites 70 a Cherith 69 b Cherub 69 b Chesalon 69 a Chesed 70 a Chesil 69 a Chesulloth 69 a
Beth-hoglah Beth-boron Beth-jeshimoth Beth-lebaoth Beth-lehem Beth-lehemite Beth-maachah	22 22 21 22 22 21 22	a b a a b b b	Bozrah Bukki Bukkiah Bunah Bunah Bunni Buz	27 27 20 24 20	a a a b a	Cherethites 70 a Cherith 69 b Cherub 69 b Chesalon 69 a Chesed 70 a Chesil 69 a Chesulloth 69 a

ELI

			,					
Chidon	67	ь	Darius	35	7	Eglah	91	``.
"chief"	113	a	Darkon	35	6	Eglaim		b
"children of Gad"	30	a	Dathan	35	b	Eglaim, see En-eglaim	95	b
"children of Reuben"	112	b	"daughter of Shua, the"	29	a	Eglon	91	b
Chileab	67	ь	David	34	a	Egypt	80	a
Chilion	68	a	Debir	33	b	"Egypt, of"	80	
Chilmad	68	b	Deborah	33	b	Egyptian	80	a
Chimham	68	ь	Dedan	33	ь	Egyptians	80	a
Chimham	68	b	Dedanim	34	a	Ehi	7	b
Chinnereth	69	a	"defence"	80	a	Ehud	5	ь
Chinneroth	69	a	Dehavites	34	a	Ehud	7	a
Chisleu	69	a	Dekar	35	b	Eker		
Chislon	69	a	Delaiah	34	b	Ekron		a
Chisloth-tabor	69	a	Delaiah	34	b	Ekronites	100	a
Chittim	70	a	Delilah	34	ь	El-beth-el	10	ī
Chiun	67	b	Deuel	35	a	El-elohe-Israel	10	b
Chorashan	67	a	Diblaim	33	b	El-paran	9	ъ
Chozeba	67	ь	"Diblath, towards"	33	b	Eladah		ь
Chub	67	u	Diblathaim, see Almon-			Elah		b
Chun	67	a	diblathaim	96	b	Elah	10	ь
Cinneroth	69	а	Diblathaim, see Beth-			Elam	94	ь
"cities, fortified"	80	а	diblathaim	21	а	Elam	92	b
"city of Arba"	112	а	Dibon	34	b	Elasah	13	а
"city of salt, the "	96	a	Dibri	33	b	Elath	9	b
Colhozeh	68	а	Diklah	35	b	Elath	9	\boldsymbol{b}
Coniah	68	b	Dilean	34	b	Eldaah	10	b
Cononiah	67	a	Dimnah	35	a	Eldad	10	b
Cononiah	69	a	Dimon	34	b	Elead	12	b
Coz	110	b	Dinah	34	b	Elealeh	13	а
Cozbi	67	b	Dinaites	34	b	Eleasah	13	a
" craftsmen "	48	b	Dinhabah	35	a	Eleazar	13	\boldsymbol{a}
Cush	67	\boldsymbol{a}	Dishan	34	b	Eleph	13	\boldsymbol{a}
Cushan	67	b	Dishon	34	b	Elhanan	11	
Cushan-rishathaim	67	b	Dizahab	34	b	Eli	96	b
Cushi	67	a	Dodai	34	a	Eliab	11	\boldsymbol{a}
Cuth	67	b	Dodanim	34	α	Eliada	11	a
Cuthah	67	b	Dodavah	34	а	Eliahba	11	b
Cyrus	70	а	Dodo	34	a	Eliakim	12	a
Cyrus	67	и	Doeg	33	a	Eliam	11	b
			Dophkah	35	b	Eliasaph	11	b
Dabareh	33 33	b	Dor	34	a	Eliashib	16	a
Dabbasheth	33	b	Dor, see Hammoth-dor	45	b	Eliathah	11	a b
Daberath	33	b	Dothan	35 35	b	Eliathah	11	a
Dagon	21	a	Dothan	95	b	Elidad	11	a
Dagon, see Beth-dagon	98	a		34		Eliel	ii	Ъ
"dale, the king's"	34	b	Dumah	34	a b		11	b
Dalphon	35	a	Dula	94	0	Eliezer	11	b
Damascus	35	b	Ehel	94	b	Elihoreph	11	
Damascus		a	Ebal Ebed	90	b	Elihu Elijah	11	a
Dammim, see Pas-	34	и	Ebed-melech	91	а	Elijah	11	a
Dammim, see Pas-	104	a	Ebenezer	3	h	Elika	12	
Dan		а	Eber	91	a	Elim		b
Dan, see Mahaneh-dan	75	a	Ebiasaph	3	a	Elim, see Beer-elim	19	a
"Dan also"	38		Ebronah	91	b	Elimelech	ii	ь
"Dan, of"	35	a	"Edar, tower of"	73	а	Elioenai	11	
Daniel	35	a	Eden	92	a	Elioenai	11	a
Danites	35		"Eden, house of"	22	b	Eliphal	11	ï
Danjaan	35		Eder	92		Eliphalet	11	b
Dannah	35		Edom	4	ī	Eliphaz	11	b
Dara	3.5		Edom, see Obed-edom	90	b	Eliphelch	11	Ъ
Darda	35		Edomite	4	b	Eliphelet	11	6
Darius			Edrei	5			12	

		_						
Elishah	12	a	Er	100	a	Gad	29	,,
Elishama	12	а	Eran	100		Gad, see Baal-gad		b
Elishaphat	12	ь	Eranites	100	ь	Gad, see Migdal-gad	72	6
Elisheba	12	a	Erech	16	ь	"Gad, children of"	29	b
Elishua	12	a	Eri	100	b	Gaddah, see Hazar-)		
Elizaphan	12	\boldsymbol{a}	Erites	100	b	gaddah	41	a
Elizur	12	a	Esar-haddon	14	b	Gaddi	30	a
Elkanah	13	\boldsymbol{a}	Esau	100	b	Gaddiel	30	
Elkohshite	13	а	Esek	100		Gader, see Beth-gader	21	α
Ellasar	12	b	Eshbaal	17	b	Gadi	30	
Elnaam	12	b	Eshban	17	b	Gadites	30	
Elnathan	12	b	Eshcol	18	a	Gaham	31	
Elon	10	b	Eshean	18	a	Gahar	31	
Elon	9	b	Eshek	101	a	Galal	31	b
Elon-beth-hanan, see	22	a	Eshkalonites	18	a	Galeed, i.q. Gilead.		,
Beth-hanan	12	ь	Eshtaol	18 18	a b	Galilee	31 31	
Elonites	9	b	Eshtaulites Eshtemoa	18	ь	Gamaliel	32	
Eloth	13	a	Eshtemoh	18	b	Gammadims	31	
Elpaal	13	a	Eshton	18	h	Gamul	32	
Eltekeh	13	a	Esther	14	b	Gamul, see Beth-gamul	21	
Eltekon	13	b	Etam	94	E	Gannim, see En-gannim		a
Eltolad	13	a	Etham	18	ŭ	Gareb	32	
Eluzai	12	b	Ethan	10	a	Garmite	32	
Elzabad	10	b	Ethbaal	18	b	Gashmu	33	
Elzaphan	13	a	Ether	101	b	Gatam	32	b
Emims	9	b	Ethiopia	67	а	Gath	33	
En-eglaim	95	b	Ethiopian	67	a	Gath, see More-	74	ı.
En-gannim	95	a	Ethiopians	67	а	sheth-gath		
En-gedi		a	Ethnan	18	b	Gath-rimmon	33	
En-haddah	95	a	Ethni	18	b	Gazah	93	
En-hakkore	95	a	Euphrates	105	b	Gazathites	94	
En-hazor	95	a	Eve	42	a	Gazer		a
En-mishpat	95	a	Evi	6	a	Gazez	31	
En-rimmon	95	b	Evil-merodach	6	a	Gazites	94	
En-rogel	95	6	Ezbai	6	6	Gazzam		u b
En-shemesh	95 95	6	Ezbon Ezekiel	15 58	a b	Gebal	29	a
En-tappuah	95	a	Ezel	3	b	Gebal	29	
Enam Enan	95	6	Ezel, see Beth-ezel	21	ь	Geber	29	
Enan, see Hazar Enan	47	b	Ezem	99	b	Geber, see Ezion-geber	99	
Enan, see Hazar Enan	47	ŭ	Ezer	15	b	Geber, see son of Geber		
Endor	95	a	Ezer	93	b	Gebim	29	
Enoch	45	b	Ezer, see Romamti-ezer	113	b	Gedaliah	30	a
Enos	14	a	Ezion-geber	99	b	Gedaliah	30	a
Enosh	14	a	"Eznite, Adino the".	91	b	Geder	30	
Ephah	95	6	Ezra	93	b	Gederah	30	
Ephai	95	b	Ezra	94	a	Gederathite	30	
Ephai	92	6	Ezrahite	7	a	Gederite	30	
Epher	99	6	Ezri	94	a	Gederoth	30	
Ephes-dammim	15	4	"field, fruitful"	69	b	Gederothaim	30	
Ephlal		a	" field, plentiful"	69	b	Gedi, see En-gedi	95 30	
Ephod	14	<i>b</i>	"flock, tower of the"	73	a	Gedor	30	
Ephraim		a	" foreskins, hill of"	29	b	Gehazi	31	
Ephraimite		a	"fortified cities"		a	Gemalli	32	
Ephraimites Ephrain	99	a	" fruitful field"		b	Gemariah	32	
Ephratah		a	" fruitful place"	69	6	Gemariah	32	
Ephratah, see Caleb-		- 1	Gaal	32	a	"Gentiles, Harosheth)		
ephratah	68	a	Gaash		b	of the"	48	0
Ephrath	15	а	Gaba	11	a	Genubath	32	
Ephrathite	15	a	Gabbai	29	а	Gera	32	
Ephron	99	61	Gabriel	29	b	Gerar	32	b

								_
a	•			`			110	٠,
Gerizim	32		"going up to Ak-	1 79	а	Hakkoz	110	
Gershom		b	raddin, the	,		Hakupha	47	
Gershon	32	b	Golan	30	b	Halah	44	a
"Gershon, sons of"	32	b	"goldsmiths, the"	109	a	"half of the Manah-)	46	2.
Gershonite	32	h	Goliath	31	b	ethites''	40	U
Gesham	31	a	Gomer	32	a	" half the Manahethites'	46	h
Geshem	33	a	Gomorrah	98	a	Halhul	44	
Geshur	33	a	Goshen	33	a	Hali	44	
Geshuri	33	\boldsymbol{a}	Gozan	30	b	Hallohesh	37	
Geshurites	33	\boldsymbol{a}	Grecians	57	\boldsymbol{a}	Hallohesh	71	a
Gether	33	a	Gudgodah	30	a	Halohesh	37	a
Geuel	29	a	Guni	30	ь	Ham	37	a
Gezer	31	a	Gunites	30		Ham	45	а
Gezrites	32		Gur	30		Haman	37	ï
							45	
Giah	31		Gur baal	30	0	Hamath	45	
"giant"	115	b				Hamathite		
" giant, the"	115	b	Haahashtari		\boldsymbol{a}	Hammath	45	
" giants"	115	b	Haammonai, see Ce-	} 69	b	Hammedatha	37	a
" giants, the valley of"	98	a	phar-haammonai	1 09	U	Hammedatha	73	b
Gibbar	29	b	Habakkuk	41	a	Hammoleketh	37	ь
Gibbethon	29		Habaziniah	41	a	Hammoleketh	78	а
Gibea	29		Habor	41	a	Hammon	45	
				43			45	
Gibeah	29	b	Hachaliah			Hammoth-dor	40	U
Gibeah	29		Hachilah	43	b	Hamon, see Baal-	25	b
Gibeathite	29		Hachmoni	44	\boldsymbol{a}	hamon		
Gibeon	29	b	Hachmonite	44	а	Hamonah	37	
Gibeonite	29	b	Hadad	36	а	Hamor	45	а
Giblites	29	a	Hadad	41	b	Hamuel	45	а
Giddalti	30	a	Hadad	4	b	Hamul	45	a
Giddel	30	a	Hadad, see Ben-hadad	24	b	Hamulites	45	а
Gideon	30	a	Hadadezer	36	a	Hamutal	45	
Gideoni				36	-	Hamutal	45	
	30		Hadadrimmon		a		45	
Gidom	30	a	Hadar	36	b	Hanameel		
Gihon	31	а	Hadar	42	a	Hanan	45	
Gilalai	31	b	Hadarezer	36		Hanan, see Baal-hanan	26	
Gilboa	31	a	Hadashah	42	\boldsymbol{a}	Hanan, see Ben-hanan	24	
Gilead	31	b	Hadassah	36	b	Hanan, see Beth-hanan	22	α
Gileadite	31	b	Hadattah, see Hazor-)			Hananeel	46	a
Gileadite	31	b	hadattah	46	b	Hanani	46	a
Gilgal	31	b	Haddah, see En-haddah	95	а	Hananiah	46	а
"Gilgal, house of"	21	b	Hadid	41	b	Hanes	46	
	31	ь	Hadlai	41	ь	Haniel	45	
Giloh							45	
Gilonite	31	a	Hadoram	36		Hannah		
Gilonite	31	b	Hadrach	42		Hannathon	46	
Gimzo	32	a	Hagab	41	ь	Hanniel	45	
Ginath	31	\boldsymbol{a}	Hagaba	41	b	Hanochites	45	
Ginnetho	32	a	Hagabah	41	b	Hanun	45	b
Ginnethon	32	a	Hagar	36	a	Haphraim	46	b
Girgashite	32		Hagarenes	36	а	Hara	38	а
Girgasite	32		Hagarite	36	a	Haradah	47	
				36	a	Haran	38	
Gispa			Hagarites				48	
Gittaim	33	\boldsymbol{a}	Haggai	41	b	Haran		
Gittite			Haggeri	36	a	Haran, see Beth-haran	21	
Gizonite	30	b	Haggi	41	b	Hararite		а
Gizrites	31	\boldsymbol{a}	Haggiah	41	b	Hararite	38	a
"Goath, to"	32	а	Haggites	41	b	Haraseth, see Kir- ?	111	_
Gob	29		Haggith	41	b	haraseth	111	и
" God"	53		Hagidgad, see Hor.			Harbona	47	b
"God, house of"	21		hagidgad	47	b	Harbonah	47	
				94		Hareph	48	
Gog	30	U	Hai		b		40	"
"going up of Adum-			Hail, see Ben-hail	24		Hareseth, see Kir-	111	a
mim, the," see	5	a	Hakkatan	110	b	hareseth∫		
Adummim	,		Hakkatan	37	b	Haresh, see Kir-haresh	111	a

Harhaiah	48	a	Haziel	43	a	Hezion	43 a
Harhas		a	Hazo	43	a	Hezir	43 a
Harhur	48	a	Hazor	46	b	Hezrai	47 a
Harim	48	а	Hazor, see Baal-hazor	26	a	Hezro	47 a
Hariph	48	a	Hazor, see En-hazor	95	a	Hezron	47 a
Harnepher	48	ь	Hazor, Hadattah	46	ь	Hezronites	47 a
"Harod, the well of"	95	а	Hazzurim, see Hel-)	44		Hiddai	36 a
Harodite	48	а	kath-hazzurim }	44	"	Hiddekel	41 b
Haroeh	38	a	Heber	41	a	Hiel	43 b
Haroeh	112	b	Heberites	41	ь	"high places of)	01.2
Harorite	38	а	Hebrew	91	a	Baal, the"	24 b
"Harosheth of the	40		"Hebrew woman"	91	a	Hilen	43 b
Gentiles"	48	0	Hebrewess	91	a	Hilkiah	44 b
Harsa, see Tel-harsa	127	b	Hebron	41	ь	Hilkiah	44 b
Harsha	48	ь	Hebron	91	ь	"hill of the foreskins"	29 b
Harum	38	а	Hebronites	41	ы	"hill, the"	29 b
Harumaph	48	a	Hegai	36	a	Hillel	37 a
Haruphite	48	a	Hege	36	а	Hinnom	App.
Haruz	48	а	Helah	4.1	a	Hirah	43 b
Hasadiah	46	а	Helam	43	ь	Hiram	43 b
Hashabiah	49	а	Helam	44	a	Hittite	49 b
Hashabiah	49	a	Helbah	44	a	Hittites	49 b
Hashabnah	49	а	Helbon	44	a	Hivite	42 a
Hashabniah	49	а	Heldai	44	a	Hizkiah	58 b
Hashbadana	49	a	Heleb	44	a	Hizkijah	58 b
Hashem	38	а	Heled	44	a	Hobab	41 a
Hashmonah	49	b	Helek	44	h	Hobah	42 a
Hashub	49	а	Helekites	44	b	Hobaiah	41 a
Hashubah	49	а	Helem	37	a	Hod	36 b
Hashum	49	b	Helem	44	b	Hodaiah	36 b
Hashupha	49	а	Heleph	44	ь	Hodaviah	36 b
Hasrah	46	а	Helez	44	b	Hodesh	42 a
Hassenaah	89	b	Helkai	4.1	ь	Hodevah	36 b
Hasshub	49	а	Helkath	44	ь	Hodevah	36 b
Hasupha	49	а	Helkath-hazzurim	44	ь	Hodijah	36 b
Hatach	38	а	Helon	44	b	Hodshi	42 a
Hathath	49	b	Hemam	37	а	Hoglah	41 b
Hatipha	43	b	Heman	. 37	а	Hoglah, see Beth-hoglah	22 a
Hatita	43	b	Hemath	45	а	Hoham	36 b
Hattaavah, see Ki-	100	. 1	Hemdan	45	а	Holon	44 a
broth-hattaavah	109	b	Hen	45	ь	Homam	36 b
Hatticon, see Hazar-)	47		Hena	37	ь	Hophni	46 a
hatticon	47	v	Henadad	4.5	ъ	Hophra, see Pha-	105 a
Hattil	43	ь	Hepher	46	ь	raoh-hophra∫	
Hattush	43	b	Hepherites	46	ь	Hor	37 b
Hauran	42	b	Hephzi-bah	46	b	Hor-hagidgad	47 b
Havilah	42	а	Heres	48	ь	Horam	38 a
Hazael	43	а	Heres, see Kir-heres	111	\boldsymbol{a}	Horeb	App.
Hazaiah	43	\boldsymbol{a}	Heres, see Timnath-)	128	~	Horem	48 a
Hazar-addar	47	а	heres	120	u	Hori	42 b
Hazar Enan	47	b	Heresh	48	ь	Hormah	48 a
Hazar Enan	47	b	Hermon	48	ь	Horon, see Beth-horon	22 a
Hazar-gaddah	47	а	Hermon, see Baal-)	26	a	Horonaim	48 b
Hazar-hatticon	47	b	hermon∫			Horonite	48 b
Hazar-shual	47	ь	Hesed	46		Hosah	46 a
Hazar-susah	47	ь	Heshbon	49		Hosea	37 a
Hazar-susim	47	ь	Heshmon	49		Hoshaiah	37 a
Hazarmaveth	47	a	Heth	49		Hoshama	36 b
Hazazon-tamar	47	a	Hethlon	49	ь	Hoshea	37 a
Hazelel-poni	37	ь	Hezeki	43	b	Hotham	43 a
Hazelel-poni	107	b	Hezekiah	43	b	Hothir	37 a
· -							

									_
"house of Caleb, of)	•		Ir	. 95	, ,	Jaakan, see "Beeroth)			
the"	68	a	Ir-nahash	. 96	i a	Jaakan, see "Beeroth) of the children of	1	9	a
"house of Eden, the"	22	b	Ir-shemesh	. 96	a				
"house of Gilgal, \	91	ъ	Ira				2	5	a
the"	21		Irad		a				
"house of God"	21	a	Iram					1	
"house of Joab," \	9.4	a	Iri			•		1	
see Ataroth §		·	Irijah					1	
"house, shearing"		· b	Iron					l	
Hukok	42		Irpeel					1	
Hul	42	_	Iru					1	
Huldah	44		Isaac					1	b
Humtah	45		Isaac				61 50		b
Hupham	42		Isaiah				50		
Huphamites	42 46		Iscah				60		b
Huppah Huppim	46		Ishaiah				60		
Hur	42		Ishbah			Jaaziel		Ö	
Hurai	42		Ishbak			Jabal		ī	
Huram	42		Ishbi-benob			Jabbok	51	i	b
Huram	43		Ishbi-benob			Jabesh	51	Ĺ	ь
Huri	42		Ishi		a	Jabez	60	0	a
Hushah	42	ь	Ishijah	65	ь	Jabin	51	ı	a
Hushai	43	\boldsymbol{a}	Ishma	65	b	Jabneel	51	ı	a
Husham	43	а	Ishmael	65	ь	Jabneh	51		a
Hushathite	49	b	Ishmaelites	65	b	Jachan	60		b
Hushim	43	а	Ishmaiah		ь	Jachin	59		b
Hushim	49	b	Ishmeelites		b	Jachinites	59		b
Huzoth, see Kirjath- \	112	_	Ishmerai		b	Jacob	61		
huzoth∫		_	Ishod			Jada	52		b
•			Ishpan			Jadau	52		
Ibhar	51		Ishtob			Jaddua	52 52		
Ibleam	51	a	Ishuah		a	Jadon	61		a a
Ibneiah	51	b	Ishui		a	Jael	51		b
Ibnijah	51		Ismachiah	65	b	Jagur	52		b
Ibri Ibzan	Ap 4		Ispah		a	Jahath	59		a
I-chabod	9	b	Israel	64	b	Jahaz	56		
Idalah	52		Israel, see El-elohe-			Jahazah	56		
Idbash	52		Israel	10	b	Jahaziah	58	. /	ь
Iddo	52	a	"Israel, of"	64	ь	Jahaziel	58	ξ.	b
Iddo	60	а	Israelite	64	b	Jahdai	52	:	b
Iddo	91	b	Israelitish	64	b	Jahdiel	58	,	a,
Iddo	4	ь	Issachar	64	ь	Jahdo	58	,	Œ
Idumea	4	b	Isuah	65	а	Jahleel	58		b
Igdaliah	51	b	Isui	65	a	Jahleelites	59		
Igeal	51	b	Ithamar	10	а	Jahmai	59		
Iim	94	ь	Ithiel	10	a	Jahzah	56		-
lje-abarim	94	b	Ithmah	66	b	Jahzeel	59		
Ijon	94	b	Ithnan	66	b	Jahzeelites	59		
Ikkesh	100	a	Ithra	66	þ	Jahzerah	58		
Ilai	94	b	Ithran	66	b	Jahziel	58 59		
Imla	60	а	lthream	66 66	b	Jahziel	50		
Imlah		a	Ithrite	101	b	Jair	60		
Immanuel		a	Ittah-kazin	101	a	Jair Jairite	50		
Immer	14 60	a	Ittai	18	6	Jakan	61		
		a	Ivah	92	ь	Jakeh	62		
Imna Imrah		a	Izeharites	62	a	Jakim	62		
Imri		a	Izhar	62	a	Jalon	59		
India		a	Izharites		a	Jamin	59	ŧ	,
"inhabitants of)		- 1	Izrahiah	58	a	Jaminites	59	t	,
Chaldea"	70	a	Izrahite		a	Jamlech	60		
Iphideiah	61	6	Izri	62	a	Janoah	60	а	į
•		1							

	_	-			_			_
Janum	60	a١	Jehoahaz	53		Jesaiah	66	a
Japheth		8	Jehoahaz		a	Jeshaiah		a
Japhia		ь	Jehoash		a	Jeshaiah		a
Japhlet		6	Jehohanan		a	Jeshanah		a
Japhleti	61	ь			a	Jesharelah		a
		ь	Jehoiachin		- 1	Jeshebeab	64	b
Japho	61 61	a	Jehoiachin		b		66	а
Jarah			Jehoiada		a	Jesher	00	и
Jareb	62	ь	Jehoiada	56	b	Jeshimoth, see Beth-	21	b
Jared		a	Jehoiakim	55	a	jeshimoth)		
Jaresiah	61	a	Jehoiarib	55	а	Jeshishai	65	b
Jarha	63	b	Jehonadab	55	а	Jeshohaiah	65	а
Jarib	63	b	Jehoram	55	b	Jeshua	65	ь
Jarkon, see Me-jarkon	75	ь	Jehoshabeath	55	ь	Jeshurun	66	a
Jarmuth	64	а	Jehoshaphat	55	b	Jesimiel	64	b
Jaroah	63	а	Jehoshaphat	57	b	Jesse	65	b
Jashen	65	b	Jehosheba	55	b	Jesse	10	\boldsymbol{a}
Jashobeam	65	a	Jehoshua	55	b	Jesui	65	a
Jashub	65	\boldsymbol{a}	Jehovah	53	b	Jesuites	65	α
Jashub	65	ь	Jehovah-jireh	54	b	Jesurun	66	a
Jashub, see Shear-)			Jehovah-nissi	54	ъ	Jether	66	b
Jashub	118	а	Jehovah-shalom	55	a	Jetheth	66	b
Jashubi-lehem	65	\boldsymbol{a}	Jehozabad	55	a	Jethlah	66	a
Jashubites	65	а	Jehozadak	55	ь	Jethro	66	b
Jasiel	61	ь	Jehu	53	а	Jethro	66	b
Jathniel	66	b	Jehubbah	41	a	Jetur	59	a
Jattir	66	a	Jehuchal	55	а	Jeuel	60	b
Javan	56	ь	Jehud	53	а	Jeush	60	b
Jazer	60	ь	Jehudi	53	а	Jeush	60	b
Jaziz	58	а	Jehush	60	ь	Jeuz	60	b
Jearim, see Kirjath-		_	Jeiel	60	b	Jew	53	и
jearim	112	a	Jeiel	60	ь	Jewry	53	a
Jeaterai	51	a	Jekabzeel	62	а	Jews	53	a
Jeberechiah	51	ь	Jekameam	62	ь	"Jews' language"	53	a
Jebus	51	а	Jekamiah	62	а	Jezaniah	58	а
Jebusite	51	а	Jekuthiel	62	а	Jezaniah	58	a
Jecholiah	59	b	Jemimah	59	ь	Jezebel	9	b
Jecoliah	59	b	Jemuel	59	ь	Jezer	62	a
Jecoliah	59	b	Jephthah	61	ь	Jezerites	62	a
Jeconiah	59	a		61	ь	Jeziah	57	ь
Jeconiah	59	ь		63	b	Jeziel	57	b
Jeconiah	59	b		63	ь	Jezliah	58	a
Jedaiah	52	b		63	b	Jezoar	107	a
Jedaiah	52	b		64	a		58	a
Jedeiah	58	a		64	. a		58	a
Jediael	52			64		Jezreelitess	58	a
Jedidah	52			64	a		51	ь
Jedidiah	52			64		Jidlaph	52	b
Jeduthun	52	a	Jeribai	63	ь		60	a
Jeduthun	52	b	Jericho	63	ь	Jimnites	60	a
Jeezer	9	b	Jericho	64	a	Jiphtah	61	ь
Jeezerites	9	b	Jeriel	63	b	Jiphthah-el	61	ь
Jegar Sahadutha	52	а	Jerijah	63	ь	Joab	56	а
Jehadijah	52	b	Jerimoth	64	а	Joab, see Ataroth, the		_
Jehaleel	56	а	Jerioth	64	а	house of	94	a
Jehezekel	58	ь	Jeroboam	62	ъ	Joah	56	а
Jehiah	58	b	Jeroham	63	ь	Joash	56	a
Jehiel	58	ь	Jerubbaal	62	b	Joash	57	
Jehiel	58	ь	Jerubbesheth	62	ь	Job	9	
Jehiel	60	ъ	Jeruel	63	a	Job	56	
Jehiel	60	b	Jerusalem	63	a	Jobab	56	
Jehieli	58	b	Jerusalem	63	b	Jochebed	56	ь
Jehoadah	55	a	Jerusha	63	a	Joed	57	a
Jehoaddan	55	ъ	Jerushah	63	a	Joel	56	a
Jehoaddan	55	b	Jesaiah	65	ь	Joelah		a
		•	1		,	1	•	

								_
Joezer	57	a	Kallai			Kohathites	110	a
Jogbethah	51	h	Kanah	111	h		110	
Jogli	51	b	Kareah	iii			111	ь
Joha	56	ь	Karkaa	112			111	ь
Johanan	55	a	Karkor	112	ъ	Korathites	111	ъ
Johanan	56	b	Karnaim, see Ash-)		-		110	ь
Joiada	56	ь	taroth Karnaim.	101	a		111	ъ
Joiakim	56	ь	Kartah	112	ь		111	ь
Joiarib	56	ь	Kartan	112	ь	Koz	37	ь
Jokdeam	62	a	Kattath	110	b	Koz	110	
	57	a	Kazin, see Ittah-kazin		ь		110	
Jokim	62	b	Kedar	110	a	- Labinatani		-
Jokmeam	62	b		109	b	Laadah	72	а
Jokneam	62	b	Kedemoth		ь	Laadan	72	
Jokshan	62	a	Kedesh		a	Laban	70	
Joktan	62	b	Kehalathah		a	Lachish	72	
Joktheel					b	Lael	70	
Jonadab	56	b	Keilah Kelaiah	111	a	Lahad	71	
Jonadab	55	a		111	ъ	" Lahai-roi, the well" .	19	
Jonah	57	а	Kelita	111	ь	Lahmam	71	b
Jonathan	57	а	Kemuel		-	Lahmi	71	b
Jonathan	55	a	Kenan	111	a		71	b
Joppa	61	b	Kenath	111	b	Laish Laish	71	ь
Jorah	57	b	Kenaz	111	b	Lakum	72	
Jorai	57	b	Kenezite	111	ь		72	
Joram	57	b	Kenite	111	a	Lamech	53	
Joram	55	b	Kenite	111	а	"language, Jews""	72	
Jordan	63	а	Kenizzites	111	ь	Lapidoth	72	
Jorkeam	64	a	and the same of th	112	a	Lasha		b
Josedech	55	b	Kerioth	112	a	Leah	70	
Joseph	57	a	Keros	111	a	Lebanah	70	
Joseph	55	b	Keturah	110	b	Lebanah		
Joshah	57	b	Kezia	111	ь	Lebanon	70	
Joshaphat	57	b	"Keziz, the valley of"	98	a	Lebaoth	70	U
Joshaviah	57	ь	Kibroth-hattaavah	109	b	Lebaoth, see Beth-le-	22	a
Joshbekashah	65	a	Kibzaim	109	b	_ baoth		,
Joshua	55	ь	Kidron	110	a	Lebonah	70	
Josiah	50	ь	Kinah	111	ь	Lecah		b
Josiah	50	ъ	" king's dale, the"	98	a	Lehabim		a
Josiah	50	ъ	Kir	111	a	Lehi	71	b
Josibiah	57	b	Kir-haraseth	111	a		114	ь
Josiphiah	57	а	Kir-hareseth	111	a	Lemuel		a
Jotbah	59	а	Kir-haresh	111	а	Leshem		a
Jotbath	59	a	Kir-heres	111	a	Letushim	71	b
Jotbathah	59	a	Kiriathaim	112	a	Leummim	70	þ
Jotham	57	ъ	Kiriathaim, see Sha-	119		Levi	71	b
Jozabad	56	ь	veh Kiriathaim∫	113	•	Levite	71	b
Jozachar	56	b	Kirioth	112	a	Levites	71	b
Jozadak	57	a	Kirjath-arba	112	a	Libnah		b
Jubal	56	ъ	Kirjath-arim	112	a	Libni		а
Juchal	56	ь	Kirjath-baal	112	a	Libnites		a
Judah	53	a	Kirjath-huzoth	112	a	Libya	102	
Judah	53	a		112	a	Libyans	70	
"Judah, men of"	53	a		112	a		102	
Judea	53	a	Kirjath-sepher	112	a	Likhi		a
Judith	53	a	Kirjathaim		a	Lo-ammi		b
Jushab-hesed	57	ъ	Kish	111	a	Lo-debar	70	
Juttah	56	Ď	Kishi	111	a	Lo-debar	71	
Juttah	59	a	Kishion	112	ь	Lo-ruhamah		b
		-	Kishon	111	a	Lod	71	
Kabzeel	109	ъ	Kishon	112	ъ	"Lord, the"	5	
Kadesh	110		Kithlish	70	a	"Lord, the"	53	
Kadesh-barnea	110	a	Kitron	110	ь	Lot	71	
Kadmiel	109	ъ	Kittim	70	a	Lotan	71	
Kadmonites	110			110	a	Lubim	71	a
reguliumites		-	I			•		

								_
Lubims	71		Maktesh	77	а	Meholah, see Abel- ?		_
Lud	71	ā	Malachi	77	a	meholah	3	b
Ludim	71	ā	Malcham	78	a	Meholathite	75	а
Luhith	71	ā	Malchi-shua	78	a	Mehujael	74	b.
Luz	71	a	Malchiah	77	b		75	a
	71		Malchiah	77	ь	Mehujael	73	b
Lydia						Mehuman		
Lydians	71	a	Malchiel	77	b	Mehunim	79	a
			Malchielites	77	b	Mehunims	79	a
Maachah	79	a	Malchijah	77	b	Mekonah	77	\boldsymbol{a}
Maachah, see Beth-)	22	h	Malchiram	78	a	Melah, see Tel-melah.	128	a
maachah		•	Mallothi	77	b	Melatiah	77	b
Maachathite	79	a	Malluch	77	b	Melchi-shua	78	\boldsymbol{a}
Maachathites	79	а	Mamre	78	а	Melchizedek	77	b
Maadai	78	ь	Manahath	78	а	Melech	77	b
Maadiah	79	a	"Manahethites, half)	46		Melech, see Ebed- ?	91	~
Maai	79	а	of the"	40	U	melech	91	a
Maaleh-accrabbim	79	a	" Manahethites, half			Melech, see Nathan-		
Maarath	79	b	the"	46	b	melech	87	b
Maaseiah	75	a	Manasseh	78	ь	Melech, see Regem-		
Maaseiah	79	ъ	"Manasseh, of"	78	b	melech	113	b
Maaseiah	79	ь	Manassites	78	ь	Melicu	77	ь
Maasiai	79	6	Manoah	78	a	Melicu	77	b
		ь	Maoch	79		Memphis	79	b
Maaz	79	a	Maon	79	a			a
Maaziah	79	_				Memucan	78	
Maaziah	79	a	Maonites	79	a	Memucan		
Machbanai	76	b	Mara	80	b	"men of Judah"		a
Machbenah	76	b	Marah	81	b	"men of Tyre"		а
Machi	76	b	Maralah	81	b	Menahem	78	
Machir	76	b	Maresha	80	b	Meon, see Baal-meon .	26	а
"Machir, of"	76	ь	Mareshah	81	b	Meon, see Beth-baal- }	21	a
Machnadebai	77	a	Maroth	81	b	meon		
Machpelah	71	a	Marsena	81	ь	Meon, see Beth-meon		b
Madai	73	a	Mash	82	a	Meonothai	79	a
Madmannah	73	6	Mashal	82	ь	Mephaath	74	b
Madmen	73	b	Masrekah	82	a	Mephaath		a
Madmenah	73	b	Massa	82	a	Mephibosheth	79	ь
Madon	73	a	Massah	78	b	Merab	80	ŀ
Magbish	72	b	Matred	75	b	Meraiah	81	b
Magdiel	72	ь	Matri	75	b	Meraioth	81	b
Magog	73	а	Mattan	83	b	Merari	81	b
Magor-missabib	73	а	Mattanah	83	b	Merarites	81	b
Magpiash	73	a	Mattaniah	83	b	Merathaim	81	b
Mahalaleel	73	ь	Mattaniah	83	b	"mercy, not obtained"	70	b
Mahalath	75	a	Mattathah	83	b	Mered	80	b
Mahali	75	а	Mattenai	83	b	Meremoth	81	b
Mahanaim	75	а	Mattithiah	83	b	Meres	81	b
Mahaneh-dan	75	a	Me-jarkon	75	b	Merib-baal	81	b
Maharai	73	b	Meah	72	b	Merib-baal	81	b
Mahath	75	b	Mearah	79	b	Meribah	76	a
Mahavite	74	b	Mebunnai	72	b	Merodach	80	b
Mahazioth	75	а	Mecherathite	77	а	Merodach, see Evil- \	6	a
Maher-shalal - hash- }	74	a	Medad	75	b	merodach∫		
baz		•	Medan	73	b	Merodach-baladan		b
Mahlah	75	a	Mede	73	а	Merom	81	b
Mahli	75	a	Medeba	75	b	Meron, see Shimron- (123	b
Mahlites	75	a	Medes	73	а	meron \$		
Mahlon	75	а	Media	73	а	Meronothite	81	b
Mahol	74	6	Median	73	a	Meroz	81	b
Maim, see Abel-maim.	3	ь	Megiddo	72	b	Mesha	76	b
Maim, see Misrephoth- ?	82	a	Megiddon	72	b	Mesha	76	b
maim}	0.2	-	Mehetabeel	73	b	Mesha	82	a
Makaz	80	ь	Mehetabel	73	b	Meshach	76	b
Makheloth	80	b	Mehida	75	a	Meshech	82	b
Makkedah	80	a	Mehir	75	a	Meshelemiah	82	b

			()					
Meshelemiah	82	ь	Mispereth	78	ь	Naioth	85	a
Meshezabeel	82	b	Misrephoth-maim	82	a	Naioth	86	
Meshillemith	83	ā	Mithcah	83	õ	Naomi	86	
Meshillemoth	82	b	Mithnite	83	6	Naphish	87	a
Meshobab	82	b	Mithredath	83	b	Naphtali	87	
Meshullam	82	b	Mizpah	80		Naphtuhim	87	
Meshullemeth	83	ā	Mizpeh	80		Nathan	87	ь
Mesobaite	80	ā	Mizpeh, see Ramath- \			Nathan-melech	87	b
Mesopotamia	16	b	mizpeh	114	b	Neah	86	b
Mesopotamia	16	b	Mizraim	80	a	Neariah	87	a
Metheg-ammah	83	а	Mizraim, see Abel-)		ь	Nebai	84	b
Methusael	83		mizraim			Nebai	86	а
Methuselah	83	a	Mizzah	74		Nebaioth	84	
Meunim	79	а	Moab	74		Nebajoth	84	
Mezahab	75	b	Moab, see Pahath-moab	102		Neballat	84	
Miamin	76	a	" Moab, of"	74		Nebat	84	
Mibhar	72	b	"Mosb, women of"	74	a	Nebo	84	
Mibsam	72	b	Moabite	74	a	Nebo, see Samgar-nebo	89	
Mibzar	72	b	Moabitess	74	a	Nebuchadnezzar	84	
Micah	76	a	Moabitish	74	а	Nebuchadrezzar	84	
Micah	76	a	Moadiah	74	а	Nebushasban	84	
Micah	76	a	Moladah	74 77	a	Nebuzaradan	84 86	
Micaiah	76 75	a	Molech	74	b	Necho Necho, see Pharaoh-)	80	u
Micha Michael	75	a	Molid	74	b	necho	105	a
Michaiah	76	a	Mordecai	81	a	Nedabiah	84	h
Michaiah	76	ä	Moreh	74	b	Nego, see Abed-nego	91	
Michaiah	76	a	Moresheth-gath	74		Nehelamite	85	
Michal	76	a	Moriah	Ap		Nehemiah	85	
Michmas	76	ī	Mosera	74		Nehum	85	а
Michmash	76	b	Moseroth	78	b	Nehushta	85	b
Michmethah	77	a	Moses	82	а	Nehushtan	85	ь
Michri	77	а	Moza	74	ь	Neiel	86	
Middin	73	a	Mozah	80		Nekeb	87	
Midian	73	a	Muppim	79	b	Nekodah	87	
Midianite	73	a	Mushi	74	b	Nemuel	86	
Midianite	73	b	Mushites	74	b	Nemuelites	86	
Midianites	73	Ŀ		0.0		Nepheg	87	
Migdal-el	72	b	Naam	86 86	b	Nephishesim	Ap	
Migdal-gad	72	b	Naamah	86	b	Nephishesim Nephtoah, waters of	Ap 76	
Migdol	72 73	b	Naaman	86	b	Nephusim	87	
Migron	76	a	Naamites	86	b	Nephusim	87	
Mikloth	80	ö	Naarah	86	Ď	Ner	87	
Mikneiah	80	b	Naarai	87	a	Nergal	87	b
Milalai	78	ă	Naaran	87	a	Nergal-sharezer	87	b
Milcah	77	b.	Naashon	85	ь	Neriah	87	ь
Milcom	78	a	Nabal	84	ь	Neriah	87	b
Millo	77	а	Naboth	84	a	Nethaneel	87	b
Miniamin	78	b	Nachon	86	a	Nethaniah	88	æ
Minni	78	b	Nadab	84	b	Nethaniah	88	æ
Minnith	78	b	Nahalal	84	b	Netophah	Аp	
Miriam	81	b	Nahaliel	85	a	Netophathite	Ap	
Mirma	81	b	Nahalol	84	b	Neziah	87	
Misgab		a	Naham	85	b	Nezib	87	
Mishael		b	Nahamani	85 85	b	Nibhaz	84 84	
Mishal		a	Nahari	85 85	6	Nibshan Nimrah	86	
Misham		a	Nahash Nahash, see Ir-nahash.	96	a	Nimrah, see Beth-)		
Mishma		a	Nahath	85	ö	nimrah	22	b
Mishpat, see En-)			Nahbi	85	a	Nimrim	86	а
mishpat	95	а	Nahor	85	a	Nimrod	86	
Mishraites	83	a	Nahshon	85	b	Nimshi	86	
Mispat			Nahum	85	а	Nineveh	86	a
•			'					

		_						
Minne		_	D-1	100		Daniel I	104	
Nisroch		ь	Palestine	103		Peulthai		
No	83	ь	Palet, see Beth-palet	23	a	Phaltiel	103	
Noadiah	85	a	Pallu	103	a	Pharaoh	105	a
Noah	85	a	Palluites	103	a	Pharaoh-hophra	105	a
Noah	86	ī	Palti	103	ь	Pharaoh-nechoh	105	
	84	ā		103	b			b
Nob		_	Paltiel			Pharez		
Nobah	84	ъ	Paltite	103	ь	Pharphar	105	ь
Nod	85	a	Parah	104	b	Pharzites	105	b
Nodab	85	a	Paran	101	b	Phaseah	104	a
Nogah	84	b	Paran, see El-paran	9	ь	Phelet, see Beth-phelet	23	a
Nohah	85	ă	Parez, see Rimmon-		_	Phichol		b
				114	b			b
Non	85	a	_ parez			Philistia	103	
Noph	87	а	Parmashta		a	Philistine	103	b
Nophah	87	a	Parnach	105	a	Philistines	103	b
"not obtained mercy"	70	ь	Parosh	105	b	Phinehas	103	a
"number, that"	78	ъ	Parshandatha	105	ь	Phurah	104	ь
	85	a	Paruah	104	b	Phut		a
Nun	00	4						
			Parvaim	104	b	Phuvah	102	
Obadiah	91	а	Pas-dammim	104	a	Pi-beseth		b
Obadiah	91	а	Pasach	104	a	Pi-hahiroth	102	ь
Obal	92	ъ	Paseah	104	a	Pildash	103	a
Obed	92	ь	Pashur	105	b	Pileha	103	h
Obed-edom	90	b	" passages, the"	91	ā	Pileser, see Tiglath-)		
					a		126	a
Obil	6	a	Pathros	106	-	pileser		
Oboth	4	а	Pathrusim		а	Pilneser, see Tilgath ·)	127	h
Ocran	96	ь	Pau	104	а	pilneser		
Oded	92	ь	Pazzez, see Beth-pazzez	23	а	Piltai	103	b
Og	92	ъ	Pedahel	101	Ъ	Pinon	103	а
Ohad	5	Ď	Pedahzur	101	ь	Piram		b
	5	ъ	Pedaiah	102	-	Pirathon		b
Ohel					a			
Omar	6	a	Pedaiah	102	a	Pirathonite		ь
Omri	98	b	Pekah	104	b	Pisgah	104	\boldsymbol{a}
On	6	a	Pekahiah	104	b	Pison	103	a
On	14	a	Pekod	104	ь	Pispah	104	a
Onam	6	a	Pelaiah	103	a	Pithom	106	
					b	Pithon	103	
Onan	6	a	Pelaiah	103				
Ono	6	а	Pelaliah	103		" place, fruitful''	69	
Ophel	99	b	Pelatiah	103	b	" places, besieged "	80	a
Ophir	6	a	Pelatiah	103	ь	"plain of the vine-?		b
Ophni	99	ь	Peleg	103	а	yards"	3	U
Ophrah	99		Pelet	103	ь	" plentiful field "	69	h
			Peleth	104	a	"Pochereth of Zebaim"	103	
Oreb	Αŗ	p.						
Oregim, see Jaare-	61	a	Pelonite	103	а	" populous"	83	
oregim	٠.	-	Peniel	104	а	Poratha	102	
Oren	17	a	Peninnah	104	\boldsymbol{a}	Potiphar	102	
Ornan	17	а	Penuel	104	а	Potiphera	102	a
Orpah	100		Peor	104	a	"preacher"	110	a
Oshea	37		Peor, see Baal-peor	26		"privily" (marg. to)		
						Townshi (marg.to)	129	a
Othni	101	b	Peor, see Beth-peor	23	а	Tormah)	100	
Othniel	101	b	Perazim, see Baal- ?	26	а	Pua	102	
Ozem	15	b	perazim		•	Puah	102	a
Oznites	7	a	Peresh	105	b	Puah	102	b
			Perez	105	ь	Puhites	102	b
Paaneah, see Zaph- ?			Perez-uzzah	105	b	Pul	102	а
	108	b	Perida	105	а	Punites	102	
nath-paaneah		,					102	
Paarai	104		Perizzites	104	b	Punon		
Padan	102	a	Persia	105	а	Put	102	
Padan-aram	102	a	Persian	105	a	Putiel	102	a
Padon	102	a	Persian	105	a			
Pagiel	101	b	Persians	105	ā	Raamah	115	a
					-	Raamiah	115	
Pahath Moab	102	b	Peruda	104	b			
Pai	104		Pethahiah	106	а	Raamses	115	
Palal	103	b	Pethor	106	а	Rabbah	113	
Palestina	103	b	Pethuel	105	b	Rabbath	115	a
						•		

								_
Rabbim, see Bath- ?	28		Reubenites	112	ь	Sansannah	90	а
rabbim	20		Reuel	115	a	Saph	90	
Rabbith	113	a	Reumah	113	а	Saphir	124	b
Rabshakeh	113	a	Rezeph	116	a	Sarah	117	
Rachal	114	a	Rezia	116	a	Sarah	117	
Rachel	114	a	Rezin	116	a	Sarai		а
Raddai	113	ь	Rezon	113	b	Saraph	117	b
Raguel	115	a	Ribai	114	а	Sa rdites	90	b
Rahab	113	b	Riblah	113	a	Sargon	90	ь
Rahab	113	b	Rimmon	114	b	Sarid	117	а
Raham	114	a	Rimmon, see En-)	0.5		Sarsechim	117	b
Rahel	114	a	rimmon	95	0	"sat in the seat, that"	64	b
Rakkath	116	a	Rimmon, see Gath-			Saul	117	b
Rakkon	116	а	rimmon	33	a	" Sea, Red "	88	b
Ram	114	a	Rimmon-parez	114	ъ	Seba	88	a
Ramah	114	b	Rinnah	115	a	Sacacah	89	a
Ramath	113	a	Riphath (marg. Di-)			Sechu	116	b
Ramath-lehi	114	b	phath)	34	ь	Segub	116	a
Ramath-mizpeh	114	b	Riphath	114	a	Seir	117	
Ramathaim-zophim	114	h	Rissah	115	a	"Seirath, unto"	Apr	
Ramathite	114	b	Rithmah	116		Sela	89	
Rameses	115	а	Rizpah	116	a	Sela-hammalekoth	89	b
Ramiah		h	Rogel, see En-rogel	95	ь	Selah	89	b
Ramoth	113	a	Rogelim	113	a	Seled		a
Ramoth	114	b	Rohgah	113	ъ	Semachiah		ь
Rapha	115	b	Romamti-ezer	113	ь	Senaah	89	
Rapha	115	b	Rosh	113		Seneh	89	
Raphu	115	ь	Ruhamah, see Lo-)			Senir	117	
Reaia	113	a	ruhamah	70	ъ	Sennacherib		b
Reaiah	113	a	Rumah	113	ъ	Senuah		b
Reba	113	a	Ruth	113	b	Senuah		ь
Rebekah	113	a		110		Seorim	117	
Rechab	114	a	Sabeans	88	a	"Sephar, to "	90	
Rechabites	114	a	Sabeans	118	a	Sepharad	90	
Rechah	114	a	Sabeans	118	a	Sepharvaim	90	
"Red sea"	88	b	Sabta	88	a	Sepharvaim	90	
Reelaiah	115	a	Sabtah	88	a	Sepharvites	90	
	113	b	Sabtechah	88	a	Sepher, see Kirjath-		
Regem	113	ь	Sacar	116	ь	sepher	112	a
Rehabiah	114		Sahadutha, see Jegar-)	110	•	Serah	117	~
Rehabiah	114	a	sahadutha	52	а	Serah, see Timnath- ?		
	114	a		121	а	serah	128	а
Rehob			Salah	118	a	Seraiah	117	~
Rehob, see Beth-rehob	23	a	Salcah	89	-	Seraiah	117	
Rehoboam	114	a	Salem	121	a	Sered	90	
Rehoboth		b	Sallai		a	Sereg	117	
Rehum	114			89	a	Seth		b
Rei	115	a	Sallu	89	a		90	
Rekem	116	a	Sallu	89	a	Sether		
Remaliah	114	b	Salma	116	b	Shaalabbin	124	
Remeth	114	b	Salmon	107	b	Shaalbim	124	
Remmon	114	b	Salmon	116	b	Shaalbonite		
Rephael		b	Salmon	116	b	Shaaph	124	
Rephah		b	" salt, city of"	96	а	Shaaraim	124	
Rephaiah	115	b	Salu	89	a	Shaashgaz	124 118	
Rephaim	115	b	Samaria	123	a	Shabbethai	118	
"Rephaim, the val-	98	a	Samaria	123	b	Shachia		
ley of"			Samaritans	123	b	Shadrach	118	
Rephaims		b	Samgar-nebo	89	b	Shage	118	v
		b	Samlah	117	a	Shahar, see Zareth-	109	b
Resen	115	а	Samson	123	b	shahar	100	_
Resheph		a	Samuel	122	a	Shaharaim	120	
Reu	115	a	Sanballat	89	ь	Shahazimah	120	
Reuben		b	Sannah, see Kirjath-	112	а	Shalem	121	
"Reuben, children of"	112	b	sannah∫	2	_	Shalim	124	a

		_						_
Shalisha	122	a	Shechem	120	ь	Shilhim	121	а
Shalisha, see Baal-)		ь	Shechem	120	ь	Shillem	121	
shalisha∫			Shechemites		ь	Shillemites		
Shallecheth	121		Shedeur		b	Shiloah	121	
Shallum			Shehariah		a	Shiloh	120	
Shallum	121 116	a	Shelah	120 121	b	Shiloh, see Taanath-	126	a
Shalmai		Ď	Shelanites		A	Shiloni	120	ь
Shalmai		b	Shelemiah		b	Shilonite	120	
Shalman	121	b	Shelemiah		ь		122	
Shalmaneser	121	b	Sheleph		b	Shimea	123	a
Shama	122	ь	Shelesh	121	ь	Shimeah		
Shamer	123	a	Shelomi	121	b	Shimeah		
Shamgar	122	a	Shelomith	121	ь	Shimeah		
Shamhuth		đ	Shelomoth		a	Shimeam		
Shamir		b	Shelumiel		b	Shimeath		
Shamir		b	8hem		a	Shimeathites		
Shamma		a	Shema		b	Shimei	123	a
Shammah		a	Shemaah	38	a	Shimei	123	
ShammaiShammoth	122	b	Shemaah	123 123	a	Shimites	123	
Shammua			Shemaiah		a			
Shamsherai		b	Shemariah	123	ь	Shimon		
Shan, see Beth-shan	23	a	Shemariah		ь	Shimrath		
	124	Ъ	Shemeber		a	Shimri		
Shaphan		a	Shemer	123	ā	Shimrith		
Shaphat		b	Shemesh, see Beth-			Shimrom	123	b
Shapher		a	shemesh	23	а	Shimron	123	b
Sharai		b	Shemesh, see En-)	95		Shimron-meron	123	
Sharar	125	b	shemesh	93	0	Shimronites		
Sharezer	125	a	Shemesh, see Ir-	96	_	Shimshai		
Sharezer, see Nergal- \	87	ъ	shemesh)	-	- 1	Shinab		
sharezer		-	Shemida	122	b	Shinar		
Sharon		a	Shemidah	122	b	Shiphi		
Sharonite	125	a	Shemidaites	122	ь		125 125	
Sharuhen		a	Shemiramoth	122	ь	Shiphrah Shiphtan		
Shashai		b	Shemuel	122	a	Shisha	124	h
Shashak		ь	Shenazar	124	a	Shishak		
Shaulites	118	a	Shenir	124	a	Shishak		
Shaveh	119	a	Shepham	124	ь	Shitrai	120	
Shaveh Kiriathaim	119	a	Shephatiah	124	ъ	Shittah, see Beth- }	22	
Shavsha	119	b	Shephatiah	124	ъ	shittah	22	а
Sheal	118	a	Shephi	124	ь	Shittim	120	
Shealtiel	118	а	Shepho	124	ъ	Shiza	120	
Shealtiel		a	Shephuphan	124	b	Shobab	119	
Shean, see Beth-shean		a	Sherah	118	а	Shobach	119	
Shear-jashub	118	a	Sherah	6	ъ	Shobai	118	
Sheariah	124	a				Shobal	119	
"shearing house"	22	b	Sherebiah	125	a	Shobek	119	
"shearing house"	22	b	Sheresh	125 125	b	ShobiShocho	118	
Sheba	118	a	Sheshai	105	b	Shochoh	116	
Sheba Sheba, see Bath-sheba	29	a	Sheshan		ь	Shoham	119	
Shebah	118	b	Sheshbazzar		ь	Shomer	119	
Shebam	116	a	Sheth		b	Shophach	119	
Shebaniah		b	Shethar		a	Shophan, see Atroth-	94	
Shebaniah		b	Shethar-boznai		a	Shophan		
	118	b	Sheva	119	a	Shua	119	
Sheber	118	b	Shibmah	116	a	Shua	119	
Shebna	118	b	"Shicron, to"	120	b	Shua, see Bath-shua	29	
Shebuel	118	a	Shihon	120	a	"Shua, daughter of "	29	
Shechaniah		b	Shihor	120	ь	Shuah	119	
Shechaniah	120	b	Shilhi	121	a	Shuah	119	0

					_			_
Shual	119	_	Suah	88	ь	Tebah	49	ъ
Shual, see Hazar-shual	47	b	Succoth	89	a	Tebaliah	50	
Shubael	119	a	Succoth-benoth	89	a	Tebeth	50	
Shuham	119	a	Suchathites	116	b	Tehaphnehes	127	
	119	-	Sukkiims	89	a	Tehinnah	127	
Shuhamites		ь	Susah, see Hazar-susah	47	b	Tekoa	128	
Shuhite	119	4		49	-	Tekoah	128	ь
"Shulamite, the"	119	b	Susanchites		a	"Tekoah, of"		ь
Shumatbites	123	b	Susi	88	b		128	
Shunamite	119	b	Susim, see Hazar-	47	b	Tekoite	128	b
Shunem	119	b	susim∫			Tel-abib	127	b
Shuni	119	ь	Syene	88	b	Tel-haresha	127	b
Shunites	119	ъ	Syria	16	ь	Tel-harsa		ь
Shupham	124	ь	Syrian	16	ь	Tel-mela		
Shuphamites	119	ь	Syrians	16	ь	Telah		b
Shuppim	124	ь	Syrians	16	ъ	Telaim		
Shur	119	ь	Syrians	114	b	Telassar		
Shushan	119	ь				Telem	50	а
Shuthalhites	126	a	Taanach	129	ь	Tema	127	а
Shuthelah	120	a	Taanath-shiloh	126	а	Teman	127	а
Sia	88	ъ	Tabhaoth	50	а	Temani	127	ь
Siaha	88	ъ	Tabbath	50	а	Temanite	127	ь
Sibbechai	88	•	Tabeal	49	ь	Temeni	127	ь
Sibmah	116	-	Tabeel	49	Ď	Tera	129	a
Sibraim	88	ā	Taberah	126	a	Teresh	129	а
Siddim	116	b	Tabor	126	a	Thahash	127	
Sidon	107	a	Tabor, see Aznoth-)		•		128	
Sidonians	107	a	tabor	7	а	Tharshish		
Sihon		ö	Tabor, see Chisloth-			Thebez	126	
	88	ь		69	\boldsymbol{a}	Tibhath	50	
Sihor	120		tabor	50	_	Tibni	126	
Silla	89	a	Tabrimmon	127				
Siloah	121	a	Tachmonite		a	Tidal		
Simeon	123	а	Tadmor	126	b	Tiglath-pileser		
"Simeon, tribe of"	123	а	Tahan	127	а	Tikvah		
Simeonites	123	a	Tahanites	127	и	Tikvath	127	
Simri	123	b	Tahapanes	127	\boldsymbol{a}	Tikvath	128	
Sin	88	ь	Tahath	127	\boldsymbol{a}	Tilgath-pilneser	127	b
Sinai	88	b	Tahpanhes	127	а	Tilon	126	b
Sinim	88	b	Tahpenes	127	\boldsymbol{a}	Tilon	127	b
Sinite	88	b	Tahtim-hodshi	42	\boldsymbol{a}	Timna		
Sion	116	b	Talmai	128	\boldsymbol{a}	Timnah	128	
Siphmoth	117	a	Talmon	50	\boldsymbol{a}	Timnah	128	
Sippai	90	\boldsymbol{a}	Tamar	128	\boldsymbol{a}	Timnath	128	а
Sirah	90	ь	Tamar, see Baal-tamar	26	b	Timnath-heres	128	а
Sirion	125	ь	Tamar, see Hazazon-	4 100		Timnath-serah	128	\boldsymbol{a}
Sirion	117	ь	tamar	47	а	Timnite	128	а
Sisamai	90	a	Tammuz	128	a	Tiphsah	A	p.
Sisera	88	b	Tanach	128	b	Tiras	127	b
Sitnah	116	ь	Tanhumeth	128	b	Tirathites	129	а
So	88	a	Taphath	50	ā	Tirhakah	129	а
Socho	116	b	Tappuah	128	b	Tirhanah		
Sochoh		b	Tappuah, see Beth-			Tiria		b
Socoh	116	b	tappuah	23	\boldsymbol{a}	Tirshatha		b
Sodi	88		Tappuah, see En-			Tirzah	129	
Sodom	88	a	tappuah	95	ь	Tishbite	129	ъ
Solomon	121	a	Tarah	129	а	Tizite		ь
		h	Taralah	128	b	Toah	126	
"son of Geber, the"	24				-	Tob	50	
"sons of Gershon"	32	b	Tarea	126	a		50	
" sons of Kore"	111	b	Tarea	127	a	Tob-adonijah	50	
Sophereth	37	b	Tarpelites	50	a	Tobiah		
Sophereth	90	b	Tarshish	129	b	Tobijah	50	
Sorek	117	b	Tartak	129	b	Tochen	127	6
Sotai	88	ь		129	b	Togarmah	126	b
"spies"	18	b	Tatnai	129	ь	Tohu	127	а

·								_
Toi	128	ь	Zaanannim	108	b	Zephi	108	b
Tola	126	ь	Zaavan	40	b	Zepho	108	b
Tolad	126	ь	Zabad	39	а	Zephon	108	b
Tolaites	126	b	Z abbai	39	b	Zephon, see Baal-	96	~
Tophel	Ap	p.	Zabbud	39	\boldsymbol{a}	zephon	26	a
Tou	128	6	Zabdi	39	a	Zephonites	108	b
"tower of Edar"	73	a	Za bdiel	39	а	Zer	109	a
"tower of the flock"	73	а	Zabud	39	а	Zeradatha	109	a
"troop, that"	29	ь	Z accai	40	\boldsymbol{a}	Zerah	40	b
Tubal	126	b	Zaccur	40	a	Zerahiah	40	b
Tubal-cain	126	b	Zachariah	40	\boldsymbol{a}	Zered	40	b
Tyre	107	a	Zachariah	40	\boldsymbol{a}	Zereda	109	\boldsymbol{a}
"Tyre, men of"	109	a	Zacher	Ap	p.	Zererath	109	b
"Tyre, of"	109	а	Zadok	106	b	Zeresh	40	b
Tyrus	107	а	Za ham	39	ь	Zereth	109	b
			Zair	108	а	Zeri	109	a
Ucal	10	b	Zalaph	108	a	Zeror	109	a
Uel	6	а	Zalmon	107	ь	Zeruah	109	a
Ulai	6	а	Zalmunna	107	ь	Zerubbabel	40	b
Ulam	6	a	Zamzummims	40	a	Zeruiah	109	a
Ulla	96	ь	Zanoah	40	b	Zetham	41	a
Ummah	96	b	Zaphnath-paaneah	108	b	Zethan	40	a
Unni	98	b	Zaphon	108	b	Zethar	41	a
Uphaz	6	b	Zarah	40	b	Zia		a
Ur	6	b	Zareathites'	109	a	Ziba	107	a b
Uri Uriah	6	b	Zared	40 109	b	Zibeon	106	a
Uriel	6	b	Zarephath	109	b	Zibiah	106	a
Urijah	6	b	Zareth-shahar	109	ь	Zichri	40	a
Uthai	92	ь	Zarhites	40	ь	Ziddim	106	ь
Uz	92		Zartanah	109	ь	Zidkijah	106	ь
Uzai	6	a	Zarthan	109	ь	Zidon	107	a
Uzal	6		Zattu	41	a	" Zidon, them of"	107	a
Uzza	92		Zaza	39	ī	Zidonians	106	b
Uzza	92		Zebadiah	39		Zidonians	107	a
Uzzah	92		Zebah	39		Ziha	107	a
Uzzah, see Perez-uzzah	105		Zebaim, see Poch-			Ziklag	107	ь
Uzzen-sherah	6	ъ	ereth of Zebaim	103	a	Zillah	107	\boldsymbol{b}
Uzzi	92	a	Zebina	39	ь	Zilpah	40	a
Uzzia	92	a	Zehoiim	106	ь	Zilthai	108	\boldsymbol{a}
Uzziah	92	ь	Zeboim	106	а	Zimmah	40	a
Uzziah	92		Zeboim	106		Zimran	40	b
Uzziel	92		Zeboim	106		Z imri	40	b
Uzzielites	92	ь	Zebudah	39		Zin	108	a
			Zebul	39		Zina	39	ь
Vajezatha	38		Zebulonite	39		Z ion	107	a
" valley of Achor"	98		Zebulun	39		Zior	107 40	b u
"valley of Berachah"		a	Zechariah	40	-	Ziph	40	
"valley of the giants"	98		Zechariah	40		Ziphah	40	
"valley of Keziz" "valley of Rephaim"	98 98		Zedad	106		Ziphims	108	
Vaniah	38		Zeeb	39		Ziphites	40	
Vashni	38		Zelah	107	a	"Ziphron, to"	40	
Vashti	38		Zelek	107		Zippiron, to	108	
"vineyards, plain of \			Zelophehad	108		Zipporah	109	
the"	3	ь	Zelzah	108		Zithri	90	
Vophsi	38	ь	Zemaraim	108		Ziz	107	ь
	-	•	Zemarite	108		Ziza	39	ь
"what he did" (marg.)	•		Zemirah	40		Zizah	39	ь
Vaheb)	38	b	Zenan	108		Zoan	108	
,,			Zephaniah	108		Zoar	106	
Zaanaim	108	а		108		Zoba	106	b
			Zephath	109		Zobah	106	b
					-			

			ZopharZophim					
ZohelethZoheth	39	b	Zophim, see Rama-	114	ь	Zur	107	a
Zoheth, see Ben-zo-	24	ь	Zorah	109	a	Zuriel	107	a
Zopha	106	b	ZoritesZuar	109	а	Zuzims	39	b

APPENDIX TO PROPER NAMES.

The following words, omitted in the List, are here supplied as an Appendix.

קבּוֹם [hinnōhm'], Hinnom; lamentation. From דְּבָּוֹם, Arabic to groan (S.).

קבּ [ze'hkher], Zacher (taken from the word in pause, כוּלָ 1 Chron. viii. 31); remembrance. Compare Appellatives.

תוֹרֶב [khōhrēhv], Horeb; dry, arid, desert, From הַרָב to be dry.

תְּבְיּתְהְ מְרָאֵׁה (mōhriy-yāh'), Moriah; chosen of God, for בְּבָּאָה יָה בְּבָּאָר יָהָ Hophal part. of יָאָה to see. Comp. Gen. xxii. 8, 14.

קְמְוֹפֶּתְי [n'tōhphāhthēe'], Netophathite; gentile noun of קַמְלָּקְתִי q.v.

קְּמֵּלְּחָת [n'tōhphāh'], Netophah ; distillation. From אָבְי to drop, distil.

עּוֹרֵב [ngōhrēhv'], Oreb; raven. Comp. Appellative עובר.

חַבְּפָּתְ [tiphsakh'], Tiphsah; passage. From חַבְּפָּ to pass over.

לְּכֶּלׁ [tōh'phel], Tophel; murmuring; from לְּבָּלְתְּ Arab. to spit out, despise, resist (S.). Or, lime, cement, from its insipidity (G.).



HEBREW PROPER NAMES.

THE following attempt at a brief Dictionary of the Proper Names found in the Old Testament, does not pretend to any originality as to the explanation. It is chiefly a compilation from the Onomasticon Simonis, and the Thesaurus and Manuale of Gesenius. The meanings given by the former are marked thus (S.), those by the latter writer (G.). It will hardly be needful to notice the use of the following abbreviations—'comp.' for 'compare;' 'cont.' for 'contraction;' 'constr.' for 'construct;' 'Heb.' for 'Hebrew,' &c. &c.—Observe, the pronunciation of the Hebrew is given immediately after the word, and then follows the name found in the English Bible.

N

אָרְבִּילִם, (avagthāh'), Abagtha, the same as אַרְבִּילַם, of doubtful derivation: great (S.); fortunate, or cunning (G.).

לבבְיל defective, and אַבבּילי אַברּבְיל Kethib, from the Aramean dialect, where אַברּבְיל takes שווי before the affix (S.), for אַבבִּיל

אָבִי [ăvee'], Abi, abbreviated from

기구현, or contracted 고환, 고환, requires special notice in relation to the Hebrew proper names, in which it is frequently found compounded with other words.

Itaffects the interpretation according as we consider it; First, as the construct of $\supset \bowtie$, not in its primitive signification of father*, but in the sense of $\supset \supseteq$ possessor, as in the Arabic and Ethiopic (Gesenius' Thesaurus). In this view of it, it will refer to the bearer of the name, as $\supset \bowtie \supseteq$ (here compounded with $\supset \bowtie$ strength,) possessor of strength, i.e. strong one.

We do not set up ourselves as arbiters of the question, yet we do use this signification generally, leaving the decision with the competent reader. But, secondly, finding the same also compounded with some proper names of women, as אַבְּיאָא, 2 Chron. ii. 24; אַבִּיאָא, ii. 18; אַבִּיאָא, 2 Chron. ii. 24; אַבִּיאָא, ii. 18; אַבִּיאָא, 2 Chron. ii. 4; we are forced sometimes to consider it in the primitive signification of father, in which case אַבְּיאָא, iii not to be taken in the common sense of its construct state, father of, but, of whom the father, or whose father (compare Simonis Onomasticon, p. 448, אַבִּיאָי, addium; Gesenius' Manuale, cujus pater exultatio); thus, אַבָּאָא, whose father [is] the Lord.

Thirdly, 'A' from TAN to will or desire, as Third will or desire of the Lord. &c.

Or, fourthly, 'אָבּ', may be considered sometimes not as a construct, but ' as a mere conjunction between the two words; comp. אָבּידוֹן (S.).

This analogy is also in a great measure connected with other compounds, as TH, A. &c., to which the reader would do well to attend.

אָרֵיאֵל [ăvee-ēhl], Abiel, father of strength, i. e. strong one (G. and S.), or, the father's strength (S.), from אָר

and \\\; but perhaps whose father [is] God. Comp. note.

지원학교환 [ăvee-āh-sāph'], Abia-saph, he [God] took away [his] father (S.); father of gathering, i.e. gatherer, collector (G.), from 그부 and 키인팅 to gather, take away.

אָבִיבֶּיִל [ăveegāh'yil], Abigail; the father's joy (S.); comp. id. and בִּיל to rejoice.

בְּיבֶל [ăveegal'], marg. Abigal, contraction of the same.

וְלֵבְיְהָן (ἄveedāhn'), Abidan; whose father He [God] judged (S.); father of the judge (G.), comp. id. and וין to judge.

"기가 [aveedāhng'], Abidah; the father's prayer, i. e. a son obtained by the father's prayer (S.); father of knowledge, i. e. wise (G.). Comp. id. and Arab. 워밋 to invoke, or Heb. 맛다 to know.

마구의 [ăviy-yāh'], Abijah; desire of the Lord (S.); whose father [is] the Lord (G.), comp. id. or 미국화 to will or desire, and 타 Jah.

אָבְּהֶׁחוֹי אֲבִּהְּוֹתוּ (ἄviy-yāh'hoo), Abijah; the same as אברה, with און more fully written of און ביי איינדער מיינדער מ

אַבְּיִרְיּהְ [ăveehooli], Abihu; whose father [is] He, i.e. God. Comp. אַן father, and אור he.

קריקהי [ăveehood'], Abihud; father of glory, comp. id. and הות i. q. הות glory, (S.).

אָבִי הֶעֶוֹרְי [ăvee-hāh-ezree'], Abiezrite, patronymic of אָבִיעָיִי which see. לְּבְּיִחְיִלְּלְּ [ŭveekhāl'yil], Abihail; the father's strength, or, father of strength, i.e. a strong one; from אַנר strength, i.e. a strong one; from בּיִל strength or valour.

기타기와 [ăveetoov'], Abitub; the father's goodness (S.); father of goodness, i.e. a good one; comp. id. and 기업 goodness.

하는 그 [ŭveetal'], Abital; the father's dew or protection; comp. id. and 한글 dew or protection, from 한글 to cover (S.).

마카크 (ŭviy-yāhm), Abijam; great*
desire (S.); father of the sea (G.);
comp. id. or 미국환 to will, and 마 sea.

לביקאל [üveemāh-ēht], Abimael; father of fatness; comp. id. Arab. מאל to be fat (S.). According to others, Mael, the name of an Arabian nation.

אַבּימֶלֶה [ăveemeh'lekh], Abimelech; father of the king, or whose father [is] king; comp. id. and אָבֶּי king.

בְּרֵלְעַם [ăveenōh'ngam], Abinoam; the father's pleasantness; comp. id. and מַט pleasantness.

אָבְיבּיְ [ăveenēhr'], marg. Abiner; the father's light, comp. id. and אוני light (S.); but, perhaps, whose father [is] Ner. See 1 Sam.xiv.50.

* □ and ? preceded by (τ) and (1) has been considered by philologers as a formative, signifying augmentation and intensity; comp. Sim. Onomast. p. 357.

קְּבְיּלְּאָלְי, Ebiasaph; contracted from אָבִיאָּק, q. v.

אָבְישָׁוָן [ăvee-ngēh'zer], Abiezer; the father's help, or father of help; comp. אַן and אָנֶי help.

וְלְּבִי עֵּלְבְיֹן [ăvee-ngalvōhń], Abialbon; the father's strength, or father of strength; comp.id.and עַלְבוֹן strength.

"Abiram; the lifted up or high father, or father of exaltation, or the father's exaltation; comp. id. and ㅁᄀ as a participle or noun of 의거 to be high.

קב [ăveeshag'], Abishag; the father's delight or error; comp. id. and שָׁבַנ to delight one's self (S.), or to err (G.).

בְּישׁרִע [äveeshoo'ang], Abishua; the father's or father of deliverance, comp. id. and שַׁלְּעָּ for שַׁרְעָּי, help.

בישְׁרּכ [ăveeshoor'], Abishur; the father's wall, comp. id. and שור wall.

'שְׁלֵישִׁ', Abishai; the father's present; comp. id. and שֵׁ gift, present.

בּישׁלְוֹם [ăveeshāhlōhm'], Abishalom; the father's, or father of peace; comp.id. and שִּׁלוֹם peace.

אריין, Abiathar; whose father was left, i.e. after his mother's death (S.); the father of abundance (G.), or the father's abundance; comp. id. and יוֹרָי to be left.

קְבֶּלְ [āhvēhl'], Abel (different from הָּבֶּל Abel, the son of Adam);
mourning, the name of a place, from

the comparison with Gen.l. 11; but, from the Arabic, moist, watered, a meadow (S.) and (G.).

אָבֶל בֵּירוֹ פַּצְּבְּךְ [āhvēhť bēhth-magnāthāh'], Abel-beth-maachah ; meadow of, i. e. near בַּירוּ פַי

בּקְלֹיהֵ (ahvēhl' hashshitteem'), Abel-Shittim; meadow of acacia trees, the name of a place.

קבל פֿרָמִים [āhvēhl-k'rāhmeem'], marg. Abel of the vineyards, from בּיָם a vineyard, id.

אָבֶל מְחוֹלֶה [āhvēhť m'khōlāh'], Abel-meholah; meadow of dancing; חוֹל from לים to dance.

קבל מִים [āhvēhľ mah'yim], Abelmaim; meadow of water.

בּבְלּ מִצְּרֵים [āhvēhl mitsrah'yim], Abel-Mizraim; marg. mourning of, others, meadow of the Egyptians.

하다 기계 [eh'ven hāh-ch'ze], the stone Ezel; marg that sheweth the way; stone of departure (S.); from 가장 to go away.

וֹחַל [eh'ven hazzōhkheh'-leth], the stone of Zohehleth, i. e. smooth; יְחַל Chaldee, to shine (S).

also קּבֶּן הָמְנֵּר also הُאָבֶן הָעְנֵּר hāh-ngēh'zer], Eben-ezer; stone of help, from אַנוֹר to help.

תְּבְּבְּהְ [avāhnāh'], Abana; marg. Amana; Kethib, probably by permutation of the labtals, for תְּבָנָה Keri.

אָבִינֵר [avnēhr'], Abner; cont. from אָבִינֵר q. v.

YAR [ēh'vets], Abez; tin (G).

אַבְיּאָ [ivtsāhn'], Ibzan; the same as אָבִיּאָ Chaldee, labour, or great labour (S.); comp. note to הַּיִּבּאָרָיִּ

בּהְרָהַא [avrāhāhm'], Abraham; father of a great multitude, contracted from אָלְהָי father of, אַ for אַרַ great, אַרָּ father of, אַ for אַרַ great, אַרָּ from אַרְּ from אַרְּ from אַרְ from אַרָּ from אָרְ from אָרְ from אָרְ from אָרָ from

אַבְרֶם [avrāhm'], Abram : comp.

multitude (see marg.) of nations.

בְּישֵׁי [avshay'], Abishai; contracted from אָבִישׁי

בְּשְׁלְוֹם [avshāhlōhm'], Absalom; cont. from אָבִישָׁלוֹם:

רוֹק ה' [öhvöth'], Oboth; skin bottles, the name of a place where travellers used, and still are in habit, to fill their bottles (Hilleri Onomast).

Arabic \mathbb{R}^n [$\bar{a}g\bar{e}h'$], Agee; fugitive, from Arabic \mathbb{R}^n to flee (S).

과본 [ἄgāhg] and 꾸번, Agag; tall, i. q. Arabic and Persic 과路 very high (S.); Latin, gigas, a giant.

בְּבְיֵבְ [ăgāhgee'], Agagite; either a gentile or patronymic noun of the same.

기가부 [āhgoor'], Agur; collected, participial of 그런 to gather.

שְּלֵלֵים [eglah'yim], Eglaim; two borders, two lakes or pools, dual of בול from the Arabic, to set a mark (S.), or a pool (G.).

of God, i.e. great sorrow; miracle of God, from Till sorrow (S.), or from an Arabic derivation wonder (G.), and B God.

אַדַ [ădad'], Adad; by permutation, i. q. אוֹדָן:

וֹאָל [iddōh'], Iddo; affliction, sorrow, from an Arabic root הדר (S.).

בּוֹקְאֵּ [ĕdōhm], Edom; red, from בְּיִל to be red.

בּדוֹמְי [ădōhmee'], Edomite; a gentile noun of the same.

וֹקּדֹן [addōhn'], i. q. וֹקְּדִּיֹן [addōhn']

ביק [adōrah'yim], Adoraim; two habitations (S.); two chiefs or princes (G.); dual from דּלָּד לר dwell, אָד'ר אָד'ר אָד'ר magnificent, mighty, from אָד'ר

of heart, collated from the Arabic.

마루 [āhdāhm'], Adam; earth, or red, from 마취목 earth and 마루 to be red.

אָרָם for אָרָם.

וֹבְקר [admāh'], red, from בּוֹבְקר [admāh']

기가기의 [ădāhmāh'], Adamah; earth, ground; comp. Appellatives.

ظُرِرْطُر tot ظُرِطُر

ְיְבְיְלְיּ [ădāhmee'], Adami; human, from לְּבָּא man.

בְּיִבְיּם [ădummeem´], Adummim; red (rocks), plural of בְּיִבְּיִם adjective, red.

אַדֹמִית feminine of אֵדֹמִית

እርር ነው [admāhthāh'], Admatha; red, from ወጊጅ to be red.

אָבּה [addāhn'], Addan; i.q. אָבּה and אָבּה; compare also note under אָבהָים

בְּלֹילְינֶ [ἄdōhnāy'], the Lord; from אָרוֹן of the root לוּדְלֹין to judge, with דְּלֹין formative.

אָרְייָ בְּוֶּלְ [ădōhnee vēh'zek], Adoni-bezek; lord of Bezek, from אָרוֹן lord, and בָּוֹלְ the name of a city.

אַרְבֶּיהְ [ădōhniy-yāh'], Adonijah; my lord [is] Jah, contr. from אָרֹנִי and הוֹין contr. from הוֹין Jehovah.

אַדֹּלְבָּיֶּחוּר [ădōhniy-yāh'hoo], id.

וֹלְינִי בְּיֵלָה [ădōhnec-tsēh'dek], Adoni-zedek; lord of righteousness, from אוון lord, and און righteousness, comp. Appellatives.

בּוֹרְיּהָים [ădöhneekāhm], Adonikam; the Lord has risen (S.); lord of foes (G.), from אָדוֹן lord, and דְּדָּ preterite or participle of דְּדִּים to arise.

[ădōhneerāhm'], Adoniram; the Lord was exalted, or lord of exaltation, from אָדוֹלְי, lord, and בּין pret. or noun of יין to be high, lifted up.

רְאָלֵי [addāhr'], Addar; chief, comp.

בְּלְנֶרֵם [ădōhrāhm'], Adoram; contracted from אָלְנָרָם

י [edr'ngeé], Edrei; plenty of pasture; compounded of אָדְרָשִׁי amplitude, אַדְרָשִׁי to feed (S.); arm, i. q. אַדְרָשָּׁ (Shaldee (G.).

הרד [ēhood'], Ehood; id.

אַרְהַוּ [ahavāh'], Ahava; continual defluxion, from the Arabic יוֹר (S.).

אָהֶל [ōh'hel], Ohel; tent, compare Appellatives.

רָּהֶלְּיִהְ [ōhŏlāh'], Aholah; her tent, from the same.

קאָר [ōhölceāhv'], Aholiab; tent of the father, from the same, and אָן father.

קליקה [öhöleevāh'], Aholibah; my tent [is] in her, from the same, and רַּבְּי in her.

רֹהְילִי בְּתֵּהׁ [ōhŏleevāhmāh'], Aholibamah; tent of the high place, from the same and הְבָּיִר

וֹחַוֹּא [aharōhn'], Aaron; mountainous, from תוּח mountain; or, perhaps, diminutive, little mountain, with prosthetic. (It may possibly signify progenitor, from תוֹח with prosthetic; the verb is used in this sense, Gen. xlix. 26.)

God, contracted from strength, and M God.

אֹבְיל [öhveel'], Obil; an overseer of camels, collated from the Arabic (G.).

וֹבְּיָ [oozāy'], Uzai; of doubtful derivation; perhaps i.q. ערוי strong.

[oozāhl'], Uzal; progressing, from אָנַל to go, pass on.

וֹאָן [ĕvee], Evi; desire, from אָן to desire.

בּירַוּה [ĕveel-merōhdakh'], Evil-merodach; the chief [god is] merodach, collated from the Arabic (S.); if we consider מוויל as a Hebrew word, fool, we are led to suppose it as a contemptuous expression applied, instead of some previous, dignified appellation, as wise or prudent, to Merodach, the name of a Babylonish idol.

The [voluy], Ulai; pure water, from the Persian (d'Anville by Gesenius); according to the Hebrew, strength, from his with '- formative; comp. also 'ITS'

i.e. first-born, collated from the Arabic (S.); but rather strength, from the Hebrew 7, and also with the Hebrew 7, and also with the secondary meaning of first-born; comp. 1 M (Gen.xlix.3) and note under

קבור [ōhmāhr'], Omar; high, from אָבִיר, comp. אָבִיּל, height, summit (S.), eloquent (G.).

[ōhn], On; pain or strength, comp. Appellatives; as the name of an

Egyptian city; light, collated from the Egyptian (S.).

וֹבְלֹי [ōhnōh'], Ono; his strength or pain, comp. the preceding.

בּילֵשׁ [ōhnāhm'], Onam; their strength or pain, id., comp. also note to בְּילָשָּׁיּ

אֹלְכֶּן [ōhnāhn], Onan; their strength, id.

하는 Nophāhz'], Uphaz; isle of pure gold (S.), compounded of 하 i.q. ' Noph for ' 가 an island, from 미양, and 한 fine gold.

וֹפְיר [ōhpheer'], Ophir; fat, from the Arabic אוֹפְיר to be fat (S).

[oor], Ur; light, compare Appellatives.

ארּרְי [ooree'], Uri; id. or my light.

שוריאל [ooree-ehl"], Uriel; light of God, compounded of אל light, and אל God.

וֹרְיָּלְהׁ [ooriy-yāh'], Uriah; light of Jah, id. and הֹיָי

וּרִיְּדְהוּ [ooriy-yāh'hoo], Uriah; light of Jehovah, apocopate of יְרוֹנֶים:

קֹרֶלְ [ōh'rnāh'], Kethib, i. q. אָׂרֶלְ (S.).

'P!' [ĕzbay'], Ezbai; perhaps a dwarf, collated from the Persian (G.).

אָבֶן see אָזֶלּ.

Uzzen Sherah; armoury of (from]!

to arm) Sherah, see This; or from ear i.e. arch, palace.

קוֹר [aznōhth' tāhvōhr'], Aznoth-tabor; ears or heights of Tabor (Rabbi Solomon), from the same.

PIN [oznee'], Ozni; having large ears or hearing well (auritus), from IN ear.

אַזְנְיֵהְ [azan-yāh'], Azaniah; Jah gave ear, from אָלוּ to give ear, and

ጋዜጣይ [akhāhv'], Ahab; father's brother, compounded of Пዩ brother, and ጋዩ father.

ጋር $[ekh\bar{a}hv']$, Ahab; contraction of the same.

기큐디본 [akhbāhn], Ahban; brother of understanding, compounded of 다양 brother, and 기후 from 가후 to understand.

T커디엄 [ēhkhood'], Ehud; oneness, from 기다음 one.

마이지역 [akhōh'-akh], Ahoah; evidently from 미디왕, but without a suitable sense for this name; in 1 Ch. viii. 7, 지수기와 is put instead.

[ăkhōhkhee'], Ahohite; patronymic of the same.

י [äkhoomay], Ahumai; brother of water, i.e. pusillanimous, from און for און brother; comp. באן, and ים as if singular of באום water. TIN [akhāhz'], Ahaz; possessor, from TIN to lay hold of.

מְחַבּוֹ [akhzay], Ahazai; id. a great possession, with '- formative.*

[whom] Jah sustained, from the same and E.

אַרְיִייִה [ăkhaz-yāh'hoo], Ahaziah; [whom] Jehovah sustained, from the same and מוֹן בוֹייִי apocopated.

Dያቪሽ [ăkhuzzāhm'], Ahuzam; their possession, comp. ፣ርርር; or a large possession, comp. note under ወንጋል

רְאָנְתְּאָ [äkhuzzath], Ahuzzath; possession; רְב a termination found annexed to Philistine, Idumæan, and Egyptian names: as, בְּבָלָה, בְּבָלָה, בַּבְּלָּאָרָת, בּבְּלָה, בּבְּל, בּבְּלָה, בּבְּל, בּבְּלָה, בּבְּל, בּבְּלָה, בּבְּלָה, בּבְּלְה, בּבְּלְה, בּבְּלְה, בּבְּלָה, בּבְּלְה, בּבְּלְה, בּבְּלָה, בּבְּלָה, בּבְּלְה, בּבְּלְה, בּבְּל, בּבְּלְה, בּבְּלָה, בּבְּלָה, בּבְּלָה, בּבְּלָה, בּבְּלְה, בּבְּלָה, בּבְּלָה, בּבְּלָה, בּבְּלָה, בּבְּלָה, בּבְּלָה, בּבְּל, בּבְּלָה, בּבְּלָה, בּבְּלּל, בּבְּלָה, בּבְּלּל, בּבְּלָה, בּבְּלָה, בּבְּלָה, בּבְּלּל, בּבְּלָה, בּבְּלּל, בּבְּלָה, בּבְּלּל, בּבְּלָה, בּבְּלָה, בּבְּלָה, בּבְּלָה, בּבְּלָה, בּבְּלָה, בּבְּלְה, בּבְּלָה, בּבְּלְה, בּבְּלְה, בּבְּלְה, בּבְּלְה, בּבּלּה, בּבּלּל, בּבְּלּל, בּבְּלּל, בּבְּלּל, בּבְּלָה, בּבּלּל, בּבְּלָה, בּבְּלְה, בּבְּלָה, בּבְּלְּבָּל, בּבְּלְה, בּבְּלְה, בּבּלּל, בּבּבּל, בּבּלּל, בּבּלּל, בּבּבּלּל, בּבּבּלּל, בּבּבּלּל, בּבּבּלּל, בּבּבּלּל, בּבּבּלּל, בּבּבּלּל, בּבּבּל, בּבּבּלּל, בּבּבּל, בּבּבּלּל, בבּבּבּל, בבּבּבּל, בבּבּבל, בבּבּבּל, בבּבּבּל, בב

רְאָי [ēhkhee'], Ehi; a Syriac formation for אָרָן or אָרָן which see.

ገኝ [ăkhee'], Ahi; brother: comp.

마양기병 [ăkheeāhni], Ahiam; brotherhood, id. for the formative 모두, see note under 모근처, and B inserted may find some analogy in '자꾸 and 미역기후

마고마함 [ăkhiy-yāh'], Ahiah; brother, (i. e. friend) of Jah, from 다음 brother, and 타는

אַרְיָּרְהְ [ăkhiy-yāhoo'], id. from אַרְיּרָה and יוֹיְרֹי apocopated.

* This formative '- or '- has been considered by philologers as an abbreviation from Tim' Jehovah, for 'Ti (qui est), comp. Sim. Onomast. p. 350; thus 'Yill's possession of Jehovah or the Lord, hence also great possession.

(8)

[ăkheehood'], Ahihud; brother of glory, comp. אביהוד

וֹחָצֵּ [akh-yōh'], Ahio; brotherly, kinsman, i.q. Syriac אָּחָיוֹן (G.).

[ăkheekhood'], Ahihud; brother of conjunction or unity, for brother, and דתי conjunction, from To be joined, united.

בּתְישְהַ [ăkheetoov'], Ahitub; brother of goodness, from TS brother, and בורב goodness.

אַחִילְוּד [ăkheelood'], Ahilud; brother of [the one] born, for אַרוֹי ילוּד of '! to bear, participle passive.

[ăkheemohth], Ahimoth; brother of death or the brother's death, from The and The to die.

אַחִימֵלָף [äkhcemeh'lekh], Ahimelech; brother, associate, or friend of the king, from \$\text{T\$\begin{array}{c} brother, and }\text{\$\frac{1}{2}\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$king.}\$}}}{\text{\$\text{\$king.}\$}}\$

וֹבְייִכוֹן [äkheeman'], Ahiman; the brother's image, compound id. and 12 (comp. חַמְּבְּרָה) a likeness, from מרן and מין a species, kind.

עַקעץ [ăkheemang'ats], Ahimaaz; brother of wrath, compounded of the same, and YYD; according to the Arabic, wrath (G.).

וְחָרֵאָ [akhyāhn'], Ahian; i. q. יְחָאָר

[akheenāhdāhv], Ahinadab; brother of the noble, compounded of The brother, and It to be liberal.

בְּחִילְעַם [ăkheenōh'ngam], Ahinoam; brother of pleasantness, comp. id. and Dyb pleasantness.

קְּמִיסְמָן [ăkheesāhmāhkh'], Ahisamach; brother of support, compound id. and TOD to support.

[ăkhee-ngeh'zer], Ahiezer; brother of help, comp.id. and עונר help.

רוֹיָקוֹת [ăkheekāhm'], Ahikam; the brother has risen, i.e. succeeded, followed (S.); brother of the rising [one] (G.); comp. id. and □7 pret. or part. of The rise.

[ăkheerāhm'], Ahiram; brother of the high, exalted, or exaltation, comp. id. and D7 part. or subst. of to be high.

[akheerah'mee], Ahiramite; patronymic of the same.

[ăkheerang'], Ahira; brother of the evil, wicked, comp. id. and adj. evil.

בְּחִישֵׁחַר [ăkheeshah'khar], Ahishahar; brother of the morning star, comp. id. and שחל the morning star.

קישׁר [ăkheeshāhr'], Ahishar; brother of the singer (G.), or, perhaps, brother or friend of the upright, compound of the same, and "p participle of שיר to sing; or a contraction for אחי ישר

בְּחִיהְפֵּל [ăkheetōh'phel], Ahithophel; brother of insipidness, foolishness, compare id. and insipidness.

בּקׁלְבּ [akhlāhv'], Ahlab; fat, from

בְּחָלֵי [akhlay'], Ahlai; O that! would God! see אָקלּאָ Appellatives.

Nርኒፓርዝ [akhm'thăh'], Achmetha, marg. Ecbatana, or in a coffer; supposed to be compounded of በዚ i. q. Persian ak, lord, and አባር Chaldescity; thus, the lord's, i. e. the king's, city or residence: see Sim. Onomast. p. 578.

יְבְּיִים (Äkhasbay'], Ahasbai; I [the father] will confide in the Lord (S.), of הַּחְרָא future of הַחְרָּי, בּ in; ; see note to יוָרָא

[son]; comp. Appellatives.

אַחָרָה [akhrakh'], Aharah; after the brother, for אָחָרָה

לתותל (akharkhēhť), Aharhel; behind the pomarium, i.e. the space about the wall of a city (G.); compounded of חל after, and חל בתל השני בעל בין. see

שׁרֵלְשׁׁ (ἄkhashvēhrōhsh'], Ahasuerus; excellency or majesty of the prince; according to Persian שרוא excellence, and ברוש for ברוש ביותר (S.).

שֹׁחֲשׁׁרֵשׁ Kethib for the same.

י (מוֹל [ăkhashtāhree], Haahashtari; perhaps a muleteer (G.); compare מוֹל mules.

ገርዚ [āhtēhr], Ater; closed or impeded, i. e. in one's right hand, left-handed, comp. ግርዚ Appellative.

 $\Pi_{, \underline{r}}^{\underline{h}} [ay - y\bar{a}h'], Ajah; falcon, compare Appellatives.$

אַיִּלֹב [iy-yōhv'], Job; treated with

hostility, from אולינד, from אולינד, for the form of which comp.

הביל [eezēh'vel], Jezebel; no habitation; compounded of איז not, and ביל habitation.

קלי כְּלִינְ [ee-khāh-vōhd'], I-chabod (marg. where is the glory?); no glory, i.e. inglorious.

וֹלְילְיוֹ [ay-yāh-lōhn'], Ajalon; (cervinus) of a stag (G.); but, perhaps, diminutive, a little stag, comp. אַלּלְ

בּילוֹן [ēhlōhn'], Elon; an oak, or terebinth, comp. אֵיל Appellative.

אֵילְוֹח [ēhlōhth'], Eloth; oaks, or terebinths, pl. of אַילָה

בּילְם [ēhleem'], Elim; id.plural of

אֵיל פָּאתְן [c̄hl-pāhrāhn'], El-paran; the oak or terebinth of Paran; see also אָילָּאָרָן.

אֵילֶת [ēhlath'], Elath, for אֵילֶת, comp. אֵילֶת; i.q. pl. אַילֶת.

פְּיִם [ēhmeem'], Emims; terrors from אָנִם [ēhmeem']

אָלֶעֶהֶר [ee-ngēh'zer], Jeezer; contracted from אָבֶר עָהָר

אִיעֵוֹרֶי [ee-ngezree'], Jeezrite; contracted from אָבִי הָעָוֹרִי.

רשׁיבְשֶׁר [eesh-böh'sheth], Ish-bosheth; man of shame, compounded of שיש man, and רשׁים shame, from שוֹם to be ashamed. אילטקולד [eesh-hōhd'], Ishhod; man of glory, compounded of id. and דוֹר glory.

man of Tob; שׁילּשׁרְמּוֹר (eesh-töhv'),Ish-tob; margman of Tob; שׁיא is here commonly received as an Appellative, compare

ישָׁי [eeshay'], Ishai; for שׁיִי with prosthetic.

ነገኘ [eethay], Ithai; although this word may easily be explained by ጥና Chaldee, there is, and `= the termination for `¬, comp. ነጣይ, yet since this name is elsewhere always written ነጋይ it is more likely to signify the same when written fully.

is a God, or God [is] with me, either for אַרְאָרְאָרְאָרְאָרָ Chaldee, there is, or for אָרָאָר with me, from אַרָּאָר (compare the preceding), compounded with אַרָּר God.

ነም [eethāhn'], Ethan; constant, never-failing, (perennis), or strong; comp. Appellatives.

TEM [akkad], Accad; band, from the Arabic TEM, comp. the Chaldee

בּוֹיִב [akhzeev'], Achzib; lying, failing; comp. בְּוֹיִב to lie.

שׁבְּישׁ [āh-kheesh'], Achish; feared, reverenced, from the Arabic (S.).

אָבֶּל [ookkāhl], Ucal; I shall prevail, for אָבָל fut. from לָל to prevail.

קְּשֶׂיִלְיּאָ [akhshāhph'], Achshaph; bewitching, comp. אַנַייִּ

אָלֶה [ēhlāh'], Elah; for אָלָה q.v.

קיאל [ēhl-ĕlōhēh-yis-rāh-ēhl'], El-elohe-Israel; marg. God the God of Israel.

בית־אַל [ēhl-bēhth-ēhl], Elbeth-el; marg. the God of Bethel, comp. אֵל בֵּיח־אָל

לְּדָּד [eldāhd'], Eldad; contracted for אַלְיִדָּד a.v.

רְּיִלְיִים [eldāh-ngāh], Eldaah; [whom] God has called, from אל God, and Arabic און to call (S.).

איל [ēhlāh'], Elah; an oak or terebinth, for איל from איל or איל or איל to be strong.

אַלְוֹן [allōhn'], Allon; an oak, from to be strong.

וֹלְלְּוֹן [ēhlōhn'], Elon; id. from אָלְּוֹן or אָיל to be strong.

בְּכְרָּתְ בֶּכְרָּתְ [allōhn bāh-khooth'], Allon-bachuth; oak of weeping, בָּכָרּת from בְּכָדּת to weep.

i [āh-loosh'], Alush; a troop or company, from לולש kneud, make compact.

קליה [elzāhbāhd'], Elzabad; [whom] God has given, from אָל God, and בּוֹלְ to present.

기구기 등 [elkhāhnāhn'], Elhanan; [whom] God has favoured, or graciously given, compounded of id. and 같고 to favour or give graciously.

אַלְיאָב [ĕlee-āhv'], Eliab; [to whom] God was a father, from אַל God, and אַן father.

לְיִּמְל [člee-ēhl'], Eliel: [to whom] God [was] God.

הְרְיִּיאָׁ [člceāhˈthāh], Eliathah; [to whom] God came, compounded of id. and און to come (G.), great lamentation, from און to lament, with intensitive (S.), which the accent on the penultimate confirms.

הליקד [ĕleedāhd'], Elidad; [whom] God loved, compounded id. and דְּדָּ preterite of זו to love.

שְלֵיהְעָ (el-yāhdāhng'), Eliada; [whom] God knew, compounded of id. and און to know.

지하는 $[\bar{a}, \bar{b}, \bar{b}, [\bar{c}h-liy-y\bar{a}h'], Elijah; [whose] God [is] Jah, compounded of id. and 다. Jah.$

קרו [ēh-liy-yāh'hoo], Elijah; compounded of id. and יחוד apocopated.

אָלִיהְוּא & אַלִיהְוּ [ĕleehoo'], Elihu; [whose] God he is, compounded of id. and הוא he.

בּלְיְדּוֹעְינְ [ĕl-y'hōh-ngēh-nay], Elihoenai; unto Jehovah [are] mine eyes, comp. אל to, דור Jehovah, צינַי mine eyes, from יצִינָי

אָלְיוֹעֵיבְי [el-yōh-ngēh-nay'], Elio-enai; contracted from the same.

id. אֶלְיוֹעֶכֵיְ id.

אַלְתְּיִבְּּל [el-yakh-bāh'], Eliahba; [whom] God will hide, i.e. protect, compounded of אֵלְתָהָ God, and future of to hide.

[to whom] God [is] recompense, compounded of the same, and אול from the Arabic, to recompense (S.).

קלְלֶלֶלֶ [ĕleemeh'lekh], Elimelech; [to whom] God [is] king, compounded of id. and לְּלֵלֶלְ king.

키워크 (el-yāhsāph'), Eliasaph; [whom] God added, compounded of id. and 키안 to add.

אָלִיעְזֵּר [člee-ngeh'zer], Eliezer; [to whom] God [is] help, compounded of id and אָנָי help.

אֶלִיתִיכִי [ĕlee-ngēh-nay'], Elienai ; contr. of אֶלִיְהוֹעֵיכִיּיּ

בים [člee-ngāhm'], Eliam; God's people, compounded of id. and מם people.

וּלֵיקֵל [ĕleephaz'], Eliphaz; [to whom] God [is] exultation (S.), compounded of id, and אַ from יָּבָּי to leap nimbly.

קליפֶּל (ëleephāhť], Eliphal; [whom] God has judged, compounded of id. and קלל from קלל to judge.

וווי (נובר הוויים ביים ביים (נובר הוויים) ווויים (נובר הוויים) leh; God shall distinguish him, for אָלִיפָלָתה פָּלָת Hiphil future, from פָּלָת to be separate.

שׁלֶיכֶּלֶּא [ĕleepheh'let], Eliphelet; [to whom] God [is] deliverance, compounded of שֵׁלֶם from מַלְבָּי to escape. קליצור; [elee-tsoor'], Elizur; [whose] God [is] a rock, compounded of id. and און a rock.

וְבְּילְנְיּבְּלְן [člee-tsāhphāhn'], Elizaphan; [whom] God has hidden, protected, compounded of id. and יְבִינְ to hide.

ארָקׁיִהְ Elika; God's congregation, compounded of id. and ጣቪ, contr.from አጣ፫ Chaldee, to congregate.

אַלְיְקְיֹקְיּ [el-yāhkeem'], Eliakim; [whom] God shall establish, compounded of id. and יְקִיים Hiphil future, from יְקִיים to arise.

ד פוני אין (Elee-sheh' vang), Elisheba; God's oath; [to whom] God [is] the oath, i.e. who swears by, worships God (G.), compounded of id. and

אלישה בולישה [čleeshāh'], Elishah; of doubtful derivation: a tight band (S.), from an Arabic root: comp. also אלים a troop, from the same root, or the Hebrew לילים to make compact, knead.

נולישְׁרְּצָּ [ĕleeshooʻang], Elishua; to whom God [is] salvation, compounded of id. and שורע for שורע salvation, from שוניים בישורע ישורע ישורע ישורע ישורע און ישורע ישורע

בישְיבּי (el-yāhsheev'), Eliashib; [whom] God shall restore, compounded of id. and שנה Hiphil future of שנה לישיב Hiphil future of to return.

אָרְיִּשְׁהֵוּ [ĕleeshāhmāhng'], Elishama; [whom] God has heard, compounded of id. and אַרָּי to hear.

אַלִישֶׁע [ĕleeshāhng'], Elisha; to whom God [is] salvation, for אָלִי יָשַׁע

בּוֹשְׁלִישְׁ [ëleeshāhphāht], Elishaphat; [whom] God has judged, compounded of id. and מָלִי to judge.

הְּלְּהְוּהְ ¡ Eliyy-yāh'thāh], Eliathah; i.q. הְּלִיאָרָהְ (G.); great lamentation, from לְּלִי לְּנְלְי לְּנָלְי to lament, with הווער (S.), of which הווער q.v. is the less regular form.

קלמוֹדֶן [almōhdāhd'], Almodad; immeasurable, immense, from אַל not, and אַדָּים to measure.

קּלְּפֶּלְלָּהְ [allammeh'lekh], Alamelech; oak of the king, compounded of אָלָהוּ, q. קְלָה an oak, and קְלָה king (G.).

אַלֹנְי [ēhlōhnee'], Elonite; patronymic from אָלוֹוּ

בְּעַכְי [elnah'ngam], Elnaam; [to whom] God [is] pleasantness, delight, compounded of אָל God, and בַּעַב pleasantness.

וֹתְלְבְּׁתְוֹ [elnāhthāhn'], Elnathan; [whom] God has given, compounded of id. and וְלֵבְּעוֹ to give.

ֶּלֶּכְּׁלֶ [ēllāhsāhr'], Ellasar; of uncertain derivation.

קּילִקּל [el-ngāhd], Elad; [whom] God has acknowledged, compounded of God, and אָל from פֿרָר testify.

ገጊያ ነ [el-ngāhdāh'], Eladah; [whom] God adorned, compounded of id. and ገርያ to adorn.

ביל [el-ngoozay], Eluzai; God [is] my strength, compounded of id. and אין i.q. אויי strength or praise; compare also note to אוויי

קלְּעָזְרְ [el-ngāhzāhr'], Elazar; [whom] God has helped, compounded of id. and אַנְי to help.

אָלְעָלְהְּ & אֶלְעָלְהְּ & אֶלְעָלְהְּ (el-ngāhlēh'), Elealeh, towards the ascent; compounded of אָלָה to, אָטָ and קעל an ascent; comp. the Arabic איל, and Hebrew על to go up (S.).

רְּשִׁישִׁי [el-ngāhsāh'], Elasah; God has done [it], compounded of אָל God, and רוֹשִׁי to do, make.

אָלָה [$\bar{e}h'leph$], Eleph; thousand; compare Appellatives.

אָלְפֶּלֶשׁ [elpeh'let], Elipalet ; contraction of אָלִיפָּלָשׁ

אָלְפַּעַל [elpah'ngal], Elpaal; God's work or reward, compounded of אָל God, and צָּעַל ; compare אָצָּיּ

וְאָלִּצְּקָן [el-tsāhphāhn'], Elzaphan; contraction of אָלִיצְפָּן

בּיקְרְהְרֵי [elkāhnāh], Elkanah; [whom] God hath taken into possession, compounded of אָלָה God, and קָּרָד to buy, take into possession.

ֶּלֶּלְקְשִׁי [elkōshee'], Elkoshite; gentile noun from אֶלְלְשׁי

קיְתּוֹלְן (eltöhlaď), Eltolad; God's generation, compounded of אל God, and הוֹלְדָח i. q. הוֹלְדָה a generation, from ליני to bear.

Nin | Eltekeh; to which God [is the object of] fear, compounded of id. and Nin fear, from the Arabic (S).

id. אֶלְתָּקִח

וֹלְּיִלְּיוֹלְוֹ [el-t'kōhn'], Eltekon; to which God [is] the foundation, compounded of id. and וְלִילוֹן; compare

The [ammāh'], Ammah; cubit, compare Appellatives.

기가부 [ahmōhn'], Amon; artificer, compare Appellatives.

ץ [āhmōts'], Amoz; strong, from Y으흣 to be strong.

ጉኝ [āhmee'], Ami; found once instead of ነነጋኝ, the analogy of which is obscure.

אַמִים i. q. אַמְים.

וְלְיִילְוֹן Amnon, (margin, Aminon); faithful, for אַבְּילוּ, for which some consider it to be a diminutive; root יוֹבָאָ to be firm.

디어 [ămāhm'], Amam; mother, i.q. 디어 From 디어워 obsolete.

אָמון see אָמון.

אַכְּיֶבֶּי [ămāhnāh'], Amana; constancy, from אָבֶּן to be firm, true.

אַכְּוֹן [amnōhn'], Amnon; faithful, id.

같으로 [am-tsee'], Amzi; strong, from Y으로 to be strong.

지역의 [ămats-yāh'], Amaziah; [whom] Jah has strengthened, compounded of id. and 파가

קמַצְיְרוּר [ămats-yāh hoo], id. with apocopated.

기계차 [immēhr'], Immer; word or promise, from 기가 to say.

[ĕmōhree'], Amorite; mountainous (S.).

אַרְר [imree'], Imri; word or promise, i. q. אָבֶר with the termination , from אָבָר to say.

[whom] Jah has promised, compare id. and אַנְיִרִיה

אַמֵּרְיָהוּ [ãmar-yāh'hoo], id. and

אַמְרָתֶּלְּ [amrāhphel], Amraphel; of obscure analogy; supposed to be compounded of אָבָּי word or command, אַבָּי failure, from an Arabic verb, obsolete in the Hebrew.

'주변환 [ămittay'], Amittai; truth, from 다음한 with the termination '=, (compare '건편) from 같은 to be firm.

in [ohn], On; see line

בּנוֹשׁ [ĕnōhsh'], Enos; marg. Enosh, man, compare Appellatives.

בְּחַרָה [ănāhkhărath'], Anaharath; a snorting, comp. בַּחַרָה Appellative.

שְׁנִישְׁ [ἄnee-ngāhn'], Aniam; mourning of the people, compounded of אָנָה from אָנָה to mourn, and people.

সমূপ $[\bar{a}hs\bar{a}h']$, Asa; physician, from the Chaldee সমূপ to heal.

קיר [aseer'], Assir; prisoner, compare Appellatives, from אָפָל to bind.

קְּיבְיּהָ [asnāh'], Asnah; thorn, bush, compare Chaldee מְּבְיּהָא and Hebrew בְּיבְיהָ (S).

quick or ready, compounded of DN, synonymous with the Arabic very, and DD Syriac and Arabic to hasten (S.).

niph [āhs'nath'], Asenath; beauty, according to the Ethiopic (S.).

ቫርኒኝ [āhsāhph'], Asaph; gatherer, collector, from ቫርኒኝ to gather.

ສຸກຸອຸກຸຣຸ [aspāhthāh'], Aspatha; a young horse, from the Persian (S.).

אַפִּיר see אַפְר

אַרְינוּלְאָר (ēhsar-khaddōhn'], Esar-haddon; prince of power, ווֹדֹרוֹ (probably for ווֹדֹרוֹ probably for ווֹדְרוֹ probably for ווֹדְרוֹ probably for יאַרְנוּ probably from יאַרָנוּ probably from יאַרנוּ probably from probably

[estēhr'], Esther; star, (Targum); compare sitareh Persic, ἀστὴρ, English, star (G.).

קלי [ēh-phōhd'], Ephod; the sacerdotal robe; comp. אַפּוֹל Appellative.

다음을 [ăphee'akh], Aphiah; refreshed, recreated (G.), from 다하 to blow, breath.

다음을 [appah'yim], Appaim; face or a double portion, compare 위한 from 위기환.

קְּלְּקְיקּ [ăphee'k], Aphik; strong, from אָפָּרָּ

[ephlāhl'], Ephlal; justice, from פַּלֵל to judge.

도마한크 마켓 [ehphes'-dammeem'], Ephes-dammim, margin, the coast of Dammim; ceasing of blood or bloodshed; comp. Appellatives for both.

PD의 [ăphēhk], Aphek; strong, firm, from P한다.

ווֹפְאַלְּחָה [ăphēhkāh'], Aphek, id.

double fruit (S.), double earth or ground (G.), dual of פָּרָה from קּבָּרָה to be fruitful, or comp. Appellatives.

אַּכְּרֶסְאָּ [ăphārsāh-yēh'], Apharsites, and—

אַפּרְסְכְּוָאְ [ăphars'khāh-yēh'], A-pharsachites, and—

אַפְּרַטְתְטַקְצָּא [äpharsathkhāh-yēh],
Apharsatchites, names of unknown nations; yet they also seem to have מוש Persia in their analogy.

אַרְהָיּה [ephrāhth'], Ephrath; and with הווא paragogic.

תְּחָבְיּה [ephrāk'thāh], id.; fruitfulness, fertility, from לּבְּרָם to be fruitful.

אָפְּרְחִי [ephrāhthee'], Ephrathite; or Ephraimite, gentile noun of אָפָרִים

기구부팅 [etsbōhn'], Ezbon; probably ornament (G.).

ት፟ች [āhtsēhl], Azel; in pause ት፯ት Azal; separate, distinguished, noble, comp. Appellatives, and ት፯ት from ት፯ት (S.).

אַצַּלְּחֶחּ [ătsal-yāh'hoo], Azaliah; [whom] Jehovah separated or reserved, compounded of id. and יהור for יהורוי

፲፮፟፟፟ [ōh'tsem], Ozem; strength, i.q. የጋክ Appellative.

רְצֶּהְ [ēh'tser], Ezer; treasure, from אָצָיּ to lay up.

אָרָא [ărāh'], Ara; probably i.q. lion, q. v.

קרלי [arēhlee], Areli; heroic, from ארשו lion of God; also patronymic Arelite.

בְּיֵב [ărāhv¹], Arab; lurkingplace, from אָר to lay in wait.

אַרְבָּאֵל see אַרְבָּאֵל.

וֹקרְלְיוֹת [ăroobbōhth'], Aruboth; lattices or windows, comp. רְבָּיִה Appellative.

'=' [arbee'], Arbite; see

אַרְבֵּע [arbang'], Arba; squared, well set or made (comp. Latin quadratus), i.e. giant, compare Appellative אַרַאַר four, from אַרָאַר four, from אַרָאָר four, from אַרָּאָר four, from אַרָּאָר four, from אַרְאָרָאָר four, from אָרָאָר four, from אָרָאָר four, from four, four,

argōho'], Argob; lion's den, for בְּבַר tion and den (S.); heap of stones, אַרִי בֹב to heap up stones (G.).

[ard], Ard; excellent, for אָרָרָ (S.); mushroom, i. q. Chaldee אָדָה (G.).

וֹדְרְיוֹי [ardōhn'], Ardon; from the same, זוֹ formative.

'אַרְדָּי [ardee'] Ardite; see אַרָדָי [ardee']

יקור [arvāha], Arvad; for אַרְוּרְיּ with prosthetic, a straying, i.e. a place for fugitives, from to wander (G.).

קְּדֹרְיּ [ărōhd'], Arod; perhaps i.q. דֹּדִי a wild ass (G.); but comp. also

אַרְנַד [arvāhdee'], Arvadite; see

אַרוֹדְי [ărōhdee'], Arodite; see

אַרוּמְה [ăroomāh'], Arumah; i.q. מּאַרוּמְה a high place.

אַרוֹכְּחְ [ăravnăh'], Araunah: of obscure derivation.

רוֹאָ [āhrakh'], Arah; for אָרוּה [āhrakh'], Arah; for מּבּרוּת departing (G.), comp. Appellatives.

אררי see ארי.

בְּיֵה [ar-yēh'], Arieh; lion, comp. Appellatives.

אַרִידֵי [ăreeday']. Aridai; great (S.), strong (G.), from the Persian.

אַרידָתְא [areedāhthāh'], Aridatha;

ליאל [äree-ēhl], Ariel; lion of God, compounded of אָר lion, and אָר God or strength.

In [ar-yōhkh'], Arioch; great lion, from 'N lion, and the Assyrio-Chaldean I augmentative (S.).

Collated from the Hebrew and Persian (Hiller), comp. the preceding.

¶ [ēh'rekh], Erech; length, lon-gitude, comp. Appellatives.

אַרְיּבְּנֵיאָ [ark'vāh-yēh'], Archevites; Chaldee, see the preceding.

מַרְבְּי [arkee'], Archite; see אָרָבְּי

בּקְיה [ărāhm'], Aram, Syria, Syrians; high, from יוס to be high, or id. (S.).

בית ְרְחוֹב (aram bēhth rēh-khōhv'), Syrians of Bethrehob; Syria of pair קית בית קרוב פית קרוב פית קרוב פית קרוב בית קרוב בית בית הוב

אַרַב דַּמְּשֶׂק [ăram dammeh'sek], Syrians of Damascus; Syria of בְּמָשֶׁק q. v.

קרְמֶשֶׁלוּ [ăram darmeh'sek], Syrians of Damascus (marg. Darmesek); Syria of יַרְמֶשֶׁלוּן.

אַרַפִּי [ăramee'], Syrian; see אַרָםּי

וֹאָרַמְּיָה [arammiy-yāh'], Aramitess; fem. of the same.

מַרְמִים [ärammeem'], Syrians; pl. masc. of the same.

אַרַם מַנְעָכָּה [ăram mah-ngăkhāh'], Syria-maachah; Syria of מָנָכָה q. v.

אָרְמֹלְי [armöhnee'], Armoni; belonging to the palace (Palatinus), from אַרְמוֹן a palace.

אַרם נַהַּדְיִם Aram-naharaim, Mesopotamia; Syria of the two rivers, dual of קָּהָרָם מָּהַרָּים

אָרַם צוֹלְאָ and אַרַם צוֹלְאָ [ăram tsōhvāh], Syrians

קרם צוקף [äram tsöhvāh], Syrians
of Zoba; Syria of Zoba, q.v.

Aran; wild goat, as in the Syriac.

Oren; ash or pine-tree.

Arnon; noisy.

Ornan; ash or pine-tree.

Arnan; brisk, from the Arabic.

Arpad; couch or bed.

Arphaxad; of obscure derivation.

Arza; earth.

Ararat; of obscure derivation.

Hararite.

Artaxerxes; strong or mighty king, collated with the Persian.

Asareel; God has bound.

Asrielite; patronymic from the following.

Asriel; vow of God.

Ashbel; reproof of God.

Ashbelite; patronymic of the same.

Eshban; reproof.

Ashbea; I will adjure.

Eshbaal; fire of Baal.

Ashdod; strong, fortified place.

Ashdodite.

Kethib.

Ashdodites; masculine plural of the same.

In the speech of Ashdod. Compare the preceding.

Ashur and Assyria; step.

Ashurite; gentile name.

Ashurim; plural of the same.

Ashhur; blackness.

Ashimah; lion, as a symbol of the sun, compared with the Arabic (Hiller); heaven, compared with the Persian.

Eshcol; cluster, grape, compare Appellatives.

Ashkenaz; of uncertain derivation.

Ashnah; strong, firm, mighty, from the Arabic.

Eshan; a prop, couch, or bed.

Ashpenaz; quick assistance, compounded of Syriac and Arabic, to run swiftly.

Askelon; emigration, from Syriac, to emigrate.

Eshkalonite.

Asher; happy, blessed.

Asherite.

Asarelah : upright towards God.

Eshtaol; petition, an infinitive form of Hithpael.

Eshtaulite.

Eshton; effeminate.

Eshtemoh; probably for

Eshtemon; obedience

Ethbaal; with Baal.

Ittai; with the Lord.

Etham; compared with the Egyptian it is supposed to mean end or border (terminus) of the sea.

Ethni : liberal.

Ethnan: gift or wages.

Athahreem; spies.

Beer; a well.

Beera; a well.

Beerelim; well of the mighty heroes.

Beerah.

Beeroth; wells, plural of

Beeri; (fontanus) of a spring.

Beer-lahai-roi; margin, the well of him that liveth and seeth me. Compare Gen. xvi. 14.*

Beersheba; well of oath.

Beeroth; the children of Jaakan.

Beerothite.

Bebai; desire of the Lord.

Babel, Babylon; confusion.

Babylonians; Chaldaic gentile noun of the same.

Bigvai; with exultation.

Others, the well of the life of vision,
 i.e. where after the vision of God, life has
 notwithstanding been preserved.

Note.—To complete the few remaining copies of this edition, these eight pages have been reprinted, omitting the Hebrew. Bigtha and

Bigthan and

Bigthana

Bedad; separate or separation.

Bediah; by the power of Jah.

Bedan; stout, strong.

Bidkar; son of thrusting through, i.e., he who thrusts through.

Bohan; thumb.

Buz; contempt.

Buzi or Buzite; id. or patronymic of the same.

Bavai; perhaps of Persian origin.

Bunah; understanding, prudence.

Bozez; shining, from the Arabic.

Bizjothjah; contempt of Jah.

Bezek; lightning.

Biztha; bound, namely, in a member, i.e., castrated, a eunuch, collated with the Persian.

Bahurim; youths.

Baharumite; gentile noun of the same.

Betah; confidence, security.

Beten; belly.

Betonim; pistachio nuts.

Bajith; house or temple.

Beth-aven; house of vanity.

Bethel; house of God.

Beth-arbel; house of the snares of God.

Beth-baal-meon; house or place of Baal's habitation

Beth-birei; house of my (own) making.

Beth-barah; house or place of passage.

Beth-gader; house of the wall.

Beth-gamul; house of the weaned child.

Beth-diblathaim; house of two figcakes.

Beth-dagon; house or temple of Dagon.

Beth-elite; gentile noun.

Beth-ezel; margin, a place near, house or place of the neighbourhood.

House of Gilgal; house or place of rolling.

Beth-jeshimoth; house or place of the desert.

Beth-haccerem; house or place of the vineward.

Bethlehemite.

Bethemek; house or place of the valley.

Beth-arabah; house or place of the plain or desert.

Beth-haram; house or place of Haram; house of height, high place.

Beth-haran; house or place of Haran.

Bethshittah; house of the acacia.

Beth-shemite; gentile.

Beth-hoglah; house or place of Hoglah, or partridges.

Beth-horon; house or place of the cave.

Elon-beth-hanan; house or place of Hanan or grace.

Beth-car; house of pasture or lamb.

Beth-lebaoth; house or place of lionesses.

Bethlehem; house of bread, i.e., fruitfulness.

Beth-meon: house of habitation.

Beth-maachah; house of Maachah.

Beth-marcaboth; house or place of chariots.

Beth-nimrah; house or place of clearwaters.

House of Eden, margin, Beth-eden; house or place of pleasure or loveliness.

Beth-azmaveth; house of Azmaveth.

Beth-anoth; house or place of answers, i.e., echoes.

Beth-anath; the same, or house of

Shearing-house; margin, house of shepherds binding (sheep), lit. house of the binding of the shepherds. Beth-palet; house of escape.

Beth-peor; house or temple of Peor

Beth-pazzez; house or place of dispersion.

Beth-zur; house of rock or refuge.

Beth-rehob; house or place of streets.

Beth-shean; house or place of quietness or ease.

Beth-shemesh; house or temple of the sun.

Beth-shan.

Beth-tappuah; house or place of apple-trees.

Bechorath; of primogeniture, i.e., first-born.

Bochim; weeping or weepers, i.e., place of the weepers.

Becher; first-born, a young camel.

Bocheru; he (is) the first-born, compare the preceding.

Bichri; first-born, youthful.

Bachrite; gentile noun.

Bel; commonly considered as a contraction of Baal.

Baladan; of whom Bel (is) lord, or whose lord (is) Bel, i.e., lord.

Bilgah; recreation.

Bilgai.

Bildad; son of st.ife.

Balah; probably contracted from Bilhah.

Bilhah; terror, bashfulness.

Bilhan; terror, bashful.

Belteshazzar; Bel's prince, i.e., prince whom Bel favours.

Bela; a devouring, destruction.

Belaite; gentile noun of the same.

Balaam; a devouring or destruction of the people.

Balak; empty.

Belshazzar.

Bilshan; son of tongue, i.e., eloquent.

Bimhal; in quietness, from the Arabic to do quietly.

Bamoth; high places.

Bamoth-baal; margin, high places of Baal.

Ben; son.

Ben-oni; son of my sorrow.

Ben-hadad; son, i.e., worshipper, of Hadad, a Syrian idol (Adodus).

Binnui; a building.

Benzoheth; only 1 Chron. iv. 20, probably son of Zoheth, grandson of Ishi, and not, as it would appear from our English version, brother of Zoheth.

Ben-hail; son of valour.

Ben-hanan; son of grace.

Bani; built up.

Bunni; built up.

קבּיבּיְבְּקְ [b'nēh b'rak], Bene-berak; sons of Berak, the name of a town; בְּיַלְ the same as בְּיַלְ light-ning.

לְּבְּיִה [b'nāh-yāh'], Benaiah; [whom] the Lord builded up, compounded of נְּבָּיה to build, and דּבָּי Jah.

קּבְיָּהְרּ [b'nāhyāh'hoo], id.; but more fully of יְדוֹרוּה

וְבֵּי 'בַּבְּ' (נֵיהֶלֹן b'nēh yahngākāhn'), Benejaakan; sons of Jaakan, the name of a place; וְתְצֵי he shall surround like a necklace, i.e. he shall be the glory [of his parents] by transposition, i.q. וְצַיְּ

Pippi, אָרָנְמִין [binyāh-meen'] Benjamin; son of the right hand, i.e. support of the father; or, son of days, i.e. of the father's old age, compare Gen. xxxvii. 3; compounded of זא son of, and זיים, the right hand, or plural of מון day, compare Appellatives.

once in Kethib, and בְּרִימְינְי [ben y'meenee'], Benjamite; gentile noun of the same.

בְּּכִיכְרּ [b' neenoo'], Beninu; our son (G.).

אָבְקָּה, הְּבְעָה [bin-ngāh'], Binea; i. q. בְּבָע a spring, source, from בָּבָ to spring, flow (S.).

je [ben ngammee']. Ben-ammi; son of my people, compounded of אָּ son of, and בּיִן people, with suffix.

יוֹר [b'sōhd'yāh'], Besodiah; in the counsel or secret of the Lord, יוֹר in, דוֹם counsel, דוֹן, Jah.

P# [behsay'], Besai; contempt, or

contemner, DDA or DAB to tread under foot, with formative perhaps of intensity, compare MAN.

기가구 [b'ngōhr'], Beor; torch, lamp, from 기후쿠 to burn (G.).

የጀት [bōh'ngaz], Boaz; contracted from የሃ ነጋ in him [is] strength (S.); readiness, from the Arabic, የሃጋ to be swift (G.).

[bah'ngal], Baal; lord, possessor, compare Appellatives.

בְּעֵל בִּרְית [bah-ngal b'reeth'], Baalberith; lord of covenant, compare Appellatives.

קצל בֵּל בְּיַל בֵּיב [bahngal gad], Baal-gad; lord or possessor of fortune, or Gad, the name of a divinity worshipped in that place, compare בַּיב proper name, and בַּיב Appellative.

בּעֲלֶם [bah-ngălāh'], Baalah; mistress, the name of a town, fem. of בּעָלָם

קְוֹקְי [bah-ngal hāhmōhn'], Baal-hamon; possessor of, or possessing a multitude, compare Appellatives.

קּעְלוֹרוּ [b'ngāhlōhth'], Bealoth; mistresses, fem. plural of בַּעַל

בְּעֵל זְבָוּב [bah-ngal z'voov'], Baalzebub; lord, or Baal the fly, compare Appellatives.

* Baai is the name of an idol: once (1 Chron. iv. 33) also the name of a town. In composition with other names of towns, it may have reference to the place itself in the sense of possessor or having, for the masculine בַּעָלֵה and מַנְילָה for the feminine יוֹט עָּלָה city.

기구 '보고 [bah-ngal khāhnāhn'], Baal-hanan; lord of grace, from 일다 to be gracious.

אה אוֹל (ה' ba-ngal khāhtsōhr') Baal-hazor; possessor of, i. e. having a villa, וֹצֵלִי a court, a villa (G.); compare note under

אור בעל הַרְכְּוֹן [bah-ngal khermōhr], Baal-hermon; having Hermon, i. e. situated near mount Hermon, compare

שְׁבְּיִרְיָדְעָּ [b'ngclyāhdāhng'], Beeliada; [whom] the Lord knows, compounded of אָבָיִ a Syriac form for בְּעָלִי Lord, and אַבְיַ to know.

וְשְׁלֵיְרֶה [b'ngalyāh'], Bealiah; [whom] the Lord governs (G.), from בָּעל to master, דּיִי, Jah.

בּילִיכּל [bah-ngălees], Baalis; with exultation (S.); contracted from אַ פֿילִם son of exultation (G.), נילָם to exult.

[bah-ngal m'ngōhn'], Baal-meon; Baal's habitation (S.); place of habitation (G.), compare note under אַבַּעל מְעוֹן & בַּעַל מְעוֹן & בַּעַל מְעוֹן אַבַּעל

שְׁבַּעַל פְּעְוֹר [bah-ngal p'ngōhr'], Baal-peor; lord or Baal of (mount) Peor, compare פְּעוֹר.

[bah-ngal p'rāhtseem], Baal-perazim, marg. plain of breaches; place of overthrow, defeat (G.); comp. note under בַּעַל פִּרָאָים throw, plural בַעַל

נַעל צְּפְוֹן [bah-ngal ts'phōhn'], Baal-zephon; place of Zephon, i.e. sacred to Zephon (Typhon), an idol (G.); וְצְבֵּיץ a hiding, concealment, refuge from יְבַּיִּצְייִ

המשְׁלְשֶׁר שְׁלְשֶׁר [bah-ngal shāleeshāh], Baal-shalishah; Baal of, i. e. situated in Shalishah, compare שָּלְשָׁר the name of a country.

הַשְׁלַבּ [bah-ngălath'], Baalath; mistress, the name of a town; compare בְּעַלִּבּ

בַּעֵל בְּאָר [bah-ngălath b'ēhr'], Baalath-beer; possessor of or having a well, compare note under

בּעֵל הְּבְּי Baal-tamar; possessor of or having palm-trees, compare id. and Appellatives.

בְּלֵן (S.). בְּיֹת מְעוֹן From ; contracted from (S.).

אַנְיָה [bah-ngănāh'], Baana; in answer (to prayer), i.e. obtained by prayer (S.); contracted from אָנָה son of affliction (G.), אַנָאַ for רַּאָנָה from נְּלָנְה to answer, also to suffer.

בְּעָנָהְ [bah-ngănāh'], Baanah; id.

[bah-ngărāh], Baara; for בַּעַרָּה [bah-ngărāh], Batara; for בּעַר fool (G.), compare בּעַר stupid.

קַשְּׁלֵיה [bah-ngăsēhyāh'], Baa-seiah; for דְּיָשׁהְיּה [bah-ngăsēhyāh'], Baa-seiah; for דְּיָשׁה מִיּשְׁה מִיִּשְׁה מִיּשְׁה מִיּשְׁה מִיּשְׁה מִיּשְׁה מִיּשְׁה מִיּשְׁה מִיִּשְׁה מִיּשְׁה מִיּיִים מִּיִּים מִּיְּשְׁה מִיּיִים מִּיְּשְׁה מִיּיִם מִּיִּים מִּיְּשְׁה מִיּים מִּיְּשְׁה מִיּים מִיּים מִיּים מִּיִּים מִיּים מִּיִּים מִּיְּים מִּיְּשְׁה מִיּים מִּיְּשְׁה מִיּים מִיּים מִּיְּים מִּיְּים מִיּים מִיים מִיּים מִיּים מִיים מִיים מִיים מִּיְּים מִיים מִיים מִּים מִיים מִיים מִּים מִיים מִּים מִיים מִיים מִיים מִיים מִים מִּים מִיים מִיים מִיים מִיים מִיים מִּים מִּים מִיים מִּים מִיים מִיים מִּים מִּים מִּים מִּים מִּים מִיים מִּים מִּים מִיים מִּים מִּים מִיים מִּים מִּים מִּים מִּים מִּים מִּים מִּים מִּים מִיים מִּים מִּים מִּים מִּים מִּים מִּים מִּים מִּים מִיים מִּים מְיּים מִּים מִיים מִּים מִיים מִּים מִּים מִיים מִּים מְיּים מִיּים מִּים מִּים מִּים מִיים מִּים מִיים מִּים מִיים מִּים מְיּים מִּים מְיּים מְיּים מְיּים מְיּים מְיּים מְיּים מִיים מְיּים מְיּים מְיּים מְיים מְיּים מְיּים מְיּים מְיּים מְיּים מְיּים מְיּים מְיּים מְיים מְי

স্ট্রাট্ট [bangshāh'], Baasha; wick-edness, উচ্ট্ট Chaldee, i. q. উপ্ট্রা to be evil.

בְּעֶשׁׁתְּרָהו [b'ngesht'rāh'], Beeshte-

rah; contracted for בֵּית צְשׁתְּרָה house or temple of Eshterah (Astarte), plural Ashtaroth, comp. לְצֹלוֹן (S.).

ጉ료 [bēhtsay], Bezai; white, compare Gesenius' Manuale on the root የጓ፯ to be white, and ጥርት a negg; for the formative 'compare ነቦሚ.

הַצְּלֵילְים [b'tsal-ēhl'], Bezaleel; compounded of בְּלֵילְיִל הוֹים זוֹים in the shadow of God, compare Appellatives.

בְּצִּילְ [batslooth'], Bazluth; nakedness, from פָּצֵיל i. q. פָּצֵיל to peel, hence to make bare (G.). The same person is also called:

בְּצְלְית [batsleeth'], Bazlith.

기가 등 [botskath'], Bozkhath; a tumid or high place, from 무료로 to swell.

마 등 [beh'tser], Bezer; fortification or ore, compare 기보투 to fortify, and 무병 및 gold or silver ore.

קַבְּיֵרְ [botsrāh'], Bozrah; fortification, from אַבָּי to fortify.

[bakbook'], Bakbuk; bottle, from אַרְבָּיִלְּיִם to pour or empty out.

רְּדְּרִיּ [bakbookyāh'], Bakbu-kiah; effusion, i. e. devastation of the Lord. from the same root.

קבּקְבּיק [bakbakkar], Bakbakkar; perhaps contracted from תְּקַבּק destruction of the mountain (G.), of the same root.

ጉጂ [bookkee'], Bukki; abbreviated from

לְּתְּיִהְ [bukkiyyāh'hoo], Bukkiah; devastation [come forth] from the

Lord (G.), compounded of אָ infinitive form of אָדָּבָּ to empty out, and רובוי Lord.

רְיָהְיּ [b'rāh-yāh'], Beraiah; [whom] the Lord elected (S.); whom the Lord created (G.), compounded of רְּבָּי to create, or for רְבָּי to choose, and רֹיִ Jah.

בֶּרֶדְ [beh'red], Bered; hail, i.q. בְּרָדּ Appellative.

קרוֹים [bāhrookh'], Baruch; blessed, participle passive of יוֹם to bless.

ווֹתְיבְּׁלְּוֹתְיבּׁ Kethib [birzōhth'], Birzavith; holes, wounds, from the Chaldee and Talmudic יוֹתְיבְּׁלְינִ to thrust through (G.), for which

אַרְנִית Keri [birzāh'yith], Birzavith; choice olive, compounded of בְּיִל or בְּיִלְּיִם to choose, and בַּיִל olive.

בְּרִינִלְ [barzillay], Barzillai; of iron, [ferreus], from בַּרְיָנָל iron, with the adjective ending '-

יבְּיהָעִי [barkhoomee'], Barhumite; a gentile noun, by transposition, and defective for בַּּהָרנּיִי Baharumite, compare I Chron. xi. 33.

רֵי [bēhree'], Bere; contracted from אָרָי (fontanus) of a spring (S.).

בת

בְּרֶים [bāhree'akh], Bariah; fugitive, compare Appellatives.

בּרִים [bēhreem'], Berites; gentile noun of בּרִי

ול [b'ree-ngāh'], Beriah; in evil or calamity, compare 1 Chron. vii. 23. But in this word, is generally considered radical, according to the Arabic ברע to give, hence the name here; and מוֹל יִין in the passage mentioned, is rendered gift, present.

בְּיִלְי [b'ree-ngee'], Beriite; patronymic of the same.

קרית [b'reeth'], Berith; covenant, once Jud. ix. 46, for בַּעַל בְּרִית; compare Jud. vii. 33.

[bahrakhēht], Barachel; [whom] God has blessed, compounded of יַּבְּילָּילְי to bless, and אָל God.

וֹבְּרֶכְּה [b'rāhkhāh'], Berachah; blessing, compare Appellative.

קְרָבְּלְ (behrekh·yāh'), Berechiah; [whom] the Lord blessed, contracted בּוֹדְ קְּבָּי

בֶּרֶבְיְחוּ [behrekh-yāh'hoo], Berechiah; id.

פרבע see בּרבע.

שְׁתְּלֵבְ [bēh'rang], Bera; gift, present, according to the Arabic ברע to give (S.).

P교육 [bāhrāhk'], Barak; lightning, compare Appellative.

בְּרְקוֹם [barkōhs'], Barkos; painter, contracted from א son of, and רְקוֹם

according to the Arabic, to paint with colours (G.).

בּישְׁיִי [birshāhng'], Birsha; stout man, collated with the Arabic (S.); a contraction from מַנְייָשׁיִ son of malice (G.), compare Appellatives.

" [bēhrōhthay], Berothai ; my wells, for בְּאַרוֹתְיּ and also note under בְּאַרוֹתְיּ בּאַרוֹתִי

בּרֹתְי [bēhrōthee'], Berothite; contracted from בָּאַרוֹת gentile noun of

lated with the Arabic (S.).

기가 하고 [bāhs'math'], Bashemath; smelling sweetly, from 따꾸구 i. q. Chaldee 마구 to smell sweetly.

בּעוֹן [bishlahm'], Bishlam; contracted from שָׁלִם son of peace, compare Chaldee שְׁלִם peace, also

ਪੋੜ੍ਹੇ [bāhshāhn'], Bashan; level soil, collated with the Arabic (S.).

לי (ה'thooëhi'), Bethuel; separation, or separated of God, i. e. consecrated to God, contracted from בְּרוֹא as a participle passive of the obsolete יַרְיּשׁ to separate, and God (S.).

[b'thool'], Bethul; a simple form of the same.

וֹתְיִבּי [bithyāh'], Bethiah; for היי ביי daughter, i. e. worshipper of the Lord.

[bath rabbeem'], Bath-

rabbim; daughter of many, compare Appellatives.

קתר [bithrohn'], Bithron; dissection, from בְּתַר to cut asunder.

אבּע [bath sheh'vang], Bathsheba; daughter of oath, from בּת daughter, and אבִי to swear.

אַזּע [bath shoo'ang], Bath-shua, margin Bath-sheba; id. contracted from מְשָׁכוֹעָי בַּק, compare Appellatives.

۲

하시하 [g'oo-ēhl'], Geuel; redeemed of God (S.), majesty of God (G.). Either contracted from 하차 participle passive of 가격 to redeem, and 가 God, or 가격 a Chaldee form of 지수 to be exalted.

 $\exists \lambda, \exists i \ [g\bar{o}hv], Gob; pit, as in the Chaldee, from the obsolete בַּבַּ to be hollow.$

[gabbay'], Gabbai; tax-gatherer, from the Syriac (G.).

קבׁים [gēh-veem'], Gebim; cisterns or locusts, plural of בוּב, compare Appellatives.

קבְּבְּל [g'val'], Gebal; bound, border (S.), mountain (G.); either i. q. בּבָּל a border, or collated with the Arabic.

לְבֶּל [g'vāht'], Gebal; i.q. לְבָּל (S.), mountainous (G.), compare the preceding.

[givleem'], "stone-squarers," marg. "Giblites," gentile noun of

אָבֶּלְ [geh'vang], Geba; hill, i.q. Appellative אָבִיקָּה

אָבְּעֶץ [giv-ngāh'], Gibea; id.

קלְקֶּרְ [giv-ngāh'], Gibeah; id. compare Appellatives.

זְלְּלְוֹן [giv-ngōhn'], Gibeon; belonging to a hill, i. e. built upon a hill (G.).

נְבְעוֹנְיְ [giv-ngōhnee'], Gibeonite; gentile noun of בָּבְעוֹן.

רְּצְלֵּ [giv-ngath'], Gibeath; of a hill, construct of בְּבָּעָ, compare note under בָּבָּי

קּבְילוֹת [giv-ngath hāh-ngărāh-lōhth'], "hill of the foreskins," marg. Gibeah-haaraloth, compare the preceding, and Appellative עָרָלָּד foreskin.

אָבְעָתְי [giv-ngāh-thee'], Gibeathite; gentile noun of בְּבְעָתְי

לֶבֶּר [geh'ver], Geber; man, compare Appellatives.

קק [gibbāhr'], Gibbar, margin, Gibeon; as in the Chaldee, i. q. אַבּוֹר strong, mighty.

בְּרֵרְיאֵל [gavree-ēhl'], Gabriel; man of God, compounded of בָּרָרִיאֵל man, and אֵל God.

ן (gibb'thōhn'], Gibbethon; high place, declivity, compare Chaldee קבור (G.), root בֿבָּרָ

72 [gāhd], Gad; marg. (Gen. xxx. 11.) troop or company; fortune (fortuna) (G.).

(30)

קְדְּלֵבְ [goodgōha], Gudgod; a well of much water, collated with the Arabic (S.); thunder, i.q. בְּבָּלְבָּ from the Ethiopic (G.).

קדור [g'dōhr'], Gedor; wall, compare Appellatives בָּדֶר and בָּדָר.

רָבְּ [gāhdee'], Gadee, Gadite; fortunate, from לְּבְּ fortune. Also patronymic of the same.

[gaddee'], Gaddi; fortunate, compare the preceding.

[gaddee-ēhi'], Gaddiel; troop, company, or fortune of God, compare

בְּלְּלְתְׁ [giddēht], Giddel; too great, a giant (G.), an adjective form of Piel, from בְּלֵוֹל בִּילִ

[whom] the Lord has made great, compounded of בּוֹלְיָהוּ Piel of בָּוֹל to be great, and אָיָ Jah.

וְּדֵלְיֶחוּ [g'dalyāh'-hoo], Gedaliah;

קלְּתְּי [giddaltee'], Giddalti ; [whom] I have brought up, Piel of רַבְּי to be great.

בְּדְקְיֹן [gid-ngōhn'], Gideon; cutter, from בָּדַע to cut down.

קלים [gid-ngōhm'], Gideom; a cutting down, from אָדָם to cut down.

בְּדְעֹבְי [gid-ngōhnee'], Gideoni; id.

[geh'-der], Geder; a wall, compare Appellative.

בְּדֹר & בְּדֹר [g'dōhr'], Gedor; id.

בּרֵרָה [g'dēhrāh'], Gederah; id.

קברות [g'dēhrōth'], Gederoth; walls, or sheepcotes, compare Appellative

יָּבֶרְי [$g'd\bar{e}hree'$], Gederite; gentile noun of יָּבֶרְי .

יְבְּרֵרְתְּי [g'dēhrāhthee'], Gederathite; gentile noun of יְבָּרָרָתְי

[g'dēhrēhthah'yim], Gederothaim; two sheepcotes, dual of wall or sheepcote.

⊐ia see ⊒à·

אוֹצ [gōhg], Gog; of doubtful derivation; according to Simonis, from the Arabic בננ to extend, spread out, hence אוֹצ extension.

וֹלָזְ [gōhzāhn'], Gozan; quarry, from לְּזָּל to cut stones, according to its derivative אַנָּיל hewn stone.

נְּלֶּלֶן [gōhlāhn'], Golan; exile, captivity, from לְּבֶּל to emigrate.

ירְיִב [goonee'], Guni, Gunite; form, or likeness (S.), painted with colours (G.); collated with the Syriac.

בּוּר [goor], Gur; dwelling, from to dwell for a short time, hence an inn.

בּרּר בַּעֵל (goor bah'-ngal), Gurbaal; dwelling or inn of Baal, comp. the preceding and בַּעַל

[geezōhnee'], Gizonite; gentile noun of the absolute קוֹל quarry (G), from קוֹם comp. בּוֹל hewn stone.

[] [gāhzēhz'], Gasez; shearer, from

মুই [gazzāhm'], Gazzam; devouring (G.), from চাই, of which চাই boust.

וְּלֵּכֵּר [geh'zer], Gezer; part, piece, hence, a detached, precipitous place, from יוֹבְּינ to cut, divide.

וֹדְיֹ [gizree'], Gizrite; gentile noun of the same.

וניחוי see בחוי.

미크 [gah'kham], Gaham; having large inflamed eyes (S.), collated with the Arabic.

red, having red hair (rufus) collated with the Chaldee (S.), shelter, retreat (G.), according to the Arabic.

בְּים [gee'-akh], Giah; a bursting forth, i.e. of water, from בּוּח or תַּים to burst forth.

בִּיחְוֹן [gee-khōhn'], Gihon; stream compare the preceding.

יוֹתִי & יוֹתְי [gēhkhăzee'], Gehazi; valley of vision, compounded of `h i.q. אין valley, and 'וְתַ from יוֹתָ to see.

נילק' [geelohnee'], Gilonite; gentile noun of בְּלוֹהְ

קְּבְּלְתְּ [geenath'], Ginath; form, likeness (S.), collated with the Syriac, garden, i. q. פָּלָה (G.).

קְּיִלְּשְׁן [gēh-shāhn'], Geshan; filthy, collated with the Arabic (G.).

בְּלְבְּׁעֵ [gilbōh'ăng], Gilboa; spring

of bubbling, i. e. a bubbling spring, compounded of בָּבַע spring, source, and בַּבַע from בַּבָּע or for בָבַע from נַבְּל to bubble.

קֹלֶבְּל [gilgāhl'] Gilgal; circle or לָלֵב (gilgāhl') בּּלְבָּּל to roll.

וֹלְיֹם [geelōh'], Giloh; exile, captivity, from לְּלָם to emigrate.

נְלִיל [gāhleel], Galilee; circuit, region, from בַּלֵל to roll.

[galleem'], Gallim; springs, from the same.

יַּבְלֶל [gāhlāhť], Galal; weighty, worthy (dignus) compare Appellative בְּלֶל a cause, circumstance, matter.

לְלָלֵי [geelălay'], Gilalai; stercoracious, compare בְּלָלִים dung.

קל'גְי [geelōhnee'], Gilonite; gentile noun of גלוה.

קְּלֵין [gil-ngāha'] Gilead; as the name of a person, hard, rough, collated with the Arabic (G.); as the name of a region, compare Gen. xxxi. 44, heap of witness.

גּלְעָדְי [gil-ngāhdee'], Gileadite; patronymic of the same.

בְּמַדְיִם [gammāhdeem'], Gammadims; commonly not taken as a proper name; according to the LXX φύλακες,

guards, warriors, collated with the Arabic.

בְּׁמֵל [gāhmool], Gamul; recompensed or weaned, participle passive of בְּׁלְבּוֹר

וֹבְּמִיאָנֹ [gimzōh'], Gimzo; sycamore-tree (S.), collated with the Arabic.

יבְּׁלֵל [g'mallee'], Gemalli; owner of camels, compare Appellative בְּלֵל a camel.

קְּמֵלְיאֵל [gamlee-ēhl], Gamaliel; kindness of God, from בְּמַל to show kindness, and אֶל God.

קְּבֶּיל [gōh'mer], Gomer; perfection or accomplishment, from בְּבֵיל to finish.

[whom] the Lord perfected, from the same, and אָל God.

נְמֵרְיָּחְוּ [g'mar-yāh'-hoo], Gemariah; id.

קבר [g'noovath'], Genubath; stolen, participle passive of נבבר to steal.

יְבְּקְוֹיִה [gin-n'thōhy'], Ginnetho; probably (compare margin of Neh. xii. 14) a corrupt reading for

ן [gin-n'thōhn'], Ginnethon; gardener, compare בָּבְּרוֹנוּ בְּבָּר and Chaldee בָּבְּר garden.

קר [gōh-ngāh'] Goath (better, Goah); bellowing, participle active feminine of רְּשָׁבְּ to bellow.

וְעֵל [gah'ngal], Gaal; aversion, from בְּעֵל to loath.

שַּׁלְשׁ [gah'-ngash], Gaash; a shaking, from בַּעְשׁ to shake.

בְּלְים [gah-ng'tāhm'], Gatam; their touch, אַבָּע infinitive of בָּלָים to touch, compare בַּעָר from יָבָי

בְּרָשׁ [gēhrāh'], Gera; grain, i.q. בְּרָשׁ Gerah, a Hebrew coin.

בְּרֵב [gāhrēhv'], Gareb; scabby, compare Appellative בְּבָּ scab.

"girgāhshee'], Girgashite; gentile noun of the obsolete בְּרַבָּשׁ i.q. Chaldee בְּרַבָּשׁוּף. clay, hence an inhabiter of the clay country.

ים בְּרִיץ' rizzee' or gir'zee']
Kethib: English, Gezrites, margin,
Gerzites; gentile noun of גרוו a sterile
soil (G.).

קייו, Gerizim; preceded by שות mountain of the Gerizites, compare the preceding.

קרק" [garmee'], Garmite (perhaps better, Garmi); bony, from בָּרִים a bone.

קְרֶר [g'rāhr'], Gerar; a sojourning, hence, a lodging, or an inn, from בָּרַר i.q. בור (S.).

בּרְשִׁים & בּּרְשִׁים [gēhrshōhm'], Gershom; according to Ex. ii. 22, שׁבּ בִּישׁים i. q. בְּישׁים a stranger there, but perhaps also i. q.

אַ בּרִשְׁוֹי (A בְּרִשְׁרִי shōhn'), Gershon; expulsion, banishment, from one's own country, from בּרָשׁוּ to drive out.

וֹרְשָׁלְּי [gēhr'shoonnee'], Gershonite; patronymic of the same.

קישור [g'shoor'], Geshur; bridge (G.), collated with the Arabic and Syriac.

בשרקי [g'shooree'], Geshurite; gentile noun of the same.

إِنْ اللهِ [geh'shem], Geshem; rain, compare Appellative.

[gashmoo'], Gashmu, marg. Geshem, once for שָּׁשֶׁבָּיּ

າຜູ້ຈຸ້າ [gōh'shen], Goshen; as the name of a city, coat of mail, collated with the Arabic; as the name of a country in Egypt, region of Hercules, collated with the Coptic (Jablonski by Joh. Simonis).

প্রাচ্চার [gishpāh'], Gishpa; flattery, collated with the Syriac (S.).

[gath], Gath; winepress; compare Appellative.

רְשָׁתְּיבֶּי [gath-khēh'pher], Gath-hepher; wine-press of the pit, from לְּבָּר to dig.

ּלְּאָל [gittee'], Gittite; gentile noun of אַבּי

בּקיבי [gittah'yim], Gittaim; two wine-presses, dual of בּקיבי

קָּהָ [geh'ther], Gether; dregs, sediment, collated with the Syriac (G.).

נת־יקוֹן [gath-rimmōhn'], Gath-rimmon; pomgranate-press, compare בין and בין pomegranate.

אָלְן [doh-ēhg'], Doeg; timorous, a

participial form of not to be troubled about any thing, to fear.

ידור מפי דוֹאר

קבוֹרֶה [d'vōhrāh'], Deborah; bee, comp. Appellatives.

דְּבֶּיר [d'veer'], Debir; recess, a most sacred place of a temple (Adytum); compare Appellatives.

קלְלֶּהְ [divlāh], Diblath; figcake, a round cake of dried figs pressed together, i. q בָּלָה pellative.

בּלְיֵם [divlah'yim], Diblaim; two cakes, dual of בְּלִים, probably i.q. מְבָּבִייִּ, comp. the preceding.

פית זי see יַבְלְתְוִים æית זיי

יְבְרְי [divree'], Dibri; eloquent, from אָבְּוֹי to speak, comp. אָבְּוֹי

וווי [dovrath'] and בְּלֵתְה [dāh-v'rath'], Doberath; a pasture, fem. of בְּלָת, from לְּלֵת to lead or drive cattle upon the pastures; comp. also a wilderness, properly an uncultivated country, into which cattle are driven to feed.

지뼛과 [dabbēh'sheth], Dabbasheth; a bunch or protuberance on the back of a camel, comp. Appellatives.

וְדְּלְּוֹן [dāhgōhn'], Dagon; great fish; compare רְּבָּוֹן Appellative, the syllable וְזֹ as intensitive.

ילָד, ביחס, see ידוֹים.

וְדָן [d'dāhn'], Dedan; progress, from דָן to move on.

[döhdähneem], Dodanim; gentile noun of an obsolete דָּלְיִנִים, and of obscure origin, since in 1 Chron. i. 7, בינְרָנִים is found instead.

וֹדָלִים [d'dāhneem'], Dedanim; gentile noun of וְדָלִים

הְּתְּוֹלֶ [dehāhvēh'], Kethib, אֶּיָחָלֶּ [dehāhyēh'], Keri, Dehavites; villagers, collated with the Persian (S.).

ידאר see דואר.

וֹדוֹק [dohdoh'], Dodo; his beloved, comp. יוֹד Appellative.

לדְנְחָר [dōhdāhvāh'hu], Dodavah; beloved of the Lord, compound of the same and הְוֹר abbreviated.

below. דְּוֹיד see דְּוֹר

ולין [dōhdahy'], Dodai; my love, lit. loves (amores); comp. the plural of ז'ז Appellative. The termination 'may also be here the ancient absolute plural form.

דוֹיֵב Kethib for אדֹיֵב י

קין more frequently דְּלִין (dāhveed], David; beloved, a passive form of דוָּקְיד זיִן זיִן to love, like מָשִׁית anointed, from אָסִיר , מָשָׁיִם prisoner, from אָסָיר , אָשָׁיר , אָשָׁיר , אָשָׁיר , אָשָׁיר , אָשָׁיר , אָשָׁיר , אָשָּׂיר , אָשָּׂיר , אַשָּׂיר , אַשְּׂיר , אַשְּׂיר , אַשְּׁיר , אַשְּׁיר , אַשְּׁיר , אַשְּיר , אַשְּׁיר , אָשִּׁיר , אָשִּׁיר , אַשְּׁיר , אַשְּׁיר , אָשִּׁיר , אַשְּׁיר , אַשְּׁיר , אָשִּׁיר , אָשִּׁיר , אָשִּׁיר , אַשְּׁיר , אַשְּׁיר , אַשְּׁיר , אַשְּיר , אָשִּׁיר , אַשְּׁיר , אָשִּׁיר , אַשְּׁיר , אַשְּיר , אַשְּׁיר , אַשְּׁיר , אַשְּׁיר , אַשְּׁיר , אַשְּׁיר , אַשְׁיר , אַשְּׁיר , אַשְּׁיר , אַשְּׁיר , אַשְּׁיר , אַשְּׁיר , אַשְׁיר , אַשְּׁיר , אַשְּׁיר , אַשְּׁיר , אַשְּׁיר , אַשְׁיר , אַשְּׁיר , אַשְׁיר , אַשְּׁיר , אַשְׁיר , אַשְׁיר , אַשְׁיר , אַשְּׁיר , אַשְׁיר , אַשְּׁיר , אַשְׁיר , אַשְׁיר , אַשְּיר , אַשְׁיר , אַשְּׁיר , אַשְׁיר , אַשְׁיר , אַשְׁיר , אַשְּׁיר , אַשְׁיר , אַשְּׁיר , אַשְׁיר , אַשְּׁיר , אַשְׁיר , אַשְׁיר , אַשְּׁיר , אַשְׁיר , אַשְּׁיר , אַשְׁיר , אַשְּיר , אַשְׁיר , אַשְּׁיר , אַשְּׁיר , אַשְּׁיר , אַשְּיר , אַשְׁיר , אַשְׁיר , אַשְׁיר , אַשְׁיר , אַשְׁיר , אַשְׁיר , אַשְּׁיר ,

רּקְּיִן [doomāh'], Dumah; silence, comp. Appellatives.

الْفَيْشِاء au nucommon form for فَاشَارَا الْفَيْشِاءِ au nucommon form for

רֹוֹק, הֹוֹק [dohr], Dor; a dwelling, compare Appellatives.

רְּרָהְ [doorāh'], Dura; roundness, collated with the Arabic (S.).

דיקוֹן [deevohn'], Dibon; consumption, decline, from דוֹב to waste away.

אין דְּיִלְ [dee zāhāb], Dizahab; abounding with gold, from יון i. q. יין abundance, and יון gold.

דימון [deemohn'], Dimon; silence, from דּימוֹן, stands for דּימוֹן.

דיקה [deenāh'], Dinah; judged, freed, from או דין to judge.

רְּבָּיֵאְ [deenāhyēh'], Dinaites; of doubtful signification.

תְּפְּח [deephath'], Riphath, marg. Diphath; of doubtful signification, the parallel passage Gen. x. 3, reads instead.

דישוֹן [deeshōhn'], Dishon; roebuck, comp. Appellatives

ַדִּישָׁן [deeshāhn'], Dishan ; id.

קֹרֶה [d'lāhyāh'], Delaiah; [whom] the Lord has delivered, from דָּלָה to draw up, out, and תוב Jah.

רְלָיֶהוּ [d'lāhyāh'hoo], id.

קּלִילֶּה [d'leelāh'], Delilah; languishing, longing, a passive form of to hang down, be exhausted.

רְּלְּבְּוֹ [dil-ngāhn'], Dilean'; a field of gourds, comp. Chaldee בְּלַבְּעֹת gourd.

jip? I [dalphōhn'], Dalphon; strenuous, collated with the Arabic (S.); but as the name of a son of Haman we should expect it to be of Persic origin.

דְּמְלֶח [dimnāh'], Dimnah; dunghill, compare Appellatives, דְּמָן dung, dung-hill.

기 [dammeh'sek], Damascus; activity, perhaps for trade or merchandise; collated with the Arabic (G.).

וּדָּן [dāhn], Dan; a judge, a participial noun of וְדִּין to judge, comp. Gen. xlix. 16.

דְּנָאֵל see דְּנָאֵל.

רְבָּיּל [dannāh'], Dannah; humble or low place, from the Arabic בין to be pressed down (S.).

דְּבְּקְבֶּר [dinhāh'vāh], Dinhabah; [a place] yielding oil, contracted from קבה; וְדֹהן, Chaldee, fat, Arabic oil, and חָבָּי from יַנָּי to give (S.).

רְּבְי [dāhnee'], Danite; paronymic of זְיָּ

דְּנָאֵל [dāhniy-yēhl] and דְּנָאֵל [dāhnee-ēhl], Daniel; God [is] my judge, compare דן, איל God.

וְיֵלְ [dāhn yah'-ngan], Dan-jaan; purpose or aim of Dan, עָבָה from עָבָה to answer.

דעראל [d'ngoo-ēhl], Deucl; invocation of God, i.e. obtained by intreating God, from the Arabic רָּטָדוּ to invoke (S.); but perhaps, know [ye] God; אין imperative plural of עדין, comp. רוֹיְדִוֹיִם; or known of God, i.e. cared for by God, contracted (and transposed) from אין דעראל דרוואסיים ביייים בייים ביייים בייים ביייים בייים ביייים ביייים בייים ב

마하크 [dophkāh'], Dophkah; a pushing or driving on, from P크 to push, drive on.

רְּקְלֶחְ [diklāh'], Diklah; palmtree, i. q. Chaldee אָרָהָיִי

וְהָהָ [dēh'ker], Dekar; branch, i.q. Chaldee רְּהָּקְוֹ (S.), or a piercing or thrusting through, from רְּהָן to pierce, thrust through.

기기 [dardang'], Darda; pearl of knowledge, compounded of 기 a pearl, compare Appellatives, and 외기 knowledge, from 되고 to know.

שׁלֵייִי [dāhr'yāh'vesh], Darius; collated with the Persian, we are told that this word signifies king.

דַּרְיִוֹשׁ [dar-yōhsh'], Darius; id.

דְרְכְּיְשֵׂרְ [darmeh'sek], Damascus; a Syriac orthography for בְּבָּשִׁרָן q. v.

דְרֵע [dah'rang], Dara; a contraction from דְרָדִע.

וְדִּקְקֹנוֹ [darkōhn'], Darkon; scatterer, i.e. liberal, from obsolete דָּרַק a Chaldee form, i. q. רְרַן to scatter.

וְשִׁיוֹן see דִּשְׁיוֹן.

וֹלְתְיוֹ [dōhthah'yin], Dothan; two cisterns, dual of ווֹאָד as in the Chal. a cistern.

ান [dōhthāhn'], Dothan; a contraction of the same.

ানুই [dāhthāhn'], Dathan; perhaps of a fountain, fontanus, from নির্নান cistern (G.), comp. the preceding.

הַבֶּל [heh'vel], Abel; breath, vapour, vanity, compare Appellatives.

[hēhgeh'], Hege, and [hēhqay'], Hegai; venerable, collated with the Persic (S.).

[hāhgāhr'], Hagar; fugitive, collated with the Arabic (G.).

[hagree'], Haggri, Hagerite; fugitive, compare the preceding. In the plural הַגְּרִים and הַגָּרִים Hagarites, as a gentile noun of ּהַנֶּר.

[hădad'], Hadad; fear, hence object of fear or reverence, collated with the Arabic (S.); it is besides the name of men, also the name of an Assyrian idol.

[hădad-ngeh'zer], Hadadezer; [whose] help [is] Hadad, compounded of TIT q. v. and Will help, compare Appellatives.

תַבַּרִּלְּוֹן [hădad-rimmōhn'], Hadadrimmon; the name of a place bearing the names of two Syrian idols, Hadad and Rimmon ; see קבון and חוד and .

[hohd'doo], India; contracted from הֹנְדוּ (G.) India or Indus, the river of that name; collated with the Arabic, it signifies making a humming noise (S.).

[hădōhrāhm'], Hadoram; ornament, glory, from קוֹד to adorn, honour, or as a contraction from a great ornament, compare בוח to be high.

shouting or joy, compare 77 Appellative, and note under "TIR (Hiller).

וויקים [hădassāh'], Hadassah; myrtle, compare Appellatives.

[hădar'], Hadar; ornament, glory, compare הַדוֹרָם.

הַדַרְעָזֶר [hădar-ngeh'zer], Hadarezer; glory of help, i. e. a glorious help, compare the preceding; this frequently stands for הַדַּרַעֵּוֹר q. v.

הוֹד [hōhd], Hod; glory, compare Appellatives.

הודנה Kethib for הודנה

הוֹדְנִיה [hōhdav-yāh'], Hodaviah; praise [ye] the Lord, contracted from to praise, and יְדַה Hiph. of הן Jah, compare דעראָל.

הוֹדְוְיְהוּ Keri [höhdav-yāh'hoo], Hodaviah; id.

אורייה Keri [hōhd-yāh'], Hodevah; marg. Hodiah; glory of the Lord, compare הוד and הי

וֹלְיבֵיה (hōhdiy-yāh'), Hodijah; id.

ארובינהר Kethib for הובינהר

הוֹהָם [hōh-hāhm'], Hoham ; multitude of multitude, i. e. a great multitude (Hiller); or [whom] the Lord confounded, contracted either from הַם הוֹם multitude, or from הוֹם זְהוֹי, preterite of Din to confound.

הוֹמֶם [hōhmāhm'], Homam; destruction, from □'? to confound, destroy.

דושָׁמֶע הוֹשָׁמֶע [hōhshāhmāh'], Hoshama; [hidday], Hiddai; great | [whom] the Lord has heard, answered,

for יְהוֹּשְׁמָע and Kal preterite of שָׁמַע to hear, comp. also חוֹהָם and אַ מּצוּאל

ນຸກ່າດ [hōhshēh'ang]. Hoshea; help, deliverance, infinitive noun of the Hiph. of ນຸກຸ່ງ.

הְשְׁשִׁהְיּה [hōhshangyāh'], Hoshaiah; [whom] the Lord has holpen, Hiph. preterite of שָּשָׁי, compare the preceding, and די Jah.

הוֹתְיי (hōhtheer'], Hothir; [whom] he [the Lord] has preserved, Hiph. preterite of יְתַי to remain.

ביית [hēhmāhm'], Hemam; only found once (Gen xxxvi. 22), instead of which we find in the parallel passage (1 Chron. i. 39) ביים ק. י.

וְבְּיִתְ [hēhmāhn], Heman; faithful, from יְבְּיִתְ הְּשְׁרִיתְּוֹ from faithful; a Chaldaic participle of יְבָּיִלְ to confide in, in the Hebrew, to be true, compare Dan. ii. 45, and vi. 5.

שׁהַלּוֹהוּ (hallōh-khēhsh'], Holohesh; the enchanter, participial of טָרָם to conjure, with the article דו prefixed.

קלל [hillēhl'], Hillel; praise, from הַלֵּל to shine, in Piel to praise.

וֹתְלֶּם [hēh'lem], Helem; a stroke, from יְּהָלָם to strike.

 $\Box \Box$ [$h\bar{a}hm$], Ham; multitude, compare Appellatives.

אַרְרָאַ [hamm'dāh'thāh], Hammedatha; with the article תור prefixed, doubtless of Persian, but obscure derivation; of twins (S.).

וְתַּמוֹנְהְ [hămōhnāh'], Hamonah; multitude, i.q. הְמוֹנְ comp. Appellatives.

רְבְּמֹלְבֶּרָת [hammöhleh'kheth], Hammolekheth; the queen, participial of אַבְיבָ to rule, reign, with the article די prefixed.

וְהֵיתְ [hāhmāhn'], Haman; only, alone, i. e. born alone, in contradistinction to his father, who was Hammedatha [born] of twins, collated with the Persian (S.).

אַבְּעַ [hēh'nang], Hena; a shaking, from the Hiph. of לוּעָ to shake.

지원하고 & 기본기하고 [hass'noo-āh'], Senuah; the hated, participle passive of 원구한 i.q. 원고한 to hate, with the article \sqcap prefixed.

המלפּבְית [hassōhpheh'reth], Sophereth; the scribe, viz. female scribe, participial יבי to write, with the article יו prefixed.

Y용되고 [happits-tsēhts], Aphses; the dispersion, from an obsolete Y모든 i.q. Y기로 to scatter, with the article 고 prefixed.

קרוֹבְיּלְיבִי [hats-ts'lelpūhnee], Hazelelponi; the shadow looks upon me, of אָלָי i. q. אָלָי shadow, with the article הוו אָלִיל participle of הוויף to turn, look, with suffix.

רְקְּלְץ [hakkōhts'], Koz; the thorn, compare Appellatives.

וְשְׁהְיּחֵ [hakkāhtāhn'], Hakkatan; the little or younger, comp. Appellatives.

ה'ר [hōhr], Hor; mountain, i.q. Appellative היר

אָרֶתְ [hāhrāh'], Hara; mountainous, denominative of תוֹם a mountain.

T낚기가 [hāhrōh-eh'], Haroeh; upon [whom] He [the Lord] looketh, a participle of 다양가 to see, with the article T prefixed, found only once (1 Chron. v. 5) instead of the usual 가장기 upon [whom] the Lord has looked.

[hărōhree], Harorite, marg. Harodite; only once found (1 Chron. xi. 27) instead of יְחַרֹּדְי, its signification is evidently mountaineer, but its reading very spurious.

בְּקְים [hāhrum'], Harum; high, exalted, participle passive of מָּנִים compare the preceding.

וְהָרָן [hāhrāhn'], Haran; mountainous, denominative of תוֹם mountain.

"הְרִי [hărāhree], Hararite; mountainer, denominative from הָרָד mountain; but it may in all the passages of its occurrence be taken as an Appellative.

בְּשֵׁיִתְ [hāhshēhm'], Hashem; fat, i. q. בְּשִׁיתְ fat (G.).

ກຸກຸລຸພຸກ [hash-sh'māhngāh']. Shemaah, marg. Hasmaah; report, from ກຸກຸມ່

קוֹת [hǎthāhkh'], Hatach; gift, collated with the Persian (S.); truth (Bohlen by Gesenius).

٦

in [v'dāhn], and Dan; the respective of Eze. xxvii. 19, as the name of a place, is by some considered radical and not a prefix.

Output

Description

Descri

בְּחֵי [vāhhēhv'], "What he did," marg. "Vaheb;" gift, from בְּחַי i. q. בְּחַי to give, which Clericus supposes to be the same with בְּחַיִּם gift (the name of a place). The translations as according to their translation as an Appellative, seem to have supposed an understood בְּחַי וֹשְׁאַי in the text, בִּחַי בְּאַשִּר וְאַיִּ בְּאַר (Num. xxi. 14.)

white, pure, collated with Persic (S.).

יַבְּיְהְ [van-yāh'], Vaniah; oppression, for יְבָּיְ from יְבָּי to oppress.

יְפְּפְי (vophsee'], Vophsi; my addition; סְפָּי by transposition for אָפָי to add, with a personal suffix.

עשׁרֵי [vashnee], Vashni; my gift, according to Simonis, from a collation with the Arabic, a gift, with the personal suffix.

(vashtee'], Vashti; beauty, collated with the Persic (S).

* If we read אַרְרָהָל in one word, with some MSS. found by Kimchi, this Aram. Hith. may be rendered and it happened. The Kal to give, and the Hithp. to give itself, for it happened, finds a striking analogy in the German geben to give, and fich (se) begeben to happen, Begebenheit an event.

,

Appellatives. Zeeb; wolf, compare

קר [zāhvāhd'], Zabad; gift, i. q. Appellative קבן from בּן to present.

יְבְּרֵי [zavdee'], Zabdi; my gift, from יְבֶּר with suffix, compare the preceding, unless it be an abbreviation from יְבַרְיָר, and `standing for יְבַרְיָר.*

קליאָל [zavdee-ēht'], Zabdiel; gift of God or God [is] my gift, comp. the preceding, and אול God.+

 $[z'vad-y\bar{a}h']$, Zebadiah; gift of the Lord, compare the same, and $\Pi_{i}^{*}Jah$.

קְּרְּדְּ [zāhvood'], Zabud; given, presented, participial of זָבָד to present.

בְּרָּד [zabbood'], Zabbud; id.

קברן [z'vood-dāh'], Zebudah; given, presented, participial passive form of לבן to present.

יבול only defective בול [z'voot'], Zebul; a dwelling, from בָּל to dwell.

וְבַרּלְוּן , זְבוּלְוּן [z'vooloon'], Zebulun ; id.

יַבוּלֹינְי [zevoolōhnee'], Zebulonite; gentile noun of the same.

*This would in a great measure confirm the supposition given in the note under ITIS.

†The 'between two words need not necessarily be taken as a suffix of the first, but as a mere conjunction. □⊇! [zēh'vakh], Zebah; sacrifice, compare Appellatives.

'P! [zabbay'], Zabbai; of uncertain signification, it evidently stands for 'P!; but by collation with the Arabic (S.) just (justus).

יְבוּדָה Kethib for יְבִידָה.

ובינה [z'veenāh'], Zebinah; a purchase, from זבו in the Chaldee, to buy, purchase.

יוָבוּל see יָבָל

יַבוּלוּן see יַבְלוּן.

from Di to loathe.

ביין [zoozeem], Zuzims; a gentile noun from obsolete און to move one's self. Hence according to Clericus a wandering nation.

אֹחֶהׁ [zōh-khēhth'], Zoheth; of obscure signification.

NI [zāhzāh'], Zaza; motion, life, or abundance, from III to move one's self, compare NII.

רלים [zōh-kheh'leth], Zoheleth; serpent, participle from לחל to creep, comp. the Latin serpens, from serpere.

Ni'! [zeezāh'], Ziza; motion, life or abundance, from NI, see NII. According to others splendour, from the same root to shine; comp. Appellative NI Ps. 1. 11 and Isa. lx. 11.

וֹיוֹיִן [zeezāh'], Zizah ; id.

וֹיְבֶּא [zeenāh'], Zinah ; splendour,

ornament, collated with the Arabic (S.), stands (1 Chron. xxiii. 10), for $\Pi_{i}^{(x)}$ (v. 11), comp. $\Re \mathcal{M}_{i}^{(x)}$.

וֹיִעָּ [zee'-ang], Zia; commotion, from אַ to move one's self.

אין [zeeph], Ziph; loan, from the Chaldee און to lend!

וֹיכָּת [zeephāh'], Ziphah; id.

וֹיפִים [zeepheem'], Ziphites, Ziphims; gentile noun of the same.

וֹתְייַ! [zēhthāhn'], Zethan; olivetree, from רְיִנִי olive-tree, to which ז, forms the personification like the English er, compare the English name Oliver.

거취 [zakkoor'], Zaccur: mindful or grateful, from 기구 to remember.

וְבֶּי [zakkay'], Zaccai; innocent, from לְבָּוֹ to be pure.

יבְרָי [zikhree'], Zichri; celehrated, from בּן to remember; or my memorial, comp. Appellative

קְרָיְיּיְ [z'khar-yāh'], Zechariah; [whom] the Lord remembered, from בָּנָ and הִיָּ Jah.

וְכֵּרְיְחוּ [z'khar-yāh'hoo], Zechariah; id.

pose, compare Appellatives.

[zamzoommeem'], Zam-

zummims; noisy ones, from collated with the Arabic to hum (G.).

זְמִירֶה [z'meerāh'], Zemirah ; song, וְמֵירָ to sing.

יִּלְרֵי [zimree'], Zimri; praised, from לָּבִיר to sing, praise; or my song, comp. Appellative בָּבֶּיר song, suffixed.

וֹמְיהֵי [zimrāhn'], Zimran; praised, compare the preceding.

וְיַכּוֹתְ [zāhnōh'akh], Zanoah; perhaps fen, moor, from יַבָּן to stink, be rancid (G.).

וְעָיֵן [zaħ-ngăvāhn'], Zaavan; restless, from אַזּין to move one's self.

וֹפְרְוֹן [ziphrōhń'], Ziphron; pleasant smell, collated with the Arabic (S.).

לביני [z'rubbāh'vel], Zerubbabel; sown [i. e. begotten], in Babylon, contracted for זָרַע בָּבֶל, from זָרַע to sow.

of trees, i.e. abounding with trees; collated with the Arabic (S.).

רבי [zeh'rakh], Zerah; a rising (of the son), comp. Appellatives.

[zarkhee'], Zarhite; patronymic of the same.

[z'rakh-yāh'], Zeraiah; a rising of the Lord, i. e. whom the Lord caused to shine forth; compare the preceding.

בְּיֵלֵינֵ [ze'resh], Zeresh; gold (G.), collated with the Persic.

পানু [zattoo'], Zattu; ornament (S.), collated with the Arabic.

בּהְוֹת [zēhthāhm'], Zetham; olive, probably personified by the ending בּיִר (comp. the English Oliver), from מוֹנים an olive.

וֹתֶר [zēhthar'], Zethar; perhaps i.q. יוֹתֶר a star (G.).

П

בְּבֶּר [khōhvāhv'], Hobab; beloved, from בְּבָר to love.

חֹבֵּית [khoobbāh'], Jechubbah (reading according to the כתיב; love (as a noun) from לָבָּל to love.

יקבוֹר [khāhvōhr'], Habor; joining, from הַבְּר to join.

קֹבֶּיה [khǎvay-yāh'], and הְּבָּיה [khǒvāh-yāh'], Habaiah; (whom) the Lord has hidden i. e. protected. But according to the second, passive form, the Lord has hidden or hid himself, of which latter reflexive sense, the passive forms often admit, compound of חַבְּחָ to hide, protect and דּיִ jah.

תְבְּקּוּיה [khăbakkōok'], Habakkuk; an embrace, from בְּקִי to embrace, after the form of שַׁצֵרוּר (G.),

קבֶּר and חֶבֶּר [khēh'ver], Heber;

a joining, company, compare Appellatives.

תברון [khevrōhn'], Hebron; id.

יְבְרוֹנְי [khevrōhnee'], Hebronite; patronymic of the same.

ֶתְבְּרֶי [khevree'], Heberite; patronymic of הָבֶּר .

קְּבֶּי [khāhgāhv'], Hagab; locust, comp. Appellatives.

אָבֶּבֶּא & תְּבָבֶּת [khăgāhvāh'], Hagaba; id.

יבְּת [khaggay], Haggai; festive, pleasant, from תַּלְּי for the termination בּיִּר, but, comp. note under יוָרָאּי

וֹקּי [khaggee'], Haggi; id.

רְבְּיָּהְ [khaggiy-yah'], Haggiah; feast of the Lord, comp. בתוני

רָּבְּית [khaggeeth'], Haggith; festive, pleasant, as a feminine of בָּנִי (festiva).

קּבְּלֶּהְ [khoglāh'], Hoglah; part-

וְתַרֵּך [khădad'], Hadad; sharpness from חָבֵר to be sharp.

יָדְיִר [khāhdeed'], Hadid; sharp, acutc, from the same.

יְבְילֵי [khadlay'], Hadlai; forsaken, rejected of the Lord, comp. Appellative חָבֵל, and the note under יַאָּדְיָ

רַהַּקּל [khiddehkel'], Hiddekel;

קתה [khŭdar'], Hadar; only according to some copies (Gen. 25:15), where others read יוֹחָה [Hadad], see above; which latter reading is confirmed by the parallel passage (1 Chr. 1:50).

קּיִרָּוּ [khadrāhkh'], Hadrach; roundness, round, collated with the Syriac און, with formative קונא.).

מֹדֶלֹי [khōh'desh], Hodesh; new-moon or month, comp. Appellatives.

קּבְיקָיתְ [khădāhshāh'], Hadashah, new, feminine of שֹׁקְתָ. compare Appellatives.

קּיְשִׂי [khodshee'], Hodshi; metronymic of הְדָשִׂי.

חֹבְּהׁ [khōhvāh'], Hobah; hidingplace, from קבָר to hide.

קְּיֵה [khavrah'], Eve; life, תְּיָּה from an obsolete חְיָה to live, i.q. חִיָּה from which תְּיָה life is derived, comp. תְיָה and תִיָּה and תִיָּה ...

יְּחֶׁהְ [khivvee'], Hivite; villager, from מָּהָה a village, comp. Appellatives.

[khaveelāh'], Havilah; terror fear, from הול to tremble, fear.

דורל [khool'], Hul; id.

마하기 [khoophāhm'], Hupham; prob. covering, with 다 formative from obsolete 커피 i. q. 커턴 to cover. It occurs only once (Num. 26:39) in this form for 다 다 다. v.

הּפְּמֵי [khoophāhmee'], Huphamite; patronymic of the same.

ווּהְקְּקְּ [khookāhk'], Hukak; i. q. קּקְּקִּ

ההר [khoor'], Hur; freeborn, noble, from הור i. q. אחר to be free, noble, comp. Eccl. 10:17.

-חבב see חובב

הוֹרְי more frequently הוֹרְי [khoh-ree'], Hori, Horite, freeborn, noble, from חור סור סור (compare above) as the name of a people, perhaps inhabitant of caves, compare Appellative הוֹר a hole.

והרְי [khooree'], Huri; i. q. הוּרְר from ווּרְר linen, or according to Gesenius, linendraper.

יהיקי [khooray'], Hurai; only once (1 Chr. 11:32.) for יהיי (2 Sam. 23: 30.) Prob. i.q. חורי linendraper.

בין [khoorahm'], Huram; noble or most noble, if the formative בין expresses intensity, comp.

תְּבֶּהְ [khavrāhn'], Havran; white or very white, if זְּבְ expresses intensity, from תְּבָּת to be white.

ਸ਼ਾਮਾ [khooshah'], Hushah; haste, from ਘਾਸਾ to make haste.

변해 [khooshay], Hushai; making haste, hastening, participial of 변해 to nake haste, personified by formative -.

הישים and הישים [khoosheem'], Hushim; hastening, haste, comp. the preceding.

בשׁיִח and בשִּׁיח [khooshāhm'], Husham; haste, see the preceding articles.

Havoth-jair; towns of Jair, villages of Jair, the first word signifying villages, may, in all its occurrences, be taken as an Appellative.

בּחְוֹת [khōhthāhm'], Hotham; seal-ring, comp. Appellatives.

אָלוְחָ and sometimes plene אָל [khāzāh-ēhl], Hazael; upon [whom] God has looked from אָל to see, and God.

[khăzōh'], Hazo; vision, from the same.

לְּלֵיאֵל [khazce-ōht], Haziel; seen of, i. e. looked upon by God, from יוֹם, a passive form, corresponding with Chaldee participle P'il, of יוֹם, to see, and אוֹל God.

"I'm [khazah-yah'], Hazaiah; upon [whom] the Lord has looked, from the same, and I'm Jah.

וֹיְוֹיִתְ [khez-yōhn'], Hezion; vision, from יוֹיְתְ to see, comp. Appellatives.

קייר [khēhzeer], Hezir; returned, converted, from obsolet תָּוֹר i. q. Chaldee יוֹם to return.

וְחָיִּתְ [khizkeé], Hezki; strength, from יְחַיִּתְ to be strong.

קְּיִּהְיִּה [khizkiy-yāh', Hezekiah; strength of the Lord, from the same, and תְּיִל Jah.

תְּוְרָּהְרּ [khizkhy-yāh'hoo], Hezekiah; id.

שֹׁיִשְׁיוֹ [khattoosh'], Hattush; congregated, collated with the Arabic (G.).

እሮን ኒርር [khǎteetāh'], Hatita; a digging from ኒርርር, collated with the Syriac to dig (G.).

לְיִמְיל [khatteet], Hattil; shaking, from מְשַׁל, collated with the Arabic (G.).

אָםְיִּלְּהָ [khāteephāh'], Hatipha ; seizure, captivity, from אָםְיִ to seizc.

יוֹאָל [khee-ēhl'], Hiel; an abbreviation of ייאָל q. v.

תיק [khēhlāhm'], Helam; great army, from יוֹי host, and the intensitive termination ביי (S.).

קלון [kheelēhn'], Hilen; only once (1 Chr. vi. 58). for דילון and דילון q.v.

חירה [kheerāh'], Hirah; nobility, noble origin, comp. הור

תירום [kheerāhm'] and הירום [kheerāhm'], Hiram; i. q. v. comp. the preceding, and הירום מו

תְּבִיקֶׂת [khăkheelāh'], Hachilah; obscurity, collated with the Arabic (S).

תַבַּלְּהֵה [khăkhal-yāh'], Hachaliah; hoping or hope in the Lord, contrac-

ted from הַּבְּה of הַבְּיִּך to wait with confidence, and בּיִבְי to or in Jah. But if compared with the preceding, it may signify, [whom] the Lord has troubled.

יַרְכּוֹנְי [khakhmōhnee'], Hachmonite; wise, from יַלְם to be wise.

תְּלְאֵר [khel-āh'], Helah; rust, compare Appellatives. Or perhaps ornament, necklace, i. q. יְלָתְּ pl. מְלָּיִר

בּאָלֶת [khēhlahm'], Helam; in Chethib for מִילֶם q. v.

תְּבֶּׁב [khēh'lev], Heleb; fat, fatness, comp. Appellatives.

קֹבֶּר [khelbāh'], Helbah; id.

קֹבְּוֹן [khelbōhn'], Helbon; fat.

기가 [khēh'led], Heled; only once (1 Chr. xi. 30.) instead of 그것만 (2 Sam. xxiii. 29). both of which Simonis thinks to be the same in sense, by a collation with Arabic.

קלְהָּה [khooldāh'], Huldah; wea-sel, comp. Appellative

קלְּדֶּי [khelday'], Heldai; lively, worldly, from קלָם life, world (S).

וֹלְנֹוֹן [khōhlōhn'], Holon; sandy, from הְּוֹל sand (G·).

רוֹם [khălakh'], Halah; perfection, i. q. קל by permutation of ⊃ into ⊓.

לְחַנְּל [khalkhool'], Halhul; trembling, from הול ; comp. Appellative הַלְחָנְת

תְּלֵי [khălee'], Hali; ornament, necklace, comp. Appellatives.

בְּבֶּׁם [khēh'lem], Helem; fat, from חָלָם to be fat.

וְהֶלְּוֹ [khēhlōhn'], Helon; strong, from הַלְּוֹ, comp.

אָלֶהֶ [kheh'leph], Heleph; exchange, comp. Appellative קלָם:

ץ אָרְהְ and אָרְהְרָּי [khēh'lets], Helez; deliverance, from אַרְהָרָ to draw out, in Piel, to deliver.

 \vec{r} רְלֵּקְ [$kh\bar{a}hl\bar{a}hk'$], Halak; margin smooth, comp. Appellatives. This may, perhaps, be better taken as an Appellative.

קְבֶּלְק [kheh'lek], Helek; portion, comp. Appellatives.

תְּלְקְי [khelkee'], Helkite; patronymic of the preceding.

קיקו [khelkay'], Helkai; portion of the Lord, abbreviated of the following.

קלְרָיה [khilkiy-yāh'], and בּילְרְיה [khilkiy-yāh'hoo], Hilkiah; portion of the Lord, from בְּילָרְיה portion and בְּילָרְיִה more fully of בְּילִרְיִה אוֹם, more fully of בּילִר מִילִּרְיּה מִילִּרְיִּה אוֹם,

קלקות [khelkāhth], Helkath; portion, possession, hence i. q. Chald. אַלְהָאָן (by transposition) a field, possession, from לְּלֵים to divide.

תְלְּלֵתְ [khelkath hats-tsooreem'], Helkath-hazzurim; marg. the field of strong men, but more correctly, field of swords, comp. the preceding and Appellative אברים sharpness, edge. 다. [khāhm'], Ham; black, from 다꾸다 collated with the Arabic and Coptic (S.).

וְקְּבְּהְ [khemdāhn'], Hemdan; desirable, pleasant from בְּחַרָּ to desire.

heat (i. e. anger) of God, from 마였다 to be hot and 가용 God.

לְשְׁמִי [khămootal], Hamutal; father-in-law of dew i.e. of benevolence, from בּין and בְּיַל, comp. Appellatives.

קבוּל [khāhmool'], Hamul; spared, part. pass. of קבו to pity, spare.

קמרלי [khāhmoolee'], Hamulite; patronymic of the same.

וְמְּלֹוֹן [khammōhn'], Hammon ; sunny, from הְּבָּוֹן sun.

רְבְּיִר [khamōhr'], Hamor; ass, comp. Appellatives.

ਸ਼ਹਿਸ਼ਨ [khoomtah'], Humtah; lizard, comp. Appellatives ਪੜ੍ਹਾਂ-

אָבינֵיל (khămectal'), Hamutal; אָבינֵיל i. qr. אָבינֵיל and אָבִינֵיל, comp. אָבִינֵיל and אָבִינֵיל

기계기 [khamrāhn'], Amram, marg. Hemdan; only (1 Chr. i. 44) stands for 기기기 (Gen. xxxvi. 26).

ግፎባ [khămāhth'], Hamath; fortification, collated with the Arabic (S.); comp. Appellative ግርነባ wall, from the obsolete ግርባ

רְּחָהַ [khammath'], Hammath; hot bath, the name of a city in the tribe Naphtali, which is thus interpreted by

Josephus (G.). its deriviation is from DDT to be hot, warm.

אל האבר [khammöhth'dohr'], Hammoth; hot baths of Dor, comp. the preceding and אליז.

'תְּבְיתְ [khămāhthee'], Hemathite; gentile noun of מָבְית

m [khēhn'], Hen; grace, favor, comp. Appellatives.

קבר [khēhnāhdāhd], Henadad; favor of Hadad, for דְּוַדְּ וֹדְ כְּהַרָּה the preceding and דְוַדְ (G.). But, perhaps, contracted from דְּיָדָ וְדְ favor is departed, comp. בָּדָר to wander.

תְּבֶּה [khannāh'], Hannah; grace, favor i. q. תְּבָּה

קֹרְהַ [khănōhkh'], Enoch; initiated, dedicated, from לְּבָּר to initiate.

לְאָרָן [khāhnoon], Hanun; favored, or graciously given, part pass of אָרָנ to be gracious, favorable, give graciously, comp.

하인[khannee-ēhl], Haniel; grace or favor of God, comp. III and 보였 God.

בְּלֵּכְי [khănōhkhee'], Hanochite ; patronymic of בְּנֵלוֹף

וְבַּמְאֵל [khānamēhľ], Hanameel ; prob. for בְּנָאֵל (G.). q. v.

וְאָרָן [khāhnāhn'], Hanan; [whom God] has graciously given, comp. אָבוּרָה Gesenius supposes this to be an abbreviation of וְלְיִדְלָּהְ [whom] the Lord gave. [khānan-ēhl'], Hananeel; [whom] God has graciously given, for this sense of און. Gen. xxxiii. 5.

תְּבֶּלְ [khănāhnee'], Hanani; He [God] has been gracious to me, or perhaps an abbreviation of the following.

חַבְּבָאֵל and khănnan-yāh'hoo], Hananiah; [whom] the Lord has graciously given, comp. בְּבָבָאֵל

קובֶּס [$kh\bar{a}hn\bar{c}hs'$], Hanes; of doubtful signification.

וְשְׁבְּיתְ [khannāhthōhn'], Hannathon; procured by favor, from מְּבְּית see, above, with the addition of the termination וֹיִי

ַחֶּטֶּד [kheh'sed], Hesed; kindness, love, comp. Appellatives.

וֹתְּחָבְתְ [khäsad-yāh'], Hasadiah; [whom] the Lord loves (G.), compare the preceding, comp. also the Hithpael of סום to show one's self kind.

חֹסְחֹ [khōhsāh'], Hosah; refuge, from חַסְחָ to seek shelter.

תַּקְרָה [khasrāh'], Hasrah; poverty, indigence, from סָסָר to want.

ালুন [khooppah'], Huppah; a covering, comp Appellatives.

마취 [khooppeem'], Huppim; coverings, from the singular 취 a covering, and the verb 커린디 to cover, protect.

יְלְּכְּלֵי [khophnee'], Hophni; perhaps, champion, fighter (G.), from בָּּוֹן, as an Appellative only occurring in the

Dual Dual the hollow-hands, hence here probably the fist, personified by the termination, lit. a fister, comp. pugnus and pugnator.

파고 그런데 [khephtsee-vāh'], Hephzibah; my delight is in her, from 맛있다; compare Appellatives, with suffix and the preposition 로 with suffix.

תְּפֶּר [khēh'pher], Hepher; a well, pit, from חָפַר to dig.

ֹתְּפְּקְי [khephree'], Hephrite; patronymic of the same.

קבר [khăphāhrah'-yim], Haphraim two wells, Dual of תְּפֶּרְיָם q. v.

קלְּוֹר [khāhtsohr], Hazor; a court, fortification comp. בוון and Appellatives באָרַיּ

תְּבְיִתְ אַבְּיֹתְ [khāhtsōhr' khădat-tāh'], Hazor, Hadattah : new-castle or new Hazor, comp. the preceding ; and as to the second word, it is Chaldee, i.q. Hebrew אַבְּיִתְ feminine of שֵּׁיֹתְן feminine of שֵּׁיִתְן feminine of שִּׁיִתְן femon, however, have taken this to denote two different places (Josh. xv. 25).

רוֹקְיבֶיה אָדְן [khätsee hammenoo-khohik'], half of the Manahethites, marg. half of the Menuthites, or Hatsiammenuchoth; [born] midst quiet or resting places, comp. Appellatives בְּנִהְיִם and רוֹנְהִים בְּיִר

স্নাজন খন [khătsee hammāh-nakhtee], half of the Manahethites ; patronymic of the same. According to this punctuation, the sense of the preceding may be half of the presents, or gifts; the second word as a Participle feminine of קּבָּט, compare Appellatives קּבָּט, and not from קָּבָּט

াইমা হিম্মান and বিষয়ন [khāh-ts'tsōhn' or khāhtsătsōhn' tāhmāhr'], Hazazon and Hazezon-tamar; a cutting off of palm trees, viz. a place abounding with palm-trees, where many were wont to be cut down for use. For the first word compare Pual of ১৯ বুল, and for the second, Appellatives.

미국과 기월대 [khātsar' gaddāh'], Hazar gaddah; village of fortune (G,), comp. 기월.

תְּצְרְוֹ [khetsrōh'], Hezro; prob. an abbreviation of תָּצְרוֹן.

קציר [khetsröhn'], Hezron ; fortification, comp. קציר

קצְרוֹנְי [khetsröhnee'], Hezronite; patronymic of the same.

יוֹבְר (khătsēhrōhth'), Hazeroth; villages, comp. אַדָּר יוֹבּרְנוֹת.

קבר [khetsray'], Hezrai; villager, comp. the above.

יוֹבְיים [khătsēhreem'], Hazerim; villages, comp. אַבְיים יוֹבְיים

maveth; court of death, for אַבָּה , אַבָּה , death. comp. Appellatives.

Hazar-susah; village of a mare, or mares, mare-village, comp. the preceding and Appellatives.

בר סוּסְים [khătsar' sooseem'], Hazar-susim; village of horses, horsevillage, comp. Appellatives.

[khätsar'ngēhnōhn'], Hazar-enon: village of the fountain, fountain village, compare the articles above עון i.q. ועילון fountain.

עיקן [khătsar' ngēhnāhn'], Hazar-enan, id.

לארּמֶל [khătzar' shqo-ngāhi'] Hazar-shual; village of the fox, foxvillage, comp. Appellatives.

אָבֶר חַתּיכְוֹן [khāhtsēhr'hattee-khōhn'], Hazar-hatticon; middle viltage, comp. Appellatives.

እኳጥር [khǎkoophāh'], Hakupha; bent, bowed, collated with the Arabic (G.).

יחובב sse חבב

אַרְבּוֹנְה and תַּרְבּוֹנְה [kharvōh-nāh], Harbona, Harbonah; warlike (S.); according to Bohlenius by Gesenius, ass-driver, both collated with the Persic.

רוֹת [khōhr haggidgāhd'], Hor-hagidgad; cavern of (i. e. near) Gidgad; cavern of thunder (G.)), collated with the Ethiopic; comp. אור.

[khărāhdāh'], Haradah; terror, fear, comp. Appellatives.

[khărōhdee'], Harodite; gentile noun of הורוד

[kharhayah'], Harhaiah; there was a parching, drought, from סך of חַרֵר to be burned, dried up, and חבר he was.

ן [khăroomāph'], Harumaph; [khăroomāph'] flat-nosed, contracted from PS TITE comp. Appellatives; □기□ participle of and אף and

[khăroophee'], Haruphite; either a patronymic or gentile noun from קרה reproached (comp. Appel.) nowhere occurring in this form.

רְרָּלְּץ [khāhroots'], Haruz ; diliqence, compare Appellatives.

הרחור [kharkhoor'], Harhur; inflammation, fever, comp. Appellative ٠تانتاد

[kharkhas'], Harhas; only once (2 Kin. xxii. 14) instead of which (1 Chr. xxxiv. 22) it is written הסכת q. v.

קריף [khāhreeph'], Hariph; autumnal rain, collated with the Arabic; instead of which we find (Ezr. ii. 18) of the same signification (S.).

[khahreem'], Harim; flatnosed, i. q. DTT (Lev. xxi. 18), for this passive form, comp. 717, see also above, which may be considered an expletive form of this.

"[khāhrēhm'], Harem; devoted, יתרבית comp.

חַרְבָּח [khormāh'], a devoting, desolate place, from Do to devote,

[khermohn'], Hermon; high mountain, collated with the Arabic (Clericus).

[khāhrāhn'], Haran; parched, day, from To be burnt, dried.

[khōhrōhnee'], Horonite; gentile noun of הורבום

הֹלְבֵים [khōhrōhnah'-yim], Horonaim; two caverns dual of הרון, i. q. or defective in a cavern.

הרנפר [kharneh'pher], Harnepher; snorting of the breath, for כחרבפר, from to snort, comp. Appellative a snorting, and בתר according to the Syriac, to breathe (S.).

[kheh'res], Heres; the sun, comp. Appellatives, once (Jud. i. 35), preceded by TI; mount of the sun.

ባጋር [khāhrēph'] Hareph; picking, (G.).

[kheh'resh], Heresh; silence, comp. Appellatives.

אַטְרַיּתְנּאָא (kharshāh'), Harshah; prob. for חרשה id.

תרשים [kharahsheem'], Charashim, craftsmen; this is better taken as an Appellative altogether.

הבוים הבוים [khărōh' sheth haggōhyim'], Harosheth of the Gentiles; מרשת a working in wood or stone, a working place, comp. Appellatives.

רות [kheh'reth], in pause רות הוא [kheh'reth], Hareth; acutting, the name of a forest, from the wood which was cut there; in the חָרָת from הַצְצוֹן הָמֶר in the Appellatives only in the sense of engraving, but doubtless also i. q.

នុទ្ធរយៈ្មា and នទ្ធយៈ្ញា [khäsoophāh'], Hasupha; nakedness, from រ៉ាយៈ្មា to make bare.

ਕੜਾਲਾਂ [khǎshoocāh'], Hashubalı; esteemed, participle passive of ਤਾਲਾਂ to count, esteem.

마기크 발디 [khashbaddāh'nāh], Hashbadana; linen girdle, from 그렇고 a girdle, and 건글 i. q. Appellative 그글 linen with ¬ paragogic, therefore with the accent on the penultimate.

ነን ነን ነን ነን (kheshbōhn'), Heshbon; a reckoning, counting, from ጋርር to reckon, count.

קְּבְשְׁרֵיתְ [khǎshav-yāh'], Hashabiah; [whom] the Lord esteemed, loved, comp. רְבְשָׁרָת, and רִי, Jah.

אָם יֵייִם [khäshav-yāh'hoo,] Hashabiah; id.

קיבור [khŭshavnāh], Hashabnah: Gesenius supposes this to be the same with the preceding, 'being changed into בי

בּאָשׁרָם [khash-shoov'], Hashub; esteemed, comp. בּאָשָׁרָם

חושים see השים

בְּשִׁים [khoosh-sheem'], Hushim; i.q. הישִׁים hastening, haste.

ਬਲ਼ਾਜ਼ [khāhshoom'], fat, rich, from obsolete ਬਲ਼ਾਜ਼ to be fat.

רוישָׁת see שַׁיָּיִחר.

្រុំក្លុប៉ា [kheshmöhu], Heshmon; fatness, from an obsolete ២២០ to be fat.

הַשְּׁמֹקֵה [khashmōhnāh'], Hashmonah; id.

יְשְׁתְ [khooshāhthee'], Hushathite; patronymic of האָלוּה

רְתָּ [khēhth'], Heth; terror, from תְּחַיִּ to be broken, terrified.

পূল [khittee'], Hittite; patronymic of the same, and then a gentile noun.

תְּחָים [khittcem'], Pl. of the same.

תְּיִת [khitteeth'], singular fem. of

קילין [khethlōhn'], Hethlon; shelter, retreat, from הָתַל to wrap up, cover, hide.

רְחַחְ [khăthath'], Hathath; terror, compare Appellatives.

2

לְּבְּאֵלְ [tāhv'ēht], Tabeel; in pause אֲבְאֵלְ [tāh-v'at], Tabeal; goodness of God, compound of אַבְאָל Syriac form, i. q. Hebrew אוֹם, and אׁל God.

미크뉴 [teh'vakh], Tebah; slaughter, compare Appellatives.

지구의 [tivkhath'], Tibhath; once (1 Chr. xviii. 8), for which, in the parallel passage (2 Sam. viii. 8), it is 미일국; here probably by transposition for 기가의 confidence, security, as the construct of 기가의

יורול (i'valyāh'hoo), Tebaliah; [whom] the Lord immersed, i.e. purified, compound from בְּלָהְוֹים in a transitive sense, and יווו abbreviated for הווודים.

רוֹקְשְׁינְ (tabbāh-ngōhth'), Tabbaoth; seal-rings, rings, compare Appellative רוֹקָבָייַ

קברקון [tavrimmōhn'], Tabrimon; the goodness of Rimmon, comp. בַּרָבּאָר Rimmon, the name of a Syriac idol.

기큐브 [tabbāhth'], Tabbath; famous, collated with the Chaldee (S.).

רְבְּיֵל [tēhvēhth'], Tebeth; the name of a Hebrew month, the signification of which is doubtful.

בֹּיֹנְ [tohv'], Tob; good, compare Appellatives.

לוב אַדוניבָּה [tōhv ădōhniy-yāh],
Tob-adonijah; the good or kindness of
the or my Lord Jah, comp. the preceding and אָדְיָּרָהָּ

קוֹבְיֵיף [tōhviy-yāh'], Tobiah; the Lord (is) good, or the good or kindness of the Lord, comp. the preceding.

לּבְיּרְה [tōhviy-yāh'hoo], Tobiah; id.

בי (t'lāh-eem'), Telaim; young lambs. From יִילָּי by some considered to be an Appellative.

ెప్టర్లు [tēh'lem], Telem; oppression collated with the Arabic [Kimchi and Clericus].

שְלְקְיוֹן [talmohn'], Talmon; oppressed, compare the preceding.

지원 [tāhphath], Taphath; drop, construct (comp. 마린지, 그그가, 그그가) of 미원의 from the root 위한 in the Chaldee, i. q. 키일그 to distil, drop.

בּיִרְיּבֶּירִ [tarp'lāh-yēh'], Tarpelites; a Chaldee gentile name. Simonis compares it with Tauropylæi, i. e. the inhabitants of the passages of Taurus. The Chaldæans may have retained foreign names of this kind.

יאושיהה [yōhshiy-yāh'hoo], once (Jer.xxvii. l.) in Kethib for the usual אשׁמַחה, which see.

may the Lord hear [him], compound of Hiph. future of אַנָּאָל, comp. Appellatives, and דֹיְ Jah.

וְאֲבֵיְרָהְ [yah-ăzan-yāh'hoo], Jaazaniah; id.

קאיר [yāh-eer'], Jair; may He [God] enlighten [him], Hiph. future of אור Compare Appellatives.

יְאֵיקִי [yāh-eeree'], Jairite; patronymic of the same.

קְּשֵּׁלֵאְ [yōhshiy-yāh'], only once (Zech. vi. 10,) but in all other occurrences,

יאָליָהְיּה [yōhshiy-yāh'hoo], may the Lord heal [him], compound of the

fut. of TEN collated with the Arabic to heal, and הן or יהו (G.).

[y'āhth'ray'], Jeatrai; [whom] the Lord shall cause to remain. Only 1 Chr. vi. 6. supposed by Simonis to stand for אָמֶרֶר דָּי, the א taking the place of ', instead of ', from the verb 'n to remain. the termination 'see note under 'IT's. Note, other copies read יאָתְרֵי

בְּרָּכֹּי [y'voos'], Jebus; a treading under foot. From Din to tread under from בקרם from יקרם. from יקרם

יבוּסֵי [y'voosee'], Jebusite; a gentile noun of the same.

רֹחָבְי [yivkhāhr'], Ibhar; may the Lord choose [him]. Fut. of 773 to choose.

וֹבְיֹן [yāhveen'], Jabin; may the Lord consider [him], comp. Hiph. fut. of 712.

יביש see שבי יביש

בָּל [yāhvahl'], Jabal: stream, compare Appellatives.

בְּלֶעְם [yiv-l'ngāhm'], Ibleam; he consumeth to or shall consume the people. Fut. of דַלְע to swallow, consume, and Dy people. According to Gesenius, for בלה עם, but the verb הבלה עם nowhere occurs in a transitive sense.

יַבְנָאֵל [yav-n'ēhl'], Jabneel; may God cause [him] to be built up, lit, cause him to build, compound of Hiph. fut. of הבוד to build, and אל God.

וֹבֶבְיֵן [yavneh'], Jabneh; may He cause [him] to be built up, comp. the preceding.

ֹרַבְּנְיִהְ [yivn'yāh'], Ibneiah; may the Lord build [him] up, comp. the preceding.

יְבְּנָּלֶּחְ ! [yivniy-yāh'], Ibnijah; id.

יִבוּסִי see יָבֻסִי

(51)

[] [yabbōhk'], Jabbok; a pouring out, emptying. From PPP to pour itself out, empty itself.

יברכודור [y'vehrekhyāh'hoo], Jeberechiah; may the Lord bless [him]. Compound of Piel fut. of The to bless, and יהו the Lord.

בְּשֶׁבְי [yivsāhm'], Ibsam; he shall be pleasant, sweet. Fut. of an obsolee בּשַּׁשְ, whence שַּׁשֶׁשְ sweet odour.

and שֹבְי [yāhvēhsh'], Jabesh; dry, compare Appellatives.

נְבָשׁ בִּלְעָד [yāhvēhsh gil-ngāhd'], Jabesh Gilead; Jabesh of or in Gilead, comp. the preceding and בָּלֶעֶד.

נאל [yiq-āhl'], Igal, Igeal; may He God redeem [him]. Fut. of to redeem, comp. Appellatives.

ֹנְבְּרָהָ [yogb'hāh'], Jogbeah; it shall be exalted. T, is paragogic, the simple form of which would be ובבה, Hoph. fut. from אובבה, Hoph. fut. from אובבה,

יְגְדַּלְיָדְוּר [yigdalyāh'hoo], Igdaliah; the Lord shall be exalted, compound of the fut. of בְּדֵל to be great, and בְּדָל the Lord.

יְנְּרִּר [yāhqoor'], Jagur; an inn, from 742 to sojourn, live as not at home.

יבלי [yoglee'], Jogli; He [God]

revealeth Himself. Hoph. fut. of בְּלֶה to uncover, open.

איני קאָׂיְדְרּהְיָא [y'gar sāhhădoothāh'],
Jegar-sahadutha; margin, the heap of witness. Two Aramaic words.

קליל [yidälāh'], Idalah : [which] God exalleth or shall exalt. Simonis takes it as a Syriacism for יִדְלְלָה with ח paragogie.

ッカラ: [yidbāhsh'], Idbash; he is sweet as honey, Fut. of じつつ, compare Appellative ビコラ

יְדְּוֹ [yiddoh'], Iddo; loving, given to love. For יְדֹוֹן (G.). from לָנָד to love.

אָלְיִדְּ [yāhdōhn'], Jadon; He [God] shall judge; [Judex] judge (G.). Either fut, of יוֹדְ to judge, or a noun derived from the same verb.

יְדְּרְּעֵ [yaddoo'-ăng], Jaddua; known, from יָדָנ to know.

'Pl [yadday'], according to Keri, Jadau (Ex. x. 43.) in the English version it is according to Kethib; prob. i. q. 17?

ין and [יַן 'y'doothoon'], Jeduthun; praising. From an obsolete noun דָּרָה praise, from יְדָרָה in Hiph. to praise, with the termination is added. (G.). This termination gives the word its personification.

יְרִיהָ [y'dcedāh'], Jedidah; beloved. A passive form of קוֹר to love, like דוְלָּ from יְרָי, compare Appellative יְרָי, of which this is the feminine form.

יִרְיִרְיִחְ [y'dee-d'yāh'], Jedidiah;

beloved of the Lord, comp. the preceding.

Title [y'dāh-yāh'], Jedaiah; praise the Lord. From Tit, in Hiph. to praise Title Lord.

ליינאל [y'dce-ngdeht], Jediael; known of God. From אָל a passive form of אָדִידְיִח, (comp. יְדִע and אֵל God.

וְיִרְיתְיוֹיִ Kethib for וְיִרְיתְיוֹיִ וּ

אָלְיָלְ [yidlāhph'], Idlaph; he weepeth. Fut. of אַלְין to drip, shed tears.

יְדְע [yāhdāhng'], Jada; wise From יָדְע to know.

הְיִצְיֹיִ (y'dang-yāh'), Jedaiah; may the Lord know[him] i.e. care for him, comp.the preceding, and הי, the Lord.

ינבנרונן see לבלינו

יוֹר (yah'), the Lord, once (Ps. lxviii. 4). Jah; unanimously acknowledged to be an abbreviation of אור יווי (אוגניים to be an abbreviation of אור יווי (אוגניים true pointing of the latter ought to have been originally, comp. אור יווי (אוגניים ti is frequently found in composition with other proper names, such as אור יווי (אוגניים אור ביים אור וויים אוריים אוריים אור וויים

יְהוּד see יְחֶד

יְהָיּהְ [yehdāy'], Jahdai; may the Lord direct [him]. Fut. of דְּיָה to direct, and `_see יוֹרָא:

וֹהַדְיָהֵי [y'hoodiy-yāh'], Jehudiah;

Jewess. The feminine of the gentile noun יהודי Jew used as a proper name.

אוֹתְיֵה [yēhhoo'], Jehu; He [is] Jehovah. For אוֹתְיִה (G.), or אוֹתְיָה the latter as the regular pointing of חֹוְתְיִן (S.). The inconvenience of an audible H being repeated in the pronunciation, makes such a contraction not unlikely.

기하다 [g'hōh-āhkhāhz'], Jeho-ahaz; [whom] the Lord holdeth. contracted from 기가 and 교육, comp. Appellatives.

변화한 [g'hōh-āhsh'], Jehoash; [whom] the Lord has given. From the same, and 변화 preterite of an obsolete 발명 to give, (S.). collated with the Arabic.

ייייין [y'hood'], Judah, Judah, Judah, Jewry; the Chaldee for the Hebrew name היייין [Judah], but only as referring to the country or people of that name.

וְהְרְּבֶּאֶׁין [y'hoodāh-een'], Jews; the plural of the Chaldee gentile noun of

יהיה [y'hoodāh']. Judah; praise. From לְּדָה (compare Gen. xxix. 35. and xlix. 8). According to Gesenius praised, verbal of Hoph future of the same.

יְהּרְיִי [y'hoodce'], Jew, Jehudi; a gentile noun of the same, but used also as a proper name.

יההקית [y'hoodeeth'], the Jews' language, Judith; the feminine of the gentile noun 'ביידי Jewish, in refer-

rence to the language, and used also as a proper name of a woman.

וֹרְיוֹה [$y'h\bar{o}hv\bar{a}h']$, the Lord, Jehovah, and, when pointed חֹרִים, God; The Eternal. Whether the pronuctation according to the present pointing be the original* or not, the consonants

* That the pronunciation of this name according to its consonants has been considered unlawful among the Jews from a very remote period, is not only well attested by their doctors, but also by the fact of the the adoption of two sets of vowel points for the same consonants, min and min, for the former of which they substituted, and still do substitute אַריבי (Lord), and for the latter מלחים (God), so that in neither case are the consonants pronounced. Jews maintain that the pronunciation was not known generally, but only to some, and that traditionally. But no trace of that supposed mystical pronunciation being now left, the whole fact of there ever having existed another besides the one may fairly be questioned, from the following considerations. 1. If the vowels of הוֹח be those of ארני, we should have expected under in the same way as we find ... under the same for אלהים But the fact may have been, that הוֹר was the true pronunciation, but the Jews, led away by tradition, and perhaps based upon Ex. xx. 7, and Lev. xxiv. 31, read 'STE instead, independent of the proper, standing vowels. But in the case of אָרֹנֵי יהוה, where the first would have been repeated twice, and for some cause or other unwilling to do so, read according to, and substituted the vowels of מלהים, hence the form מלהים in the one, and not iiii in the other case. let it also be remarked that the circumstance of the Septuagint rendering the words by Kupiog Kupiog sets some bounds to the antiquity of that practice.

2. The preservation of the vowels of רהְרָה as found in the composition of this ame with other proper names of the greatest antiquity, as יְהוֹטֶשְׁכָּא c, the vowel r being found again

(54)

in comparison with (Ex. iii. 14.) sufficiently attest the signification of the name. אהוה אשר אחות I am that I am. i.e. I am He who am always, and doubtless also, with reference to His unchangeableness, I am the same that I am: of which the relative casily admits. But, however suitably in a grammatical point of view, the Hebrew form of the future may stand here for the present, as expressing continuance, vet ought the fact of its being the future, I shall be that I shall be, not to be lost sight of. the assurance of God's existence throughout all futurity is the prominent point of the Spirit's expression to Israel, surrounded by Egypt's idols and idol-worship. Pre-existence may have been ascribed to them by their worshippers, the eye-witnesses of their

in the abbreviated form " and its compounds, as ארניה, אביה &c., by permutation of linto . In these cases, we should have expected the true vowels again, if there had been any other; the full word הווה not being found in either. For the Jews assert that the teaching of the pronunciation of this name was by pointing out each letter separately, so as not to pronounce the whole of the name at once, which need not be fear-And this must prove for ed in compounds. the present pronunciation of הווה, unless we extravagantly suppose, that the punctuators did, with these compound names, the same as they did with this name itself, establish the tradition of the unlawfulness of the pronunciation of this name, as a truth vouched for by its so very remote antiquity even up to Moses, and that we have not the right pronunciation even of these proper names.

The fact that ⊐ and have before this name Pattah, as if they were prefixed to צְׁיִדְוֹנְה אֲדְנָי an prove nothing more but the punctuators' consistency with the tradition they had received and believed.

then present existence, but questions of the character "Where are the gods of Hamath and of Arpad? &c." were doubtless nothing unusual then with regard to those perishable elements. But God in His future, uninterrupted, blessed existence, assures them of deliverance not only from their then present bondage, but always, in opposition to those dumb idols, as He does afterwards (Is. xl. xliii. and xliv.) when sending them a message of de-The looking forward to liverance. futurity is the true exercise of faith in the children of God, even as it is now with us, to whom the things of God prepared for them that love him, which "eve hath not seen nor ear heard. neither have entered into the heart of man" are revealed by His Spirit. we have learned to know Him as the Alpha, we are now, or at least ought to be, looking forward for the future vindication of His power and glory, when He shall be all in all, as the Omega.

acknowledged as the primitive form of acknowledged as the primitive form of it is be, stands in this name in the third person future. Thus, God speaking of His blessed Self, speaks and reveals Himself as the I shall be "I am (I shall be) has sent me unto you". The believers in Him with an Amen upon their lips call Him in He shall be.

אין 'הוְה' יִינְאָה' (y'hōhvāh' yir-ēh'), Jehovah-jireh; marg. the Lord will see or provide. From the same, and fut. of האָר, compare Appellatives.

יְםְּי (y'hōhvāh nissee'), Jehovah-nissi; marg. the Lord my banner. From the same, and מן a banner, see Appellatives.

קלום [y'hōh-vāh shāhlōhm'], Jehovah-shalom, marg, the Lord [send] peace; lit, the Lord (is) peace. From the same, and שלום peace.

יְהְינֹיְהֶי [y'hōhzāhvāhd'], Jehozabad; [whom] the Lord has bestowed, compound of יְהוֹיִף and בַּוֹ to give as a present, comp. Appellatives.

יהְיֹהְי [y'hōh-yāhdāhng'], Jehoiada; [whom] the Lord hath known. From the same and אַזָּי to know.

יְהְיּלֶבֶי [y'hōh-yāhkheen'], Jehoiachin; may the Lord establish [him]. From the same and יְבִין Hiph. fut. of פֿרּן, comp. Appellatives.

בְּיִלְיְלְיִי [y'hōh-yāhkeem'], Jehoiakim; may the Lord establish [him]. From the same and the Hiphfut. of ביי, comp. Appellatives.

ליבויב (y'hōh-yāhreev'], Jehoiarib; the Lord plead for [him]. From the same, and fut. of

וְיְהַנְּלֵל [y'hookhal'], Jehuchal; may he prevail. Hoph. fut. of יָבָל

בְיְהְלְבֶּיְרֵ [y'hōhnāhdāhv'], Jehonadab; [whom] the Lord has freely given. From היהי and בָּיָר of which comp. Hiph in the Appellatives.

וֹיִלְיּנְהָ [y'hōhnāhthāhn'], Jehonathan [whom] the Lord has given. From the same, and יְהִילִּנְהָ to give.

אַרְּהְוֹּכְּוֹלְ [y'hōhsēhph'], Joseph ; He [God] shall add, comp. Gen. xxx. 24. An uncontracted Hiph form of אַרָּי to add.

ידון

יְהְוֹּעֵהְה [y'hōh-ngaddāh'], Jehoadah; [whom] the Lord has adorned. From יְהֹיָה, and Piel of קיב, to adorn.

יְדִוֹעְדֵּדְ [y'hōh-ngaddeen'], Jeho-addan; in Kethib prob. the same as the following.

ן יְהְוֹעֵהֵי [y'hōh-ngaddāhn'], Jehoadan; the Lord's delight. From the same, and וְדָעָ, comp. the verb יְדַעָּ, and the noun יָצִי

רְיָלְיִלְיִי [y'hōhtsāhdāhk'], Jeho-zadak; the Lord is righteous. From the same, and רְיִבְיִ to be just, righteous.

יהוֹכְים [y'hōhrāhm'], Jehoram; the Lord is exalted. From the same, and בּק preterite of בּק to be high.

אַבְּאֵר [y'hōhsheh'vang], Jehosheba; the Lord's oath; or the Lord (is his) oath, i. e. he swears by, worships the Lord, comp. Is. xlviii. I. From the same, and אַבָּאָר מָשָׁבַע, oath, occurring only in this sense in compound proper names, comp. אַבָּאָר שָׁבַע with Gen. xxi. 31.

אין ($y'h\bar{o}hshav$ -ngath), Jehoshabeath; found 2 Chr. xxii. 11. for the preceding.

אַב הוֹשְׁוּק and אַבּיהוֹשְׁוּק [y'hōhshoo'ăng], Jehoshua, Joshua; the Lord's salvation, contracted of the same, and ישוּע help.

שַבְּשׁי [y'hōhshāhphāht'], Jeho-

shaphat; [whom] the Lord judges. From the same, and property to judge.

קיהלל [y'hallel-ëhl'], Jehaleleel; may he praise God. From יְהַלֶּל Piel fut. of סְלֵל only in Piel, to praise, and Bod.

Yn: [yah'haz], Jahaz; a place trodden down, prob. a threshing-floor (G.), collated with the Arabic Yn to tread under foot.

וֹקְצְיִי [yahtsāh'], Jahazah ; id.

בְּאָלֵי [yōh-āhv'], Joab; [whose] father (is) the Lord. Contracted for מְּהֹוֹיִה, comp. the preceding compounds of יְהוֹיִה, as יְהוֹיִאָּטִי, יְהוֹיִאָּטִי &c.

רְּאָה (yōh-āhkh'), Joah ; [whose] brother [i. e. helper] is the Lord. Compound of ייין and און brother.

זְּקְאָׁיִי [yōh-āhkhāhz'], Joahaz, Jehoahaz; contracted from יְהוֹאָרָיִי q.v.

יוֹאָל [yōh-ōhl'], Joel; the Lord (is his) God. Contracted for יְרוֹנְאֵל the Lord, and אָלָּה God.

יוֹאָשׁ [yōhāhsh'], Joash; contracted from יְהוֹאָשׁ q. v.

קייני (yūhv'), Job; desire. For אַרָּאָר from אַרְיָּגְייני to desire, comp. Appellatives (S); or cry, from אַרָּאָר compare the following. But this name only occurs (Gen. xlvi. 13.) for אַרָאָר (Num. xxvi. 24).

יוֹבֶּכ (yōhvāhv'), Jobab; desert, wilderness, properly a howling, a place where wild beasts howl, collated with the Arabic (G.).

יוּבֵל [yoovāhl'], Jubal; river compare Appellative ייּבֵל

יְוֹנְבֶּרְ [yōhzāhvāhd'], Jozabad; contracted from יְהֹנָבֶרְ q. v.

קלְּהָנְיּ [yōhzāhkhāhr'], Jozachar; [whom] the Lord remembers. Contracted for בְּיָלְהָּנִי compare the preceding, from בְּילִי the Lord, and בְּילִי the Lord, and בְּילִי the Lord, and בּילִי בּילי בּילִי בּילי בּילי

אַקְה [yōhkhāh'], Joha; haste. For יחה from the Chaldee in Aph. to make haste (S.).

יְוֹדְקְּלֶן [yōhkhāhnāhn'], Johanan ; contracted from יְוֹדְקָּלֶן q. v.

אין [yootāh'], Juttah ; i. q. אַן ייּ

יְוֹיְדֶבְּעְ [yōh-yāhdāhng'], Joiada, Jehoiada; contracted from יְהֹיִדֶּעְ q. v.

ן ֹיִיכְיִן [yōh-yāhkheen'], Jehoiachin; contracted from יְדֹילָכִין q. v.

ייְנְקִים [yōh-yāhkheem'], Joiakim, Jehoiakim; contracted from יִרָּקִים q. v.

יְוֹיָרִיב [yōh-yāhreev'], Joiarib ; contracted from יְהֹיָרִיב q. v.

[yöhkheli ved], Jochebed; [whose] ylory [is] the Lord. Contracted from לְהֹלֶהְ, יְהֹלֶבֶבְּה Lord, and קבר Lord, comp. Appellative קבר

יוּכֵל [yookhal'], Juchal; contracted from יְּרַכֵּל q. v.

 $[y\bar{a}hv\bar{a}hn']$, Javan, Greece, Grecia; soft (S.),

יְוֹנְדְב [yōhnāhdāhv'], Jonadab; contracted from יְהוֹנֶדְב q. v.

121

יוֹכֶּרוֹ [yōhnāh'], Jonah ; dove. Compare Appellatives.

וְיָבְיִים [y'vāhneem'], Grecians; patronymic of וְיָבִיים:

יָרוֹנְתָן [yōhnāhthāhn'], Jonathan ; contracted from יְרוֹנְתָן, q. v.

אָם ' [yōhsēhph'], Joseph; contracted from יְּבִוֹלְם, q. v.

קְיּפְלֶּים [yōhsiph-yāh'], Josipiah; [whom] the Lord shall increase, en†ge. From Hiph. fut. of אַטְיָלָים add, increase, and אַן Jah,

קיבול (gōh-ngēhlāh'), Joelah; perhaps may He help. For יוֹצֵל (G.); or perhapsa contraction for יוֹצֵל אַ may God help: from the Hiph. fut. of קיצי and אַלּי

קצְיׁי [yōh-ngōhd'], Joed; the Lord [is] witness, contracted from דוֹלְעֵי, comp. the preceding compounds with יוֹין and יוֹי from דוֹלָייִר the Lord, אַנּיי witness, comp. Appellatives.

ליניי (yōh-ngeh'zer), Joezer; the Lord [is his] help; contracted from מור comp. the preceding and איניי help, among the Appellatives.

ນ້າ [yōh-ngāhsh'], Joash; the Lord is gathering together. For ພັງກາ, from ກາງກາ the Lord and ພັນ from ພັນນ; in Joel iv. 11. in an intransitive, here perhaps in a transitive sense.

יְנְצְּדְקּ [yōhtsāhdāhk'], Jozadak; contracted from יְהוֹצְּדָק q.v.

יוֹקִים [yōkeem'], Jokim; contracted from יוֹקִים q. v.

יוֹרֶה [yōhrāh'], Jorah; early rain, i. q. יוֹרֶה Appellative.

ילְרֵי [yōhrah'y], Jorai; may the Lord instruct [him]; contracted from Hiph fut. of חורי, see Appellatives, and 'the Lord; comp. יוואלי

יוֹרֶם [yōḥrāhm'], Joram; contracted from יוֹרֶם ' q. v.

קּבֶּק [yooshāhv'kheh'scd], Jushab-hesed; grace is restored. בַּישָּׁה Hoph, fut. of שוּלָּב to return, יוֹשֶׁר kindness, grace.

קְּיִשְׁיִי [yōhshiv-yāh'], Josibiah; may the Lord cause [him] to dwell, i.e. safely, quietly. From מְשָׁי Hiph. fut. of שִׁיִי to dwell, and אַ the Lord.

אמין (yōhshāh'), Joshah; perhaps existence. From the obsolete root יְשָׁי; comp. the following article.

[whom] the Lord raises (G.). perhaps as Hiph. form of איני to stand, stand upright, exist, with דין the Lord.

בּיְלְשֶׁבֶּם [yōhshāphāht], Joshaphat ; contracted from יְוֹשֶׁבְּט q. v.

יוֹתְם (yōhthāhm'), Jotham; the Lord [is] perfect. For יְחוֹם, from יְחוֹם and מְחַ perfect, compare Appellatives.

לאיני [y'zoo-ēhl'], Kethib, for

אַנְיּאֵל [y'zee-ēhl'], Keri, Jeziel; assembly of God. יוֹי from הַהְּיִר collated with the Arabic to come together (G.), and אַל God.

The [yizziy-yāh'], Jeziah; may

the Lord besprinkle, i.e. purify [him]. Fut. of T; to sprinkle, and T; the Lord.

shine. Fut. of "! comp. Ni!!

יְיִלְּאָהְי [yizlee-āh'], Jezliah; may he draw [him] out, i. e. save. From an obsolete אָלָן perhaps i. q. דְּלָה (G.), and perhaps by transposition for

וְלֵינֵין [y'zan-yāh'], Jezaniah; contracted from יְאַוֹנֵין

יוֹכְיָדוֹר [y'zan-yāh'hoo], id.

וֹיוֹיִי [yizrāhkh'], the Israhite; with the article היוֹיִי חַייִּי once (1 Chron. xxvii. 8) for the patronymic ייִּאָנָרָיי

[which] God shall sow or plant. Fut. of בינו (to sow, plant, and און God.

יַוְרְעֵאלְי [yizr'ngēhlee'], Jezreelite; gentile noun of the same.

וֹרְעַאּלְית (yizr'ngēh'eeth'], Jezreelitess; feminine of the same.

וֹקְדְּנֹן [yakhdōh'], Jahdo; united, for

יחדיאל [yakhdee-ēht], Jahdiel; may God make [him] to rejoice. Fut. of מון, to rejoice, and און God.

אָרַוְיִייְרוֹ (yekh-d'yāh'hoo], Jehdeiah; may the Lord make [him] to rejoice; comp. the preceding.

יְחַנְּאֵל (g'khav-ēhl'), Kethib for אין: may God preserve [him] alive. For יְחַנָּה (G.), i. q. יְחַנָּא to live, in Piel to preserve alive.

אָרְיוּאָל [yakhzee-ēht], Jahziel; he shall behold God. Fut. of הַּוְיִאָּל נּי נּי מָּל see אַ God.

he shall behold the Lord; comp. the preceding.

לאַרְוּיִייְ [y'khezk'ēhl], Ezekiel; may God strengthen [him]. This stands, according to Gesenius, for אָרְבָּיִי, אָשְּ אָבּיִי וּיִנְיּיִ אָּרָּאָ אָבְּיִי וּיִנְיִּי אָרָּאַרְיִי, אָשְּיִרְאָרִי וּיִנְיִי אָרָּאַרְיִּי וּיִנְיִי אָרָי אַרְיִּי וּיִנְיִי אַרְיִי אַרְיִי וּיִנְיִי אַרְיִי אַרְיִי אַרְיִי אָרָי אַרְיִי אָרִי אַרְיִי אָרְיִי אָרִי אָרְיִי אָרְיי אָרְייי אָרְיייי אָרְיייי אָרְיייי אָרְייי אָרְייי אָרְייי אָרְיייי א

 $\bigcap_{i=1}^{n}\bigcap_{j=1}^{n}(y'khizkiy-y\bar{a}h')$, Hezekiah; may the Lord strengthen him; comp. the preceding.

יָהֶיְלְּהֶרּ [y'khezkiy-yāh'hoo], id.

וווֹרֵי [yakh-zēhrāh'], Jahzehrah; may he bring back. Hiph. of יות, according to the Chaldee to go back.

לְחִיאֵל [y'khee-ēht], Jehiel; may God preserve [him] alive. For אָל '', Piel of רְיִם to live, and אַל God.

יַרְיאָלִי [y'khee-ēhlee'], Jehieli, better Jehielite; patronymic of the preceding.

יְחִיאֵל [y'khiy-yāh'], Jehiah ; may the Lord preserve [him] alive ; comp.

יְחַלְאֵל [yakhl'ēhl], Jahleel; expectation of God, i.e. [a son] expected of God (S.). From רָחָ in Piel to wait, hope. According to Gesenius

for לְחֵלֶּה (whom) God has made sick. From Hiph. of קָּה to be sick, and א God.

יַחְלָּאֵלְי [yakhl'ēhlee'], Jahleelite; patronymic of the same.

יבְּיִי [yakhmah'y], Jahmai; may the Lord keep or preserve [him]. Fut. of an obsolete שול wall is derived, and '_the Lord; comp.

[whom] God does bestow, i. e. as a portion bestowed by God. Hiph. fut. of אָרָ דְּלָּיִת to divide and אָרָ God.

יַחְצָּאָלִי [yakhts'ēhlee'], Jahzeelite; patronymic of the same.

יַחְצָּאָל [yakhtsee-ēhl], Jahziel; i.q. יַחְצִיאָל [yakhtsee-

רתי [yah'khath], Jahath; He shall take away. Apocopated form of Hiph, fut, חַלְּהָי from חַיְחָי to take away. According to Gesenius unition; a contraction for מַלְהָי.

יְמְבְּיָר [yotvāh'], Jotbah; goodness. From שַׁבְי to be good.

יְלְאַרְיְיְ [yotvāhthāh'], Jotbathah ; id. with paragogic ח.

기가 [yoottāh'], Juttah; extended. Verbal of Hoph. fut. of 기가 (G.).

קאר [y'toor'], Jetur; enclosure, village of Nomades, i. q. קייָם, from an obsolete קיקט to surround, according to the form יקרים (G.).

יְכְנְיָחְ [y'khoonyāk'], Kethib for

וְכֵילְיָח [y'kheel'yāh'], Kethib for

זְיֵין (yahkheen'), Jachin; may He establish [him]. Hiph. fut. of ניון compare Appellatives.

יְבִיקְי [yāhkheenee'], Jachnite; patronymic of the same.

ֹיְכֶּלְיִחְ [y'khol-yāh'], Kethib for

יְלְלְיִחוֹי [y'khol·yāh'hoo], Jecholiah; [for whom] the Lord hath shewn himself mighty. From לכל to be able, to prevail, and ארן, the Lord.

קְבְּיֵן [y'khon-yāh'], Jeconiah; may the Lord establish [him]. For הוֹ לְבָּין fut. of שוֹל here in a transitive sense.

יְּבְבְּיְדְהּ [y'khon-yāh'hoo], Kethib id.

וְלְיֹן [yāhlōhn'], Jalon; may he remain. Fut. of דון to pass the night, also to abide, remain.

קיקיה [g'meemāh'], Jemimah; dove; collated with the Arabic. Kromayer by Simonis.

וְיְבְיֹן [yāhmeen'], Jamin; the right or right hand, compare Appellatives.

יְבִיקְי [yāhmeenee'], Jaminite; patronymic of the same.

(60)

יעכ

יְמִיבְי [y'meenee'], Jemini ; found elliptically for the patronymic בּּוֹדְיַמִינְי.

אֹבֶיףְ: [yimlāh'], Imla; He shall fill or fulfil. Fut. of איבָים compare Appellatives.

יִמְלֶּח: [yimlāh'], Imlah; id.

קֹרֵינֶ [yamlēhkh'], Jamlech; may He make [him] to reign. Hiph. fut. of און, to reign.

ֹמְבְּהָי [yimnāh'], Imnah; felicity, collated with the Arabic (S.).

אַבְּע [yimnāhng'], Imna; may He spare [him]. Fut. of בָּעָל to hold back, withhold,

תְּבֶּה [yimrāh'], Imrah; rebellion (G.). From בְּבָּה to be perverse, rebellious.

קְבְּוֹתְ [yāhnōh'ākh], Janoah; rest, quiet. From הַּבּוֹם comp. Appellatives.

יְלֶנְם (yāhnoom'), Keri ; יְלֶנְם [yāhneem'], Kethib ; Janum ; slumber. From סט to sleep, slumber.

רְּשָׁרָיִי [yiskāh'], Iscah; covering. It has the form of אָרָטָ, but the signification of אָרָטָן to cover (S.).

יְּמְבְּיְהוֹה (yismakh-yāh'hoo], Ismachiah; the Lord support [him]. From אין ביין comp. Appellatives, and יוי the Lord.

Y프릿 [yangbēhts'], Jabez; who causeth pain. By transposition for 그렇다 Hiph. fut. of 그렇다, comp. 1 Chr. iv. 9, 10.

יֶּעְרָּוֹ [yengdōh'], Keri, יֶּעְרָּיֹ [yeng-

dah'y], Kethib, Iddo; once (2 Chr. ix. 29) for ידוּל probably of the same signification, seasonable; comp. the verb יַנָינָ

לְינֵיתְּאָל [y'ngoo-ēht'], Jeuel; treasure of God. From אין collated with the Arabic to gather, preserve, (G.), and אין God.

יְנְיּלְּיּץ [y'ngoots'], Jeuz; counsel. From יְלְיּה to advise, like יְקְרָם from יְקְרָם

יְעִרּך [yāh-ngoor'], Kethib for יָעִיר

ער אי [y'ngoosh'], Jeush; assembly. From ישרא to come together; comp. אין ערא

jan-ngăzee-ēhl], Jaaziel; may God console [him]. Hiph. fut. of און, collated by Simonis with the Arabic איז to be comforted, and אול God.

רְיֵהְיִי [yah-ngăziy-yāh'], Jaaziah; may the Lord console [him]; compare the preceding.

יְעָלֵיִי (yah-ngdzēhr'), יְעָלֵיִי and אָיָ (yangzēhr'), Jazar; may He help [him]. Hiph. fut. of יוֹשְׁ compare Appellatives.

יִעיאֵל [y'ngee-ēhl'], Jeiel; i.q.

יְלִיל [yāh-ngeer'], Jair; may He stir [him] up. Hiph fut. of to be awake.

יְעִישׁ [y'ngeesh'], Kethib for יִעִישׁ

אַלְיֵּהְ [yang-kāhn'], Jachan; afflicted. From an obsolete אֲבָר prob. i. q. אָבָר (G.). יְשֶׁל [yāh-ngēhl'], Jael; wild hegoat, comp. Appellatives.

יַעַלְה [yah-ngălāh'], Jaalah, i.q.

יַּמֵלְה [yah-ngălāh'], Jaalah; wild she-goat, feminine of יָּצֵל q. v.

בְּילֵי, [yang-lāhm], Jaalam; may He hide, i. e. protect him. Hiph fut. of יַּצְי, comp. Appellatives.

יען see יעון אדן יען

יְשְׁבֵּי [yangnah'y], Jaanai; may the Lord answer [him]. Fut. of אָבָי to answer, '_, comp. יוַרְאַבּ

בּיְרְיּבְיּ a few times also in Kethib בְּיִלְיְרָּ [yah-ngăkōhơ], Jacob; laying hold by the heel, supplanter.

From אַנְיִ בְּיִלִי a heel, compare Gen.
xxv. 26.

יַנֵּלְבֶּר [yah-ngăkōh'vāh], Jaakobah; id.

יַלְּרֶה [yang-rāh'], Jarah; only once (I Chron. ix. 42.) for יַרְוֹעָדָה:

Jaare-oregim; only once 2 Sam. xxi. 19 for קציר אליגים (Thron. xx. 5. Doubtless the woods of the weavers, but not suitable when compared with the latter passage.

יֵעֵרְיֹשִׁיְה [yah-ngăresh-yāh'], Jaresiah; [whom] the Lord nourishes.

From wind after the Syriac to fatten (G.) and in the Lord.

יְיֵשְיֵי [yah-ngăsāh'y], Jassau (according to Kethib יניפט); contracted from יניפט (G.), the Lord does [it]. Fut. of דּשְׁיִי to do, and דּיִן the Lord.

יַבְּשִׂיאֵל [yah-ngăsee-ēhl'], Jasiel; God does it, comp. the preceding.

רְּבְּיִרְיִי: [yiphd'yāh'], Iphedeiah; the Lord redeem [him]. Fut. of רְּבָּיִר to redeem, and רוֹן the Lord.

ip; and אוֹם; [yāhphōh'], Joppa; beauty. From יוֹם to be beautiful.

יְפִּעְעֵּ [yāhphee'ăng], Japhia; shining. From יְפָּעְ comp. Appellatives.

שְׁלֵים [yaphlēht], Japhlet; may He deliver [him]. Hiph. fut. of שַׁלָּם to escape.

יַפְּלֵמְי [yaphlēhtee'], Japhleti, better Japhletite; patronymic of the same.

קְּבְּיָ [y'phoonneh'], Jephunneh; may he be regarded with favor. Pual fut. of לְּבָּי to turn, turn one's eyes, look graciously.

ment, from 기가 to be open, wide, in Hiph. to enlarge, compare Gen. ix. 27.

마한 [giphtāhkh'], Jephthah; may He free [him]. Fut. of 미끄팅 to open, set free.

ל (giphtakh-ēht'], Jiphthahel; [which] the Lord openeth, compthe preceding. 기구막: [yits-hāhr'], Izhar; oil, comp. Appellatives.

יְצְּהָרֶי [yits-hāhree'], Izeharite; patronymic of the same.

P마약: [yitskhāhk'], Isaac; he laugheth. Fut. of P마약 to laugh, comp. Gen. xvii. 17, &c.

רְצֶּיֵ [yēh'tser], Jezer; form, comp. Appellatives.

וְצְּרֵי [yitsree'], Jezerite; patronymic of the same.

לקבְּאָל [y'kavts'ēht'], Jekabzeel; [which] God shall gather. Piel fut. of איים ליים to gather together, and איים God.

שרק, [yok-d'ngāhm'], Jokdeam; burning of the people. קרָ or וּיְלָדְרָ a burning, from יְלָדְ to kindle, burn, בְּיִ people.

קור [yāhkeh'], Jakeh; pious. From according to the Arabic to venerate, fear God, be pious (G.).

קורתיאל ('g'koothee-ēht'), Jekuthiel; godly piety, lit. piety of God. Compound of קורתיאל piety, comp. the preceding, joined to או [God] by 'conjunctive.

기속가 [yoktāhn'], Joktan; diminished. Verbal of the Hoph. fut of 1일간 to be small.

קֹרֶים, [yāhkeem'], Jakim; may He raise [him]. Hiph. fut. of סקר to arise.

רְּבְיּקְייִ [y'kam-yāh'], Jekamiah; [whom] the Lord gathereth. For הַּיְחָ חְבָּיִר, Piel fut. of הַּיְחָ according to the Arabic to gather (G.).

בּיבְיבִי [y'kam-ngāhm'], Jekameam; [who] gathereth the people. For אַבְיבָי (G.) Piel fut. of קָבָי (comp. the preceding.

קְּמְלֶּמְ [yokm'ngāhm'], Jokmeam ; gathered of the people. Of Hoph. fut. of קְּבָר, comp. the preceding, באַ people.

קרְּצָה [yokn'ngāhm'], Jokneam; possessed of the people. For בָּים, Hoph fut. of קָּבָּה to possess, and שַׁעָּ people.

ְלְיָלְשְׁן [yokshāhn'], Jokshan ; fowler. From הַלְּיִם to lay snares.

יַּלְיִלְּאָרֵל [yokth'eht], Joktheel; subdued by God. For אַרְלְּיִלְּהָ Hoph. of הַיְּלְיִלְּהַ according to the Arabic to serve as a slave (G.).

וְיִלְּאוֹיִ [yir-ōhn'], Iron; fearing [God]. From אין to fear, reverence.

וואָבי: [yir-iy-yāh], Irijah; the Lord look upon [him]. Fut. of אין to see, look upon, and אין the Lord.

בייי [yāhrēhv'], Jareb; only Hos. v. 13 and x. 6, perhaps more correctly rendered as an Appellative, as it is in the margin, [the king that] should plead. Fut. of ביייי:

יְבְּעֵל [y roobbah' ngal], Jerubbaal; marg. (to Judg. vi. 32) Let Baal plead. For בָּעל, comp. Appellatives for בִיב and בַּעל

יְרֶבְּקְיּתְ [yāhrov-ngāhm'], Jeroboam; [whose] people is numerous. Fut. apoc. of בְּבָי to be numerous, many, and □ people.

רְבְּשֶׁת [y'roobbeh'sheth], Jerub-

besheth; let shame (i. e. the shameful idol) plead. Once (2 Sam. xi. 21) for הַבְּעֵעל, q. v. אָשָׁה, shame, i. q. אַשָּׁה, comp. Appellatives.

יהיה [yeh'red], Jared, Jered; descent. From יהיה to descend.

וְדְיֵבְ [yardēhn], Jordan; flowing down. From יְיֵר to descend. According to Simonis, continual noise, murmuring. From אין to make a bustling noise.

ירואל [y'roo-ēhl'], Jeruel; founded by God. Part. pass. רְבָי to cast, lay foundation, and און God.

יָרוֹחַ [yāhrōh'ăkh], Jeroah; moon; i.q. Appellative יָרֵהַ:

אַרוּשֶׁה, יְרוּשְׁה (y'rooshāh'), Jerusha, Jerushah; possessed. From participle pass. fem. יַרַשׁ to possess.

ירושלים [y'rooshāhlah'-uim]; only 2 Chron. xxxii. 9, Est. ii. 6, and according to some copies also I Chron. iii. 5, in all other places ירוֹשֶׁלֶם (in pause Don, Jerusalem; possession of quietness, i. e. a quiet possession. For ירוש שׁלֵים to possess, and dual of שֶׁלֶ quietness, שָׁלֶּח. But the correctness of this dual punctuation may fairly be questioned, since the dual only occurs in the abovementioned three passages out of 643 times of this word's occurrence. It is most likely a later adopted Chaldee form (compare Hebrew מֹמִרוֹן and Chaldee שׁמְרֵין according to which it was pointed. In the Chaldee part of the Scriptures it is ירוּשְׁלֵם and יִרוּשְׁלֵם. All this would speak for the opinion that the D is radical, and with the vowels of בְּיֵשׁ (comp. Gen. xiv. 18,

and Ps. lxxvi. 3) signifies peace. Hence according to Saadia, house of peace, 7? collated with the Arabic habitation, house, in the Hebrew literally founded, as a participle of T??

ירוּשְׁלֵם & יְרוּשְׁלֵם (yˈrooshlēhm & yˈrooshlem'), Chald. Jerusalem ; id.

آری [yeh'rakh'], in pause آریا, Jerah; month, comp. Appellatives.

יֵבְרוֹלוֹ [y'rēhkhōh'], Jericho; sweet odour. From יֵבווֹלוֹ for

בְּיבוֹ [y'rōhkhāhm'], Jeroham; may he be loved. Pual fut. of ביל to love.

יַרַדִּוּאָלִי [y'rakhm'ēhlee'], Jerahmeelite; patronymic of the same.

יוֹרִיה [yarkhāhng'], Jarha; of uncertain signification, probably of Egyptian derivation, since it is the name of an Egyptian servant, 1 Chr. ii. 34, 35.

יִרְמְּאָת (g'ree-ēhl'], Jeriel; established of God, for יְרִי אָל, a passive form for קרי, comp. יְרִיאָל, see also יְרִיאָל

יְיִינְינ [yāhreev'], Jarib; adversary. From יו to contend, compare Ps. xxxv. 1.

יְרִיבֵּי [y'reevah'y], Jeribai; id. with the adjective termination '. (G.).

ירבּה [y'riy-yāh']. Jerijah; estab-

lished of the Lord, for יְרִי יָה, comp. יְרִי and יִרִיאָל.

יִרְּהְרָּהְ [y'riy-yāh'hoo], Jeriah; id.

יוֹבִירוֹ (only once 1 Kin. xvi. 34.) and יְבִירוֹן [y'reekhōh'], Jericho; i.q.

יְרֵמוֹת [y'reemōhth'], Jerimoth; elevations, high places, comp. יְרִמוֹת

יֵרימְוֹת [y'rehmōhth'], Jerimoth ; id.

יִרִיעְוֹת [y'ree-ngōhth'], Jerioth; curtains. Pl. of יְרִיעָה, comp. Appellatives.

ירְקְיּנוּת [yarmooth'], Jarmuth ; elevation, high place. From יוֹרְם i.q. and מאָבים to be high (G.).

יֵבְיּבְוֹר [y'rēhmōhth'], Jeremoth; elevations, high places, compare the preceding.

'בְּבְי [y'rēhmah'y], Jeremai; inhabiting high places (G.). comp. the preceding, '_ an adjective form.

תְּבְיֵהְ [yirm'yāh'], Jeremiah; may the Lord establish [him]. Future of מוֹם i.q. Chaldee קמָר וֹם נוֹם נוֹם cast, set, place, and הן the Lord.

יִרְבְּיְדְוּרְ [yirm'yāh'hoo], Jeremiah; id.

אַ (girp'ehi'], Irpiel; may God heal [him]. Fut. of אָבָּיָל to heal, and אַ God.

may the people spread themselves. Hoph. fut. of Property to spread out, and people.

יְשִׂחֶקּק [yiskhāhk'], Isaac; (i.q. יְשִׂחֶקּ) from מָּחַלָּ to laugh.

אַ 'שְׁילְאֵי [y'seemee-ēht], Jesimiel; may God establish [him]. Hiph. fut. of אול to set, place, establish, and אֵל God.

ישׂרְאֵל [yisrāh-ēhl], Israel; he shall be a prince with God, Fut. of און to be a prince, shew one's self a prince. Others, to contend, struggle, hence this name, a wrestler with God comp. Gen. (xxxii. 24.) אל God.

ישִׂרְאֵלְי [yisr'ēhlee'], Israelite; a man of Israel; gentile noun of the same.

ישִׂרְאָלְית [yisr'ēhleeth'], Israelitish [woman], fem. of the same.

רבי ' (yissāhkhāhr'), Issachar; He [i.e. God] brings reward. Without regard to the points, ישָׁשָׁכִי for אַשְּׁי he beareth, fut. of אַשְׁי he beareth, fut. of אַשְׁי he beareth fut. of אַשְׁי he beareth fut. of אַשְּׁי he is hired, i. e. gotten by hire (as Niph. fut. of יבּשְׁי he is hired, i. e. gotten by hire (as Niph. fut. of יבּשְׁי he is hired, i. e. gotten by hire (as Niph. fut. of יבּשְׁי he is hired, i. e. gotten by hire (as Niph. fut. of יבּשְׁי he is hired, i. e. gotten by hire (as Niph. fut. of יבּשְׁי he is hired, i. e. gotten by hire (as Niph. fut. of יבּשְׁי he is hired, i. e. gotten by hire (as Niph. fut. of יבּשְׁי he is hired, i. e. gotten by hire (as Niph. fut. of יבּשְׁי he is hired, i. e. gotten by hire (as Niph. fut. of יבּשְׁי he is hired, i. e. gotten by hire (as Niph. fut. of יבּשְׁי he is hired).

그렇다 [yehshev-āhv'], Jeshebeab : seat of the father. From 그뻦 to sit, dwell, and 그렇 father.

sat in the seat. This is according to some taken as a a proper name, with the signification dwelling quietly, lit. dwelling in [his own] seat.

בּבְּיל Kethib [yishböhb'nöhv'] Ishbi-benob; whose seat is Nob. From לְשֵׁי seat, with suffix, and בֹשׁ with prefix.

רֹשְׁבִּי [yishbakh'], Ishbah; may he

praise [God]. Fut. of ਸੜ੍ਹਾਂ (in Piel) to praise.

יָשֶׁבְי [yāhshoovee'], Jashubite; patronymic of יָשׁוּב

ישָׁבִּי בְּּכְב [yishbee b'nōhv´], Keri, Ishbi benob ; my seat is in Nob, comp. ישׁבּוֹ בְּלֹב

Jashubilehem; may bread return (perhaps to me). Fut. of שור to return, ', perhaps for ', and בּייָל הַיל bread.

בּאֲבִי [yāhshov-ngāhmi], Jashobeam; the people shall return. Fut. apocopated of אוני to return, and שיני to return, and שינים

רְאָשֶׁי [yishbāhk'], Ishbak; he shall leave. Fut. of שָבָּע in the Chaldee, to leave.

ה (בְּקַלְשָׁה [yoshb'kāl'shāh], Joshbekashah; seek a dwelling. For אָבָּר בְּקְלְשָׁה בְּקְלְשָׁה בְּקְלְשָׁה a dwelling, הְּבָּלְשָׁה imperative of שְׁרָבְּ to seek, with הַ paragogic.

שׁרֵב [yāhshoov'], Jashub; he shall return. Fut. of אשני to return.

קוֹיף [yishvāh'], Ishvah; likeness, similarity. From אָנָה to be like, similar.

קישׁי [y'shōhkhāh-yāh'], Jeshohaiah; the Lord boweth down, humbles. For אַשׁי to bow, fut. of אַשׁי to bow down, (trans.), and אַ the Lord.

ישׁרִי [yishvee'], Ishui; like, similar. From קוֹי to be like, similar. Also as a patronymic, English version, Jesuite.

שַׁרְּעֵּ [yēhshoo'ăng], Jeshua; a contracted form for יְהוֹשְׁעֵּ, q. v.

שְׁיִי [yeeshah'y], Jesse; of doubtful signification. According to some, rich, from the obsolete רוֹשָׁי.

שִׁיב [yāhsheev'], Jashub; he shall bring back, once (1 Chron. vii.1), in Kethib for אָיב, q. v.

「冷遊' [yishshiy-yāh'], Ishiah (1 Chron. vii. 3), Jesiah (xxiii. 20) Isshiah (xxiv. 21), Ishijah (Ez. x. 31); [whom] the Lord lendeth. Fut. of ロウ to lend, 下 the Lord.

ישייה [yishshiy-yāh'hoo], Jesiah; id.

ישׁישׁי [y'sheeshah'y], Jeshishai; [born] of an old man (G.). From שיש; an old man.

אַבְּשְׁיִי [yishmāh'], Ishma; desolation. From שַּׁיִי to be desolate.

קינאל [yishmāhngēhl], Ishmael; God heareth. Fut. of אַבְשׁ to hear and אַ God. Compare Gen. xvi. 11.

ישׁמְעַאּלְי [yishm'ngēhlee'], Ishmaelite; patronymic of the same.

[whom] the Lord heareth, or shall, may hear, compare ישׁמַצּיה.

ישְׁמַעְיְהוּ [yishmang-yāh'hoo], Ishmaiah; id.

ילשְיֵרֵי [yishm'rah'y], Ishmerai ; the Lord keep [him]. Fut. of שָׁבִיר, and '_ the Lord, compare ילא.

yāhshēhn'], Jashen; sleeping, asleep, compare Appellatives.

קְּיֵינֶי [y'shāhnāh'], Jeshanah ; old. The fem. of שְׁלֵי old, compare Appellatives.

ישָׁקְי [yish-ngee'], Ishi; salutary. From שֵׁי help, salvation (G).

지역한 [y'shang-yāh'], Jeshaiah, Jesaiah; salvation of the Lord. From 알맞. salvation and 피? the Lord.

ישׁׁלְיָחוּ [y'shang-yāh'hoo], Isaiah; id.

디어컨 [yishpāh'], Ispah; eminence. From an obsolete 디어 to stand out, be higher.

וְשְׁיֵּיִי [yishpāhn'], Ishpan; eminent, compare the preceding.

ֶּלֶשֶׁר [yeh'sher], Jesher; uprightness. Compare Appellative ישֶׁר

קיבור [y'sharēh'lāh], Jeshare-lah; upright towards or with God. From אָל straight, upright, and אֹל God with local חי

[y'shooroon'], upright, righteous. Part. pass. of "" straight, right. The termination, in is, according to some, intensitive, hence very or most righteous, according to others diminutive, the little righteous [people], speaking of Israel. If this be the true meaning, the word righteous here, ought, perhaps, be taken in the sense of justified.

קיר [yatteer], Jattir; eminent. From יְתֵיר compare the Chaldee יְתָּרׁר very great, eminent.

קוֹלְיוֹתְיׁ [yithlāh'], Jethlah ; may He exalt [him]. From הַלְּהָה according to the Chaldee to lift up, exalt.

תְּבְּיֵת [yithmāh], Ithmah; the being without a father, orphanhood (orbitas). From יחוֹם fatherless, an orphan.

ן (yathnee-eht'), Jathniel; [whom] God gives as a present. Hiph. fut. of לְּבָלִיאָלָ to give presents, and

וֹלְיֵלֵי [yithnāhn'], Ithnan; given (G.), compare the preceding.

יהיי [yeh'ther], Jether; excellence or excellent, compare Appellatives.

יַתִּיר see יַתִּר

יְתְיּלֵי [yithrāh'], Ithra; excellence. For יְתְיִי, as an Appellative, abundance.

יָתְרָן (yithrōh'), Jethro; excellent. For יְתְרָוֹן with the above signification, since it stands for יִתְרְוֹן, compare

יֵתֶר [yithree'], Ithrite; patronymic of

יְתְרֵוֹ [yithrāhn'], Ithran; excellent. Probably i. q. יְתְרוֹן compare יִתְרוֹן

מְנְינְיּנְיּנְ [yithr'-nyāhm'], Ithream; abundance of people. From יְתָיָ a-bundance, compare Appellatives, and people.

וְיֵהֶ (y'thēhth'), Jetheth ; pin, tent-pin. For יְהֶהֶ (S.), from יְהֶר, compare Appellatives.

ב

בְּרָּלֹ [kāhvool'], Cabul; received as a pledge [of friendship]. From

בל, collated with the Arabic, i. q. בל to bind (S.), whence בו מ ביל a cord, and הם ה הואל a pleage. But Gesenius supposes it to be the same with בַּבוּל limit, border.

קבְּר [k'vāhr'], Chebar; greatness or might. Compare the verb בָּבָּי and adjective בַּבִּיי

קּבְּוְרְלְּעְּׁכְּׁר [k'dorlāh-ngōh'mer], Chedorlaomer; handful of sheaves. From אמים collated with the Arabic a handful, and עְּמֵר a sheaf (S.).

The state of the s

[koon'], Chun; stability. From [73] compare Appellatives.

וּהַהּה [kōhnan-yah'hoo], Cononiah; [whom] the Lord has established. According to Kethib, from Piel of אַבָּנְיָדוּהּ see

קוֹמֶי יוֹם [kōhr ngāhshāhn'], Chorashan; smoking furnace. יוֹם i. q. אום a furnace, compare Appellatives.

and only twice, פֿרֹרָשׁ [kōh'-resh], Cyrus; supposed to signify the sun, in the Persic (G).

נולים [koosh'], Cush, Ethiopia; terror. Collated with the Arabic and Chaldee (S.). According to some, multitude, assembly.

ברישי [kooshee'], Ethiopian, Cushi;

gentile noun of the same, and also as a proper name, probably of the same signification with the preceding.

המים [koosheeth'], Ethiopian woman; feminine of the preceding gentile noun.

קּמְלְ [kooshāhn']. Cushan; i. q. פֿרּשׁן.

בישְלוּקר. thah'-yim], Chushan-rishathaim; perhaps Chushan of [the city] Rishathaim, haps double wickedness, i. e. great wickedness, as a dual of שְׁשֶׁן רִשְׁשֶׁרְוֹיִם

קרת [kooth], Cuth; probably i. q. שים ביניש

בּרְקְה [koothāh'], Cuthah; id.

N크 후 [kōhzēhvāh'], Choziba; lying, false. Participle of 그것 to lie.

[kozbee'], Cozbi; lying, false. Compare the preceding.

בְּיִּב [k'zeev], Chezib; a lie. Compare the preceding.

ליד'ן [keedōhn'], Chidon; dart, or perhaps, destruction. Compare Appellatives.

[אין [kiy-yoon], Chiun; statue. From פרן to stand erect. For this form may, perhaps, be compared קיוֹר a also קיין, Piel. קיין, compare Rabbinic? standing, existence.

בּלְּאָב (kil-āhơ'), Chileab; like unto the father. For בְּלָּאָב to prevent the collision of double sh'va; at the beginning the two consonants form one syllable, compare

בְּיֵלְ [kāhlēhv'], Caleb; rabid. Collated with the Arabic (G.). According to others, barker, compare Gesenius on the obsolete בין בי

הלפניה [kāhlēhv - ephrāh'-thāh], Caleb-ephratah; perhaps, Caleb on the way to Ephrath, literally towards Ephrath. For the signification see the preceding, and אַרָּבָּיה.

רְבִּילִבְּיל [kāhlibbee], of the house of Caleb; patronymic of בְּלִבְּיל Thus it is according to Keri in its only occurrence 1 Sam. xxv. 3, but if the Kethib be correct, it may be taken as an Appellative, (אַפְּרֹין) and he was בוֹין בּיִיל according to his own heart, i. e. his (Nabal's) actions were regulated by the impulse of his wicked heart, and not by the law of God.

בְּלְוּב [k'loov'], Chelub; cage or basket. Compare Appellatives.

קליבן [k'loovāh'y], Chelubai; once (1 Chr. ii. 9), for בָּלֵב, probably of the same signification.

פְלְּהוּה [k'looh'hoo], Keri, בְּלֹהוּת [k'loohah'y] Kethib, Chelluh; in neither case is the signification evident.

רַלִייִי [keh'lakh], only found in pause רְּלֵיי [kāh'lakh], Calah; perfection or old age. Compare Apellatives.

קּוֹנָה [kol khōhzeh'], Col-hozeh; all-seeing, קי all, חַוֹּח participle of to see.

לְּיִוֹי [kilyōhn'], Chilion; a pining. Compare Appellatives.

בְּלְפְּׁל [kalkōhl'], Calcol; susten-

ance, from פּּלְפֵּל in Piel בּּלְפֵּל to sustain.

קלל [k'lāhl'], Chelal; completeness. From קלל to be complete.

קֹמְד [kilmad'], Chilmad; of doubtful signification.

בּלְגֵה , בּּלְגֵה [kalnēh'], Calneh ; and בּלְגה [kalnōh], Calno ; id.

[kimhāhm'], Chimham; longing. From בְּמִה comp. Ps. lxiii. 2.

בְּמְהָן [kimhāhn'], Chimhan ; id.

שׁבְּבְּוֹשׁ [k'möhsh], Chemosh; probably subduer, vanquisher. From בּבְּיּשׁ i. q. שַבְּאַ to subdue (G.).

קישׁישׁ [k'meesh], once (Jer. xlviii. 7), in Kethib for the preceding.

בְּבֶּחְ [kannēh'], Canneh; supposed to be a contraction of בַּלָּבָּח.

אָרָכְיָה (kon-yāh'hoo), Coniah; abbreviated from יְבְּנְיֶה, by dropping the ', see בְּיָה,

רביי k' nāh'nee], Chenani; He (God) has established me. For קַּנְבָּי to prevent the concurrence of three Nuns, from און (only according to the derivatives) to establish, compare יַבְּיבָּי from און (Or this may merely be an abbreviation of the following.

[k'nan-yāh'], Chenaniah; [whom] the Lord has established. From פְּנָנְי to establish (compare בְּנָנְי, and הַן the Lord.

בְּנְיְדְהֹי [k'nan-yāh'hoo], Chenaniah; id.

הלבְיְרֶדְה [kāhnan-yāh'hoo], only in Keri, Cononiah, (the English version here reading with Kethib, see פֿרנַבְיָרָדוּה), id.

וְצָבְעָ [k'nah'-ngan], Canaan; humiliation. From אַבְּע to be low.

קבְעֵקה [k'nāh-ngănah'], Chenaan-ah; id.

קנענן [k'nāh-ngănce'], Canaanite; gentile noun of פֿנענן.

בְּלֵבְעָבִיר [k'nāh-ngăneeth'], Canaanitess, Canaanitish woman; feminine of the preceding.

פְּבְּרֵוֹת [kinn'rōhth'], Chinneroth; plural of the following.

בְּבֶּרֶת [kinneh'reth], Chinnereth ; harp, i. q. Appellative כְּבּוֹרִים.

ים for פַּשִׂדּי q. v.

קיל [k'seel'], Chesil; perhaps i.q. Appellative בֶּסֶל confidence, hope.

נְּמְלֵּגְי [kislēv'], Chislev; torpor Collated with the Arabic (S.).

בְּסֵלוֹן (kislōhn'], Chislon; confidence, hope, compare Appellative בָּסֶלוֹן

נְּסְלְוֹן [k'sāhlōhn'], Chesalon ; id.

[k'soollohth'], Chesulloth; hopes, compare the preceding.

בּקְלֶחְים [kaslookheem'], Casluhim; of obscure signification.

קבְּוֹר [kislöhth tāhvōhr], Kisloth-Tabor; confidence of Tabor, compare קבִלוֹן, see also הָבִּבוֹר. *** [kāhsiph-yāh'], Casiphia; the signification of this word is not evident.

קּפִירֶה [k'pheerāh'], Chephirah; probably i. q. יוֹם village.

בְּבֵּר הְּעְפּוֹרְיִ בְּּנִי [k'phar hāh-ngām-mōhnee'], Kethib Chephar-haammonia; village of the Ammonites. From פָּבִּר village, compare Appellative בְּבִּר אַ The reading according to Keri is אַפּוֹרְיִי [hah-ngam-mohnah], probably population. The English version reads with the vowels of Keri and the letters of Kethib.

קוֹר [kaphtōhr'], Caphtor; knob or pomegranate. Compare Appellative.

[kaphtōhreem'], Caphtorims; gentile noun of the same.

בְרָּבּב [k'roov'], Cherub; cherub, compare Appellatives.

בְּרִית [k'reeth], Cherith; a cutting, separation. From בַּרַת to cut.

שׁל [kark'meesh'], Carchemish; fortress of retreat or refuge. From און בין וויים וו

בְּרָבֶּס [karkas'], Carcas; eagle. According to the Persic (S.).

בְּרְשְׁ [karmee'], Carmi; vinedresser. From יוה vine-yard, compare Appellatives.

בְּרְמֵל [karmel], Carmel; fruitful place, vine-yard, or field, compare Appellatives.

בּרְמָלְי [karm'lee'], Carmelite; gentile noun of the same.

בּרְמְלְית [karm'leeth'], Carmelitess; feminine of the preceding.

רָּהֵי [k'rāhn'], Cheran; harp. Collated with the Arabic (G.).

שלים occurs only in this form twice, Est. i. 1, 2, otherwise שלים which see.

און בּילְשׁנוּן [karsh' nāh'], Carshenah; collated with the Persic, some suppose it to mean shining, illustrious, compare בּוֹלְשׁנִין, others, pillaging of war, i. e. spoiler.

יבְּינה [k'rēhthee'], Cherethites; gentile noun, perhaps from some place בָּרַת מוּל (a cutting off, from ניבור).

בְּשֶׂדְ [keh'sed], Chesed; increase.
Collated with the Arabic (S.).

בְּשִׂדְּי [kasdeé'], and Chaldee בַּשִּׂדְּי [kasdah'y], Chaldean; gentile name of the preceding.

[kitteem'], and בְּהָיִים [kittiy - yeem'], Kittim, Chittim; perhaps, better Chittites, as in the Latin Chittæi ; gentile noun of some unknown name; n⊋. a beating or breaking inpieces, from not to beat, break in pieces.

של [kithleesh'], Kithlish; wall of man. Contracted from אִישׁ in Chaldee, and שׁתֶל wall, and אַשׁ man (G.).

4

קבר לא דבר [lōhd'văhr], Lo-debar; no-pasture, אל חסל, הכן קבר קבל, compare קבר, properly, a large place whither cattle is driven for pasture.

רְּאָרֵי [$l\bar{e}h$ - $\bar{a}h'$], Leah; wearied. From רְּאָרָ to be wearied.

לְּאֵל [lāh-ēhl'], Lael; of God. אֵל [dāh-ehl'], Lael; of God. אֵל

בּיִים [l'oomneem], Leummim; people, nations. Plural of אַלְיִים compare Appellatives.

לא עפן [lōh-ngammee'], not my people Hos. i. 9, &c.; compare Appellatives.

קתָם (lōh-rookhāh'māh], Loruhamah; marg. not having obtained mercy. רָחָם Pual pret. of

קְבְּאְוֹת [l'vāh-ōhth'], Lebaoth; lions. compare Appellatives.

לבוֹנְהּ [l'vōhnāh'], Lebonah; frankincense. Compare Appellatives.

[loobheem'], Libyans; once לוֹבִים (Dan. xi. 43), for לְּבִּים, q. v.

לְבָּלְ [lāhvāhn'], Laban; white. Compare Appellatives.

אלְבָּהָי and לְבָּהָי [l'vāhnāh], Lebanan, Lebanah; moon. Compare Appellatives.

לבְּנָח [livnāh'], Libnah; white-ness. Compare Appellatives.

לְבְּרְוֹן [l'vāhnōhn'], Lebanon; the

white one, i. e. white mountain, snow mountain. From 122 white.

לְבְּנְי [livnee'], Libni, Libnite; white, compare the preceding.

רי [lohd], Lod; birth, nativity, for from לנד to bear, bring forth. According to Gesenius, strife, quarrel, from an Arabic root לנד to strive.

gentile noun, in the plural Lehabites, of the singular לְתַבְּים from תְּבָּים burn-ing flame. Supposed to be the same with הילובים

לְחֵׁד [lah'had], Lahad; oppression. Collated with the Arabic (G.).

ם [looveem], Lubim, Lubims; a gentile noun, in the plural Lubites (Libyans), of the singular לוּבִי from thirst, drought, collated with the Arabic verb to thirst (S.).

להד [lood], Lud, Lydia; born, for ללה, from ללי to bear, bring forth.

לוֹ דְבֶּר [lōh-d'vāhr'], Lo-debar; stands 2 Sam. ix. 4, 5, for לא 2 Sam. xvii. 27.

להְיִם [loohdeem'], Ludim; gentile noun of להן.

[looz,] Luz; almond-tree, compare Appellatives.

לפון '(lookhooth') Kethib, and לפון (lookheeth'), Luhith ; boarded, floored, from לפון table, table.

לוֹחֲשׁׁ [lohkhēhsh'], Halohesh; only occurring with article יו the en-

chanter. Participle of מָלְים, compare Appellatives.

שׁלֹיִ [loht], Lot; covering, protection, from to wrap, cover.

לוֹמְן [lōhtāhn'], Lotan; id.

'!? [lehvee'], Levi, Levite; joining, adhesion, from '!? to join oneself to, adhere to, compare Gen. xxix. 34, where the margin reads joined. In the singular and plural used as a patronymic.

[lēhvāh-yēh'], Levites; the Chaldee plural of the preceding.

לְּוֹשׁ [loosh], Laish; once (2 Sam. iii. 15), for יוֹיָל, q. v.

לְּחֶל [l'khee'], occurs only in pause לְחֵיל [leh'khee], Lehi; jaw-bone. Compare Appellatives, and Jud. xv. 17.

[lakhmee'], Lahmi; fighter, from לְחֵבׁ to fight, war.

בְּשׁלִשׁה [l'toosheem], Letushim, a gentile noun in the plural, of the singular שָׁלִשׁה , as a participle passive of שִׁלֵי to sharpen, hence sharpened.

שׁלֵי: [lah'-yish], Laish; lion, compare Appellatives.

קב (lēhkhāh'], Lecah; a going, journey, for יְבֹּכֶּר from אָבָי, to go, compare יְבֹּכָר from אָבָי, from אַבָּי,

לְּכִישׁ [lāhkeesh'], Lachish; the obstinate, i. e. impregnable, collated with the Arabic (G.).

לְמֹוּאֵל ְ [l'mōh-ēhl], Lemuel; of God, i. q. לְאֵל ְ being a poetic form for \dot{c}

למראַל [$l'moo-\bar{e}hl'$], Lemuel; id.

آرِةِ [leh'mekh], Lemech, (in pause) Lamech; strong, collated with the Arabic (S.).

רְשְׁלֶּחֶ (lang-dāh'), Laadah; for an ornament, for רְשָׁלֶח, וְשְׁלֶּח, i. q. Appellative יְצֵיּי But according to Gesenius, collated with the Arabic order.

וְקְיּלְ [lang-dāhn'], Laadan; perhaps, id. According to Gesenius, put in order, compare the preceding.

לְפִּידְוֹת [lappeedōhth'], Lapidoth; torches, i. q. Appellative לָפִּידְ.

בְּקְיּם [lakkoom'], Lakum; obstruction of the way, collated with the Arabic (S.).

לְקְחְי [lik-khee'], Likhi; attractive. From לַכְּוֹם to take.

לשׁכוּ [leh'shem], Leshem; Ligure, the name of a gem, or according to Castell, Jacinth. Compare Appellatives.

מְשׁנֵי [leh'shang], only in pause [lah'shang], Lasha; a chasm in the earth. Compare Gesenius under the obsolete root מַלָּילָּבָּי

2

רוֹאָם [$m\bar{e}h$ - $\bar{u}h'$], Meah; hundred. Compare Appellatives.

קבְּקֵר [mivkhāhr'], Mibhar; the choicest. Compare Appellatives.

יבֶּבֶּי [m'voonnahy'], Mebunai; built up, i. e. made prosperous, and perhaps, of the Lord, if '_ expresses Lord; compare יווא. Pual participle of יווא to build.

קרְבֶּי [mivtsāhr'], Mibzar; fortress. Compare Appellatives, and Jer. vi. 27.

מְבְשְׂם [mivsāhm'], Mibsam; sweet odour. From קָּשֶׁם fragrance, spicery.

ש (maybeesh'), Magbish ; gathering. Hiph. participle of בנה in the Chaldee to gather.

קיבְּדְּוֹ [m'giddōli'], Megiddo; [place] of troops. From דב, compare Appellative בְּדִרּהְ מִי מִינִים מִינִים מִינִים מִינִים מִינִים מִינִים מִינִים מִינִים מִינִים מִּינִים מִינִים מִינִים מִינִים מִינִים מִינִים מִינִים מִּינִים מִינִים מִּינִים מִינִים מִינִים מִינִים מִינִים מִינִים מִינִים מִּינִים מִינִים מִּינִים מִּינִים מִּינִים מִינִים מִינִים מִינִים מִּינִים מִינִים מִינִים מִּינִים מִינִים מִינִים מִינִים מִינִים מִינִים מִינִים מִינִים מִינִים מִּינִים מִּינִים מִּינִים מִינִים מִּינִים מִּינִים מִּינִים מִינִים מִּינִים מִינִּים מִּינִים מִּינְים מִּינִים מִּינִים מִּינִים מִּינִים מִּינְים מִּינְּים מִּינְים מִּינְים מִּינְים מִּינְים מִּינְים מִּינִים מִּינִים מִּינְים מִּינִים מִּינִים מִּינִים מִּינִים מִּינְים מִּינִים מִּינְּים מִּינְים מִּינִים מִּינִים מִּינִּים מִּינִים מִּינִים מִּינִים מִּינִּים מִּינִים מִּינִים מִּינִּים מִּינִים מִּינִים מִּינִים מִּינִים מִּינְּים מִּינִים מִּים מִּינִים מִּינִים מִּינְים מִּינְים מִּינְים מִּינְּים מִּינְים מִּינְים מִּינְים מִּינְים מִּינְים מִּינְים מִּינְים מִּינְים מְּינִים מִּינְים מִּינְים מִּינְים מִּינְים מִּינְים מִּינְים מִּינִים מִּינִים מִּינְים מִּינְים מִּינְים מִּינְים מִּינְים מִּים מִּינְים מְּינְים מִּינְים מְינִים מְּינְים מְּינְים מְּינְים מְּינִים מְּינְים מְּינִים מְינִים מְּינְים מְינְים מְּינְים מְּינְים מְּינְים מְּינְים מְינִים מְּינְים מְינְים מְּינְים מְינְים מְּינְים מְינִים מְּינְים מְּינְים מְּינְים מְינְים מְּינְים מְּינְים מְּינְים מְינִים מְּינְים מְּינְים מְינִים מְּים מְינִים מְּינְים מְינִים מְינִים מְּינִים מְּינְים מְינִים מְּינְים מ

קּבְּדּוֹל ,מִבְּדְּוֹל [migdōhl'], Migdol ; tower, i. q. Appellative ,מַבְּדִּוֹל.

ן מְגִּדְּלֹן [mˈgiddōn], Megiddon ; i. q. מָגִדּלֹן.

לְבְּרִיאֵל [magdee-ēhl'], Magdiel; precious of God. Compound of מֶבֶּר something precious, excellent, and אֵל God, compare Appellatives.

מְבְּדֵּל־אָלְ [migdal-ēhl'], Migdal-el; tower of God, compare Appellatives.

קּבְּדִּלְּבְּּגְּרְ [migdal-gahd], Migdal-gad; tower of Gad, compare Appellatives, and אַ proper name.

[migdal-ngēh'der], tower of Edar; tower of the flock. Compare Appellatives.

מְלְנֹנ [māhgōhg'], Magog; extension, or, augmentation (S.). Compare אוֹם.

בי (māhgōhr missāhveev'], Magor-missabib; marg. (Jer. xx. 3) fear round about. Compare Appellatives.

שׁלֵים [magpee-ngāhsh'], Magpiash; great gathering, or, assembly. Simonis supposes this word to be a contraction of ישים ביים ביים ביים ביים a gathering, and שׁישׁ id. from שֹּהְשׁ to come together; but Gesenius, mothkiller, as it were שֵׁשְׁישׁבָּאָלָם, from אָשׁבָּע Hiph. Part. of אָבַבְּי to smite, and שֹׁשְׁ a moth. Compare Appellatives.

אָנְרְיׁה [mig-rōhn'], Migron; precipice. From בְּנֵר to cast, Chaldee בְּנֵר to cast down.

רְּאָרָיָם [māhdāh-āh'], Median; Chaldee gentile noun in the emphatic state; in Keri, of ידַיף.

וְדְּלֵוֹ [māhdōhn'], Madon; contention, from אין to contend. Compare Appellatives.

רְדֵי [māhdǎhy'], Madai, Media, Medes; supposed to mean middle, midst.

ֶּלֶדְי [māhdee'], Mede; gentile noun of the same.

וֹרְיָּרְ [mid-yāhn'], Midian, Midianite; strife, contention. Comp. Appellatives.

וְדְיּלְ [middeen'], Middin; measures. From the sing. דָּבָּ, root דְּבָּי to measure.

קְרָנְנְי [mid-yāhnee'], Midianite; gentile noun of יְרָנְנָּ

קְּיְלְיִר [mid-yāhneeth'], Midianitish woman; fem. of the preceding.

בְּבְּמְן [madmēhn'], Madmen; dunghill, i. q. בַּדְמָנָדּן.

מַדְמֵקְה [madmēhnāh'], Madmenah; dung-hill. Compare Appellatives.

מְדְּמַכְּּהְ [madmannāh'], Madmannah ; id.

רְּדֶּךְ [m'dāhn'], Medan; contention. Compare Appellatives.

מְדָגְי [m'dāhnee'], Midianite; i.q.

אַרְתְּי, [m'dāhth'āh], Hammedatha; it occurs only in the form אַרְדְאָדּר, the Theing considered radical (not the article) twin-brother (geminus), collated with the Persic (S).

וְהְאוֹתְים [m'hoomāhn'], Mehuman; faithful. A Chaldee form, from the root יְבְיִילָּן; compare יְבִייִנִים (Dan. vi. 5) faithful, as a Part. Aph.

לְחֵימֶבְאֵל [m'hēhtav-ēht'], Mehetabel, Mehetabeel; God is the benefactor. From אינון און Piph Part. according to the Chaldee form of אינון אי

אבים [mah-hălal-ēht], Mahalaleel; praise of God. Compound of אָל אָר praise, from אָל, and אָל God. Compare Appellatives.

מְחַרֵּי [mah-hărah'y], Maharai; swift. From קהר to hasten.

וֹשׁ בְּיוֹ הְשׁ בְּיוֹ [mah-hēhr' shāh-lāhl' khāhsh bāhz], Maher-shalal-hash-baz (marg. in making speed to the spoil, he hasteneth the prey).

그렇히 [mōh-āhơ], Moab; the coming in (lying with) of the father. Contracted from 그렇 시구하, the former as derived from 시호 to come in.

מוֹאָכִי [mōh-āhvee'], Moabite; gentile noun of the same.

וֹמְלְּבְּרְ [mōh-ăviy-yāh'], Moabitess; feminine of the preceding.

מוֹאָבֶית [mõh-āhveeth'], Moabitess; id.

מוֹלְנֵת [möhlāhdāh'], Moladah; birth, origin. From לָלֵי to bear, bring forth.

mohleed'], Molid; begetter, sire (genitor). From Hiph. participial form of יון to bear, bring forth.

ק'מְלֶּכְן [mōhm'khāhn'], Kethib for

תְּמְמֵית [mōhsēhrāh], Mosera; band. From יוֹמְרָה to bind. In the plural יוֹמָר [mōhsēhrōhth], Moseroth; bands.

מופְעָת (moophah'-ngath), in Kethib for מיפעת

N의 [mōhtsāh'], Moza; fountain. From 자꾸 to come forth. Compare Appellatives.

מֹרֶה [mōhreh'], Moreh; archer. Hiphil form of יָרָה to throw, shoot.

מֹרָיָּח see מוֹרָיָּח.

רוב [möhreh' sheth gath], Moresheth-gath; possession of Gath. בוֹרֶשׁר from בוֹרָ to take possession of, and compare Appellative רוב.

מוֹרַשְׁוּתְי [mōhrashtee'], Morasthite; gentile noun of the preceding.

who [mooshee'], Mushi, Mushite; yielding. From who to give way, yield. As a p.n. and patronymic of the same. It is once (1 Chr. vi. 4) found who [mushshee'].

The [mizzāh'], Mizzah; fear. From me in the Chaldee, i. q. DDD to melt, be faint-hearted, fear.

a gentile noun, only occurring 1 Chr. xi. 4. According to Simonis from אמתום place of assembly, from the Arabic יום to gather together; from the which also יום a village, is derived. But the plural form in this passage cannot easily be accounted for.

לֹחָים [māhkhōhl], Mahol; dancing.

(75)

From to dance. Compare Appellatives.

רוֹאִייִאוֹת [makhzee-öhth'], Mahazioth; vision. From Tin to see.

קרירה [m'kheedāh'], Mehida; junction. From The collated with the Syriac to join (S.).

קריאל [m'khiy-yāh-ēhl'], Mehujael; smitten of God, i. q. מְדוֹרְיָּאֵל for which it stands, the form 'D' being a Chaldee Part. pass. form.

קחיר [m'kheer'], Mehir; price. Compare Appellatives.

מְחַלֵּת [makh-lāh'], Mahlah; sickness, i. g. Appellatives מְחַלָּח.

מַחַלְּוֹן [makh-lõhn'], Mahlon; sick. From To be in pain, be sick.

מָחָלֵי [makhlee'], Mahali, Mahli, Mahlites: id.

מְחֵלֵת [mah-khălath'], Mahalath; lute, quitar. Thus Gesenius renders this word, Ps. liii. I and lxxxviii. I, by a collation with the Æthiopic.

[m'khōhlāhthee'], Meholathite; gentile noun of אָבֶל מָחֹלָת q.v.

וֹבְיוֹבְיוֹ [mahkhănēh' dāhn'], Mahaneh-dan; camp of Dan. Compare Appellatives and p. n. 17.

מוֹכְיֵבוֹ [mahkhanah'-yim], Mahanaim; marg. two hosts (Gen. xxxii. 2), better two camps. Dual of Tana a camp.

תְּחֶבֶּתְ [makhsēh-yāh'], Maaseiah; [whose] refuge is the Lord.

refuge, from TOO to take refuge. shelter, and In the Lord.

חַבְּי [mah'khath], Mahath; taking, grasping. Apoc. from TATA Hiph. part. of The to take, seize.

מְטְרֵד [mat-rehd], Matred; propeller, driver. Hiph, Part, of TID i. g. Chaldee The to thrust, drive.

מַטְרֵי [mat-ree'], Matri; perhaps better Matrite, as a patronymic of an unknown person ግርር; probably i. q. שְׁטָּטְ rain.

>27' [mēh-d'vāh'], Medeba; water of quiet. From 'D construct state of D'D water, and No.7 collated with the Arabic to rest, be quiet (S.).

TT'D [mehdahd'], Medad; love. From TT i. q. TiT to love.

בוֹתְבֹ mēh' zāh-hāhv'], Mezahab; water of gold, or, gold water. "Const. בוֹם and בוֹין gold. Compare Appellatives.

מֵי חַיַּרְקְרֹן [mēh' hay-yarkōhn'], Mejarkon; water of greenness, or, greenwater. 'D, compare the preceding, and i. q. Appellative יִרְקוֹּן, but which latter more refers to the greenvellowish colour, compare Appellatives.

מִיכֶּא [meekhāh'], Micha; for קיבָּא (compare 2 Sa. ix. 12, with 1 Chr. viii. 34), and as a contraction from קיבָים (compare Neh. xi. 17, 22, with xii. 35) who (is) like the Lord.

קיכַאַל [meekhāh-ēhl'], Michael; who (is) like unto God? Compound of い who. っぱる as God, compare ָמְיכָיָח.

지구가 [meekhāh], Micah; who (is) like unto the Lord? Contraction from 지구가 (compare 2 Chron. xxxiv. 20 with 2 Kings xxii. 12), which see; compare also 하구가

מְיבֶּיה [meekhāh-yāh'], Michaiah; who (is) like unto the Lord? From איס who, and איס as the Lord; for which form compare אַיִּיבָּא, which favours this signification, so that all the preceding forms may rightly be considered contractions from this, as the references under each prove them to have been used indiscriminately; and see also אַסְיִים.

קיבְיִדוּ [meekhāh-y'hoo'], Micaiah, Micah; id., but more fully of ידורה.

i. q. Appellative מִבְל [meekhal'], Michal ; brook,

וְיְמֶין [miy-yāhmeen'], Mijamin, Miamin; at the right, i. e. the most cherished. Compare Appellative יָבִין the right.

מי (מֵי מִרִיבוֹת mrievah'], water of Meribah; waters of contention or strife. Perhaps the whole may be best taken as a proper name, Me-meribah. "בי const. state of מִי מִי עֹבִינֹת to contention, from מֹי לוֹנָת נֹת מִינֹת מָּבִינֹת.

בי (בְּפְרָהְוֹית mehi onephiōh'akh), the waters of Nephtoah; waters of opening, i.e. waters flowing freely. Perhaps the whole may be better taken as a proper name, Me-nephtoah. בי compare the preceding, and מַּבּיל from מַבְּיל to open.

רַשְׁלֵּשְׁ [mēhphah'ngath], Mephaath; splendour, beauty, from אָבָי to shine.

בְּישֵׁא [mēhshāh'], Mesha; retreat. From Hiph. of מוֹם to depart.

אלים [meeshāh-ēhl'], Mishael; who (is) what God (is). Compound of איי קאל that, what, abbreviated from שָּלֵין and אַנְ God. Compare מִינְאָלִין

קוֹים [mēhshakh'], Meshach; nimble, swift. Collated with the Arabic.

The king's guest, collated with the Persic (Lorsbach quoted by Gesenius).

אני איני (mēhshāhng), Mesha; help, deliverance. From the Hiph. of אַנִי to help, deliver.

אַרְבּמֵלְ [makhbēhnāh], Machbena; band, i. q. אַרְבּמֵלְ Q. v. According to Gesenius (in Thes.), a cloak; from the Syriac בוון to gird round, to put on, אַבְדָּבְּעָל girdle, vestment; Talmudic אָרָבְּעָל thin cloak.

יְבְבּבּלְ [makhbannah'y], Machbanai; doubtless allied in signification with the preceding. Gesenius (in Thes.) proposes, having on a cloak; but is himself undecided about it.

קה' [māhkhee'], Machi; pining, fainting. Participial of און to pine, with adjectival '. giving it personality.

קביר [māhkheer'], Machir; sold. Passive form of קבי to sell.

מְבִירְי [māhkheeree'], "of Machir." Patronymic of the same.

DẬẶẸ [mikhmāhs'], Michmas; hid treasure, or, perhaps, a hiding-place. From Dૂંં to lay up, hide away.

מְכְמָשׁ & מְכָמָשׁ [mikhmāhsh'], Mich-

mash; id. Compare Ezr. ii. 27 with Neh. vii. 31.

지유하고 [mikhm'thāhth'], Michmethah; hiding-place, i. q. ㅁㄱɔ in the Arabic to hide (S.); whence the Hebrew 모깃형 gold, probably what is hidden, laid up.

יבְּיבִיבְּיבְ [makhnadvah'y], Machnadebai; what (is) like the liberal? Contracted for בְּיבִי בְּיִבְי בְּיבְי בְּיבִי (Diberal, compare Appellatives. Some copies read בְּיבִי בְּיבִי with compensative Dagesh in בְּיבִי בִּיבִי הַיבִּי הַ

תְּלְבְּהָן [m'khōhnāh'], Mekonah [better, Mechonah]; foundation. From אָבְרֹנְיִם, compare Appellative קְבֹנִים, of which this is written defectively.

קבְּפֵּלֶח [makhpēhlāh'], Machpelah; a doubling. From בָּבֶּל to double.

קבְרָי (mikhree'], Michri; price of the Lord. For מְבָרָיִי (G.), מֶבֶּרָי (G.), price (compare Num. xx. 19) and the Lord.

ית [m'khēhrāhthee'], Mecherathite; gentile noun from בְּבָרָת (perhaps a mine, from בְּבָרָת to dig), the name of some unknown place.

שׁהְשׁהְ [makhtēhsh'], Maktesh [better, Machtesh]; a mortar, from מַרְהַאָּ. Compare Appellatives.

בְלְּאָכֵי [mal-āhkhee'], Malachi; messenger of the Lord. For בְּלְאָכִי from אָבְיָשׁ messenger, and הּיִנָּ the Lord.

אלְיָת [millōh'], Millo; mound, rampart. From אֹבְיָר to fill, and be filled. From its being filled up with stones and earth, in the Chaldee אָבָירָת (S.). קְּפְּרָ [mallookh'], Malluch; reigning, or, counsellor. From אַבְייָם to reign, or i. q. Syriac אַבְייָם (G.), compare Chaldee אַבְייִם to counsel.

קליכוּ [m'lookhee'], Kethib for מְלֹּיבְר, probably id.

[mallōhthee'], Mallothi; my fulness. For בְּלֵאוֹתוֹ, from the Piel Infinitive of לְּלֵא to fill, and be filled.

קרְיִילְיִף [m'lat-yāh'], Melatiah; [whom] the Lord delivers. Pret of מַלְשִׁילָן to deliver, and און the Lord.

קליקו [m'leekhoo'], Melicu; probably i.q. מַלוּדְּדָּ

기가 [meh'lekh], Melech; King. Compare Appellatives.

קֹלֶּיף [mōh'lekh], Moloch; id., according to the Syriac dialect.

קלה [milkāh'] Milcah; queen, i.q.
Appellative אָלְיָם, or counsel, from
the Chaldee לְּלִים to counsel, compare

בְּלְבְּיאֵלְ [malkee-ēht], Malchiel; king of God, or God (is) King. From אָבָּי king, and אַנְי God, with '. conjunctive between the two nouns.

יָלְיּיִאָלְי [malkee-ēhlee'], Malchielite; patronymic of the preceding.

קלְנִישְׁ [malkiy-yāh'], Malchiah, Malchijah; king of the Lord, or, the Lord (is) King. From קל and הן the Lord, compare אָלְנִישְׁלָּ

מְלְבִּיְהוּ [malkiy-yāh'hoo], id.

מְלְפִי־צֶּדֶקּ [malkee tzeh'dek], Mel-

chizedek; King of righteousness. From 기구구 king, and P그룹 righteousness.

ביקם [malkeerāhm], Malchiram; king of exaltation. From קל king, and בן exaltation, from to be high.

אָפּרשׁני & malkee-shoo'ang], Melchi-shua; king of help. From אָטָׁלְּה king, and אַשׁלֹי for אַשׂעִי help, from לישׁני to help, deliver.

מְלְתֵּה [malkāhm], Malcham, and מְלְתָּה [milkohm], Milcom; i.q. קוֹל, but the form is taken from קוֹל, coording to some, expressing intensity; hence great king.

קללי [mee-lălah'y], Milalai; eloquent (G.), from קלל to speak.

ነምነው [m'mookhāhn'], Memucan; it is compared with an Arabic root ነጋይ to be able (S.); hence, having power, authority.

אַרְיָבְיּה [mamrēh], Mamre; perhaps, fatness, from אים, collated with the Arabic to be full, well fed (G.).

קְלְּוֹית [māhnōh'ăkh], Manoah; rest, quiet. From ישנים to rest. Compare Appellatives.

בְּחָבׁי [m'nah-khēhm'], Menahem; comforter. Piel part. of סְנָים to console, comfort.

חַרְבְּיִ [māhnah'khath], Manahath;

rest, compare בְּלְהָה; according to some, gift, present, from בְּלַהְ, of which also a gift, offering, is derived.

יְבְיּ [m'nee], "that number," marg. (Isaiah lxv. 12), Meni; fate, fortune (fortuna), as the name of an idol, collated with the Arabic (G.)

prinnee, Minni; perhaps, part, portion. Compare Gesenius on the obsolet 122; according to the Arabic to divide out, to allot; whence the particle 12 from, is derived.

י (min-yāhmeen'), Miniamin ; i.q. בְּיָמִין, where ב' is compensated by Dagesh in '.

תְבְּיח [minneeth'], Minnith; perhaps, part, portion. Compare מָבָּיח.

ਸਾਲੇ ਹੈ ਨੂੰ [m'nash-sheh'], Manasseh; marg. (Gen. xli. 51) forgetting; better, causing to forget. Hiphil of ਸਲ੍ਹੇ to forget.

קנשׁי [m'nash-shee'], Manassite; patronymic of the same.

기후면 [massāh'], Massah; margin (Ex.xvii. 7), temptation from 기약 to try. Compare Appellatives.

קְּמְשֶׁ [mispāhr'], Mispar; number, from בְּסְ to number. Compare Apellatives.

מְסְבֶּרֶת [mispeh'reth], Mispereth; id.

מוֹסֵרָה see מֹסֵרוֹת.

'IPP [mah-ngădah'y], Maadai; ornament of the Lord, apoc. from the following.

নাম্ট্ [māh-ngōhkh'], Maoch; oppression. From মুট্ট to press.

וְלְּלְיֹם [māh-ngōhn'], Maon; habitation, dwelling. Compare Appellatives.

m'ngooneem'], Meunim, Mehunim; habitations. Compare the preceding. As the name of a man, and also as a gentile noun of אָעוֹן, English version, Mehunims.

ית (G.), plural of מעולת, meonothai; habitations of the Lord. For מְעוֹנְתְיִם

maziah; [mahngaz-yāh'], Maaziah; consolation of the Lord. Compound of יציף, from ידיד, collated with the Arabic (S.) to console, and הוו the Lord.

[mahngaz-yāh'hoo], id.

' [māh-ngāh'y], Maai; fountain of the Lord. 외구 from 외끄, collated with the Syriac and Arabic to flow (S.), and ' the Lord. Compare '다다.

קַּעְּכֶּה [mah-ngākhāh'], Maacha; oppression, from אָבָי to press.

מְמֶכְתְ [mah-ngăkhāhth'], Maachathites (probably Maachath); id.

ימַעְּכָּהְ (mah-ngăkāhthee'], Maachathite; gentile noun of the preceding מְעֶּכְהָי.

מְצֵלְת עְּקְרָשְׁים [mah-ngălēh' ngak-rabbeem'], Maaleh-acrabbim, ascent of Akrabbim; ascent of scorpions. From

מַלֶּלֶה ascent, of אָלָ to ascend, and the pl. of עַּלְרָב a scorpion.

רְשְׁבְּ [mah'-ngats], Maaz; wrath. Collated with Arabic (G.)

קְּמֶרֶת [m'ngāhrāh'], Mearah; cave. From אָדָר Compare Appellatives.

קְבֶּיה [mahngărāhth'], Maarath; place naked of trees (G.), from אָנָה to be naked. Compare Appellatives.

່ງບຸນຸລຸ [mahngăsah'y], Maasiai; work of the Lord. Apoc. of the following.

コングログ [mah-ngǔsēh-yāh], Maaseiah; work of the Lord. Compound of ロヴリロ work, from ロヴリ to work, and 可, the Lord.

מַעְמֵיןְחוּ [mahngăsēh-yāh'hoo], id.

하는 [mōhph], Memphis; this and 하는 English version Noph, are supposed to be derived from another Egyptian form of this name, signifying full of the good (ones), as a sepulchre for the good only.

תְּלֵיבְישְׁם [m'pheevōh'sheth], Mephibosheth; the signification of this name is difficult to determine. The supposition of Simonis, also adopted by Gesenius after him, that it stands for תְשֵׁבִּ אִשְּׁם exterminating the idol, is most improbable.

D'마친 [mooppeem], Muppim; besides the uncertainty of the signification of this word, there is a discrepancy in the parallel passages (compare Gen. xlvi. 21 (고면) with 1 Chr. vii. 12 and Num. xxvi. 39), and whatever has been suggested concerning it is of very little probability.

mysp [m'tsōhvāh-yāh'], Mesobaite; assembly of the Lord. From Pas to gather together, collated with the Syriac (S.), and Fi, the Lord. The name of an unknown place, used as a gentile noun.

দিন্দ [mōhtsāh'], Mozah; perhaps for প্রাত fountain (G.). Compare Appellatives.

יוֹצְים [mūhtsōhr]; this word, in 2 Ki. xix. 24; Isa. xix. 6, xxxvii. 25; and, perhaps, Mic. vii. 12, where, in the English version, it is rendered by besieged, fortified (places, cities), defence, fortress, is by many taken as a p. n., and that as a paronomasia for ביו ביו (Egypt). For its signification, fortress, compare Apellatives.

미환주 [mitspeh']. Mizpeh; watch-tower. From 미환국 to look about, to view. Compare Appellatives.

ጠቃኝው [mitspāh'], Mizpah; id.

קצְרָי [mitsree'], Egyptian; gentile noun of בְּבָרָי.

D [mitsrah'-yim], Egypt (E-gyptians), Mizraim; straitness. Dual of ግኝው (compare Appellatives); hence, perhaps, double straitness, from ግንያ to bind, to shut up; according to which, it may also signify fortification, fortness, compare ግንደው. Gesenius, by a collation with the Syriac and Arabic, supposes the obsolete root ግንያ to signify the same from which this word may be derived.

קּבְּרִית (mitsreeth), Egyptian, Egyptian woman; feminine of בְּבִּרִית.

מַקּרָת [makkēhdāh'], Makkedah;

place of cattle-breeders, or shepherds; from 727, hence Appellative 722 a cattle-breeder, or shepherd.

רְבְּיִבְיּבְרְ [makhēhlōhth'], Makheloth; assemblies. From יְבוּיִל to call together.

מְהְלְּוֹת (miklöhth'), Mikloth; contempts. Plural of הָבְּלָה, from הָלָּנָת i. q. אָלָר, to lightly esteem.

אַרְיִבְיּה [miknēh-yāh'hoo], Mikneiah; possession of the Lord. From אַרְאָרָה, of אַרְהָּדְיּה to possess, to buy, and אַרְ, the Lord.

পুট্লালু māh-kats], Makaz; end. From পুট্রা to cut off; after the form মৃত্যু (G.)

אָרֶת (māhrāh'], Mara (marg. Ruth i. 20, bitter); sad. For קָּרָד fem. of bitter, sad, from בְּרַר. Compare Appellatives.

וְאֵלְיּאָן װְאֹרִיםְ [m'rōhdakh' balŭ-dām'], Merodach-baladan. For the first of these see אָרְיִים, and for the second, compare וְיַנִייִם, hence Merodach is lord god.

הַבְּאֹיָה (māh-rēhshāh'), Mareshah; what is at the head (G.), denom. of מור head.

בּרֶב [mēhrav'], Merab; increase. From בְּרֶב to become much, or many.

קֶּנֶד [meh'red], Mered; rebellion. From קבר to rebel, compare Apellatives.

קרֹים [m'rōhdakh'], Merodach; the name of a Babylonian idol, supposed to be Mars; whom, says Gesenius (in

Thes.), as the bloody author of slaughter, the ancient Shemitic nations appeased by human sacrifices. The root TID (II. being a Syriac and Chaldee formative) he compares with the German Mort, and the Latin Mors, which signify death and slaughter, which, he thinks, suits well the god of slaughter and war, since Mars, Mavors, and Mors seem to be of the same root. According to another opinion, by a collation with the Persic, this name is supposed to signify the little man, as an endearing appellation.

יבְרַבְּלְ [mor-d'khāh'y], Mordecai; the little man, or worshipper of Mars, from אורם (G.), compare the preceding. If the latter be the true signification, it can only be the name which that godly man was compelled to adopt at the Persian court.

קרת [māhrāh'], Marah; bitterness, or what is bitter. Feminine of בָּרָ from בְּרַבְי to be bitter.

מְרָנוֹ [mēhrōhz], Meroz; refuge, place of refuge. For אַרָּרוֹם, from הַאָּרוֹן from collated with the Arabic to contract oneself, also to flee (S.).

קרוֹם (mēhrōhm'), Merom; height, high place, i. q. קרוֹם, from ניס to be raised, high.

קְּרְוֹּת [māhrōhth'], Maroth ; bitternesses, bitter fountains (G.), plural of תְּבָּים q. v.

קייב בַּעַל [m'reev bah'-ngal], Merib-baal; contender against Baal. יס ביב from יב to contend.

מי מָרִיבָה see מְרִיבֶה.

קריב בּעַל [m'ree vah'-ngal], Meribbaal; contracted for בְּעַל q. v.

קְרָיָה [m'rāh-yāh'], Meraiah; rebellion. From קוֹם to rebel.

מוֹרָיָה see מֹרָיָה.

קֹרָוֹת [m'rāh-yōhth'], Meraioth; rebellions. Plural of קָּרָוֹת.

מְרְהֵּ [mir-yāhm'], Miriam; rebellion, i. q. יוֹף with formative בּ (G.). Compare Appellatives.

קְּקְה (mirmāh'), Mirma; deceit, fraud. From בְּקָה. Compare Appellatives.

מְרֶמְוֹת [m'rēhmōhth'], Meremoth; elevations. From ל to be raised, high.

תְי רוֹנוֹת [mēhrōhnōhthee'], Meronothite; gentile noun of an unknown place. מֵרנוֹת, perhaps contracted for water of songs.

Dụp [meh'res], Meres; worthy, collated with the Sanscrit and Zendic (Benfey, by Gesenius).

אַרְּסְרָּא [mar-s'nāh'], Marsena; worthy man. By the same authority.

מַרְעֵּלֶה [mar-ngălāh'], Maralah; a trembling. From בְּלְעֵלֶה to shake, tremble.

יְרֶרְי (m'rāhree'], Merari, Merarite; bitter. From קרָר to be bitter. The name of a man, and also as a patronymic.

קראשׁח [mahrēhshāh'], probably for מְרֵאשָׁח q. v.

מְרָתְיִם [m'rāh-thah'-yim], Mera-

(82)

thaim; double rebellion. Dual of rebellion.

אַשָּׁיּב [massāh'], Massa; burden. From No to bear. Comp. Appellatives.

בְּשׁנָב [misgāhv'], Misgab ; height, high place. From to be lifted, or raised up. Compare Appellatives.

מִים מִים [mis-r'phohth' mah'yim], Misrephoth-maim; flowings of water. אַרַיִּף Ithpeal in the Chaldee, to drop (S.).

מְשִׂרֵקְהוּ [mas-rēhkāh'], Masrekah ; place of noble vines. Compare Appellatives שֹׁרֵק and שֹׁרָק.

מַשׁ [mash], Mash; the signification is uncertain.

ສະພຸລ [mēhshāh'], Mesha; perhaps i. q. איש retreat.

קשׁאַל [mish-āhi'], Mishal; en-From to ask, request, treaty. petition.

חשֵׁם [mōhsheh'], Moses; (marg. Ex. ii. 10) drawn out: so it would appear from the tenor of that passage, because that Pharaoh's daughter says, "I drew him out of the water." But he (Moses) being the object, we naturally expect his name to have a passive signification; although from the verb ログラ (to draw out) being used in such close connexion with it, we would, at first sight, be inclined to derive it immediately from it. But from the considerations, that, according to this derivation, the name has the form of an active participle, drawing out, instead of a passive, and that Pharaoh's daughter most likely spoke in the

Egyptian tongue, the interpretation of Josephus (Antiq. ii. 9, § 6), with which the rendering of the Septuagint, Μωϋσῆς, fully agrees, is to be preferred, that its origin is Egyptian, signifying drawn out of the waterμω water, νσης saved. The verb τψο, in the sacred text, is then only to be considered as the nearest by which both the form of the name and its signification (from the Egyptian) could be expressed at once in the Hebrew.

בְּעוֹנְבֶב [m'shōhvāhv'], Meshobab ; brought back, restored. Pual part. of שחש to return.

בּאֵל [m'shēhzav-ēhl'], Meshezabeel; delivered of God. Aphel part. pass. of arm in the Chaldee to free, deliver. For the form compare Dan. vi. 28.

קשום [meh'shekh], Meshech; possession. From TWO to draw, also to lay hold, to hold.

מַשֵּׁל [māhshāhl], Mashal; once (1 Chr. vi. 59(74)) for מָשָׁאָל. Compare Josh. xxi. 30.

בישׁלֶם [m'shullāhm'], Meshullam ; befriended. Pual part. of "to be at peace, in friendship with any one.

בְּשְׁלֵמוֹת [m'shillēhmōhth'], Meshillemoth; retributions, compensations. From the Piel of " to requite, recompense.

מָשֵׁלֵמְיָה [m'sheh-lem-yāh'], Meshelemiah; (whom) the Lord repays. to שלם Piel part. of משלמנה to requite, repay, and II; the Lord.

מִשׁלֶכְיִהוּ [m'sheh-lem-yāh'hoo], id.

ການສື່ໜຸ້ນ [m'shillehmeeth'], Meshillemith; retribution, compensation. Compare ການສື່ໜຸ້ນ, for which it stands, 1 Chr. ix. 12. Compare Neh. xi. 13.

ກຸ່ງທັງ [m'shoolleh' meth], Meshullemeth; befriended. Feminine of

קישְׁמַהָּה [mishmannāh'], Mishmannah; fatness. From יְשִׁשְׁלָּה to be, or become fat. Compare Appellative יְשִׁשָׁב.

リカザロ [mishmāhng'], Mishma; a hearing. Perhaps, obedience. From ソロヴ to hear. Compare Appellatives.

ນຸພຸກ [mish-ngāhm'], Misham; perhaps, a cleansing. Compare Appellative ບຸພຸກຸ

קיני [mishrāh-ngee'], Mishraite; gentile noun of an unknown place. slippery place; like the Chaldee משרועיתא.

기ଇଧିମ ፈርድ [meh'theg hāh-ammāh'], Metheg-ammah; (marg. 2 Sa. viii. 1, bridle of Ammah); both words are best taken as Appellatives, and rendered the bridle of the mother-city; i.e., (subdued) the metropolis. ግርዝ i.q. 교통 mother.

קרולשֶׁלְח [m'thoosheh'lakh], Methuselah; man of darts (G.). Compare the preceding. שָׁלִים dart. Compare Appellatives.

ানুহ [māttahn'], Mattan; gift. From

קֹבֶּה [mattāhnāh'], Mattanah; id. Feminine of the same.

י [matt'nah'y], Mattenai; gift of the Lord. Contracted from מַחַּלְיָם q. v.

ימות [mithnee'], Mithnite; gentile noun of some unknown place. מָחָבֶּר gift, from קוֹרָנָ to give gifts.

마카마 [mattan-yāh], Mattaniah; gift of the Lord. From 가꾸 gift. See above, and 면) the Lord.

בְּחַלְיֶחַה [mattan yāh'hoo], id.

תְּהְהָי [mithkāh'], Mithcah; sweetness. From הַלְּק to be, or become sweet.

תְּוְרִיםְ [mithr'dāhth'], Mithredath; given by Mithra. Mithra, the sun (an object of worship among the Persians), collated with Persic (S.).

רק (mattattāh'], Mattathah; contracted from מְּחַלְּיָם q. v.

קונית [mattath-yāh'], Mattithiah; gift of the Lord. From רְּחָיִם gift, from לְּחַל to give, and הוֹן the Lord. Compare Appellatives.

- 2

No; habitation, or, possession. Either for No habitation, from 지원, or, according to Jablonski, by a collation with the Coptic, possession.

וֹלְאָ אִלְ [nōh āhmōhn], populous No (marg. Nah. iii. 8, No-Amon);

habitation, or, possession of Amon. Compare the preceding. NEN is the name of the chief Egyptian deity, compared with Jupiter. The signification of the word is uncertain, and therefore variously interpreted from the Egyptian, as, father, pastor, drawing out, the light, glory, &c.

가 [nōhv'], Nob; perhaps, height, hill. From 따고, collated with Arabic to be high (S.).

יֹבְי [n'vōh'], Nebo; according to Gesenius, the planet Mercury, which the Chaldeans (Isa. xlvi. 1) and ancient Arabs worshipped. He derives the word from אַבְּי hence בּיֹב for אֹבְיֹי i.q. אִיבְיִי interpreter of the gods.

חַצְּאַרְיָרָיָהְ and מַבְּרֹבְיִרְיָהְאַרֹּ [n'wookhadnetstsar'], Nebuchadnezzar, Nebuchadrezzar', Mercury, the god, prince, i. e., prince of god Mercury. Compounded of בְּיִל q.v. chodna, or, chodan, according to the Persic god, and zar, prince (G.). But, according to others, quuted by Gesenius, Nebo (is) the prince of the gods; or, Nebo (is) the god of fire.

וויין [n'vooshazbāhn'], Nebushasban; adorer of Mercury, collated with the Persic (G.).

תְּבְּלְּהוֹ (nāhvōhth'], Naboth; produce, fruit. From אים to come forth, to sprout; whence Appellatives ביב and produce, fruit.

רְבִּח [nõhvakh'], Nobah; a barking. From רְבַי to bark.

וֹבְּחָזְי [nivkhaz'], Nibhaz; perhaps, lord of darkness (G.).

נְבֶּט [n'vāht], Nebat; aspect. From to look, behold.

רְבְּיִוֹית [n'vāh-yōhth'], Nebaioth, Nebajoth; heights, hills. From אָבָי to be high. Compare בל.

לְהָלֹי [nāhvāht], Nabal; faded, weak, foolish, or, impious. From בָּבָל to fade, to faint, to act foolishly, wicked. Compare Appellatives.

נְבָּקֶּׁטְ [n'vallāht'], Neballat; the signification is obscure.

וּהְישׁׁה [nivshāhn'], Nibshan; level and soft (soil), collated with Arabic (S.).

רַבְּבְּ [nōh'gah], Nogah; splendour. From בָּנָה to shine. Compare Appellatives.

בְּדֶב [nāhdāhv'], Nadab; liberal, or, noble. Compare Appellative בָּדִיב

רְיֵּהְיֹ [n'dav-yāh'], Nedabiah; liberal, or, noble of the Lord. Compare the preceding. According to Gesenius, (whom) the Lord impels.

[nāh-hǎlōht], Nahalol; a pasture. From להל to lead, spoken of leading of cattle; hence a place whither cattle is led for pasture.

קַוְיָלֶל [nah-hălāhl'], Nahalal; id.

נהבֶי [noovah'y], Kethib; perhaps, i. q. בִּיבֻּי Keri. רוֹק [nōhd'], Nod; a wandering. From לוֹם to wander. Compare Appellatives.

בּוֹדֶב [nōhdāhv'], Nodab; liberality. From בְּדָב. Compare בְּדָב.

וֹחָם [nōhkhāh'], Nohah; rest. From נוֹחָם to rest.

기하기 [n'vāh-yōhth'], Naioth; habitations. According to Kethib, plural of Appellative 기가 habitation.

אינה [noon'], Nun; offspring, i.q. Appellative אין offspring. According to Gesenius, fish; as in the Chaldee and Syriac.

וְלֹּךְ [nōhn'], Non; once (1 Chr. vii. 27) for כּוֹּךְ,

ולְעַדְיּה [nōh-ngad-yāh'], Noadiah; the Lord meets with (him). Niph. of אין to meet together, and אין the Lord.

[nōh'ăkh], Noah; rest, quiet. From 다리 to rest.

" [nakhbee], Nahbi; hidden. Niphal of הְבָּיה to hide. Perhaps for הְבָּיה hidden, i. e., protected of the Lord.

[nakhoom'], Nahum; consolatory. From רַבְּיָם, in the Piel, to comfort, console. Comp. רְבִּים

[n'khoom'], Nehum; comforted. Compare the preceding.

קרוֹר (nāhkhōhr'), Nahor; snorting. From an obsolete רווים, whence Appellative רווים a snorting.

בחליאל [nahkhalee-ehl'], Nehaliel;

valley of God. According to others, brook of God. From בחל a valley, or, brook, and אל God.

יבְּילֶבְי [nehkhčlāhmee'], Nehelamite; patronymic of some unknown בְּבֶּילָבְי strengthened. Niphal of בּבִּילָבִי to be strong.

בותם [nah'kham], Naham; consolation. From בון, in the Piel, to console, comfort.

ກາວຕຸ້ງ [n'khem-yāh'], Nehemiah; (whom) the Lord comforts. Compare the preceding.

יְבְּילֶבְיּנְ [nahkhămāhnee], Nahamani; consolatory. From רְחַבָּי Compare Appellative רַחַבָּינִי

נחבר [nahkhăray'], and בְּחַבּי to snort, snore, with adjectival בַּחַבִּי בַּחַבָּי

מְּחֶלֵי [nāhkhāhsh'], Nahash; serpent. Compare Appellatives.

וְשׁלֵּיתְ [nakhshōhn'], Nahshon, Naashon; enchanter. From מַּרְיָם, in Piel, to practise enchantment. Compare Appellative מַרְיִנִים enchantment.

אָרְאָיְתְיּ [n'khooshtāh'], Nehushta; brass. Compare Appellative מָרוֹשֶׁרָה.

וֹחֲשְׁרֹק: [n'khooshtāhn'], Nehushtan; (marg. 2 Ki. xviii. 4) a piece of brass. Commonly taken as an adjective, brasen, i. e., brasen serpent; denom. of רְשָׁרִים brass.

[nah'khath], Nahath; rest, quiet. From אבור to rest, or און.

ינֹמִפָּטִי, see נְמִנְפָּטֵי.

'בְּ'' [nēhvah'y], Nebai: perhaps, bearing fruit (G.). Compare Apellative יבי produce, fruit.

רְּבְוֹת [nāh-yōhth'], Naioth; habitations. From רְבָּי i. q. בְּיָם habitation.

קיבְּרָהְ [neen'vēh'], Nineveh. Commonly supposed to stand for נין בורה habitation of Ninus; according to Greek writers, the builder of Nineveh; and, on account of Gen. x. 8 (compare marg.), some try to find the name Ninus again in the word קַרְרֹד, which is indeed devoid of all probability.

וֹבְלְ [n'khōh'], Necho; as the name of an Egyptian king, its signification ought doubtless to be looked for in the Egyptian tongue.

וְלְדְנֹן [nāhkhōhn'], Nachon; established. Niph. part. of שונה to stand, be erect.

י (מיואל n'moo-ēhl'], Nemuel; found Num. xxvi. 12; and, for Num. xxvi. 12, we find in Gen. xlvi. 12, Ex. vi. 15, and 1 Chr. iv. 24, אום הייין, which see; so that it is very likely that both are alike in signification.

קמראלי [n'moo-ēhlee'], Nemuelite; patronymic of the same.

בְּילְתְּה (nimrāh'), Nimrah; Num. xxxii. 3. For the fuller name, רְּבָּירָה Num. xxxii. 36, and Josh. xiii. 27, q. v.

קביר א לקרוֹר [nimrōhd'], Nimrod; perhaps, rebel. According to some, let us revolt! From קביר to rebel. Compare also

[nimreem'], Nimrim; per-

haps, better *Nimrites*; as gentile noun of בְּיִת, כִי, יִבְיּרָה.

יבְּשְׁי [nimshee'], Nimshi; drawn out, saved. For בְּשְׁים (G.), Niphal of הַשְּׁים to draw out.

קֹרְלָּן [nisrōhkh'], Nisroch; great eagle (G.).

נקה [nōh-ngāh'], Noah; motion, cr, quaking. From נאני to move.

בּעְרה [neh-ngāh'], Neah; id.

בְּעַם [nāh'-ngam], Naam; pleasantness. From אָנָם to be pleasant.

קֹמֵלֶהְ [nah-ngămāh], Naamah; pleasant. Compare the preceding.

" (no-ngŏmee'), Naomi; my pleasantness (G.). From לעם pleasantness, with suffix.

בְּעֵּמִי [nah-ngămee'], Naamite; patronymic of the following.

קְּמְקְינְ [nah-ngămahn'], Naaman; pleasant. From מְיִבְּינָ to be pleasant, with adjectival זְיִי

י [nah-ngămāhthee'], Naamathite; gentile noun of some unknown place, קְּמָלִהְ pleasantness.

בְּעֵרֶה [nah-ngărāh'], Naarah; maiden. Compare Appellatives.

בְּעַרְי [nah-ngăray'], Naarai ; youthful From נַעֵּר a youth.

וּשְׁרָהֶי [n'ngar-yāh'], Neariah; servant of the Lord. For יְצְרָהְיּלָּ from יַצְי youth, boy, servant, and יִן the Lord.

קַּעְרֵן [nah-ngặrāhn'], Naaran; juvenile (G.). Compare the preceding.

קל [nohph], Noph; see קב

בְּבֶּל [neh'pheg], Nepheg; sprout. From בְּבֶּל, according to the Arabic, to come forth (S.).

בּמר [n'phooseem'], Nephusim; expansions. From בּקָּי, in the Syriac and Chaldee, to expand (G.).

רְפַּלְ [nōh'phakh], Nophah; blast. From בְּּכְּי to blow.

נפּרְסִים [n'pheeseem'], Kethib for

שַּׁבְּילֹי [nāhpheesh], Naphish; increased. From שַּבְּאַ, in the Chaldee, to increase. According to the Syriac use of the word, recreation (G.), from שַבּּאַ, in the Niphal, to take breath.

ימי נפשות see נפשות

המאָלות, [naphtookheem], Naphtuhim; gentile noun of תַּלְּשָׁת, the name of some region no where occurring in Scripture.

י (marg. Gen. xxx. 8) my wrestling. From פָּחַלְּי, in the Niphal, to wrestle.

קצְיב [n'tseev'], Nezib; station, post.

From to set, put, place. Compare Appellatives.

마하다 [n'tsee'ākh], Neziah; conquered. A passive form of 마약, in the Hebrew not used in Kal; according to Syriac, to conquer. Compare Chaldee 마약.

বিন্ধ [neh'kev], Nekeb; cavern. From বাহু to hollow out, excavate, bore.

אַרְקּוֹדְאָ [n'kōhdāh], Nekoda; marked. Compare Appellative קלוד marked with spots, spotted.

בֶּרְ [nēhr'], Ner; light, lamp. From Compare Appellatives.

[nēhrgal'], Nergal; according to Gesenius, by a collation with the Arabic, Mars, the god of war.

תְבֶּל שׁרְאֶבֶּר [nēhrgal shar-ēh'tser], Nergal-sharezer; Mars, prince of fire. Compare the preceding, and שֵׁרְאָבָּר.

רב"ם [nēhriy-yāh'], Neriah; light, or, lamp of the Lord. Compounded of ו light. Compare Appellatives, and Fi the Lord.

[nehriy-yāh'hoo], id.

וֹתְּלָל [nāhthāhn'], Nathan; given, i. e., gift. From רַּלְל to give. For the passive signification, compare שָׁלָל,

קּיבְרֶּילֶנְי [n'than meh'lekh], Nathanmelech; gift of the king. Compare the preceding, and קּיבָנִי

קל [n'than-ēhl'], Nethaniel; gift of God. Compare נְתַנְאֵל

ֹרְתְּכְּיִה [n'than-yāh'], Nethaniah; gift of the Lord.

[n'than-yāh'hoo], id.

D

Name (s'vāh'), Seba; perhaps, man. Collated with the Æthiopic (G.).

בְּאִיֹם [s'vāheem'], Sabeans; gentile noun of the preceding.

'구구 [sibb'khah'y], Sibbechai; sambuca-player. From 워크먼, in the Chaldee, a sambuca, a stringed instrument of music.

קבְּרִים [sivrah'-yim], Sibraim; twofold hope. Dual of בָּבָר, from כבר in the Chaldee, to hope.

N취후 & 마취후 [savtāh'], Sabtah; a striking, i.e., terror. From Pad, in the Arabic, to strike; also, to be astonished (S.).

ドラヴェウ [savt'khāh'], Sabtechah; great terror (S.). Compare the preceding, of which the first part of the word consists, やり, from できり, supposed to be i. q. コラウ to strike, smite.

 $\Box^{\dagger} [p] [s'd\bar{o}hm']$, Sodom; its proper signification is not well ascertained.

NID [sōh'], So; sublime, lifted up. Collated with the Hebrew ND3 and the Coptic (S.).

רֹדְיּם [sōhdee'], Sodi; confidant. Compare Appellative אים familiar intercourse, a secret. According to Gesenius, for מְּדְיָּה confidant of the Lord.

קיים [soo'ākh], Suah; perhaps, sprout, i. q. Appellative מָלִים.

'ຕົວ [sōhtah'y], Sotai; departure. From ຜາພີ i. q. ພາພ and ກີພຸພື to give way, turn away, depart. Or, perhaps, departure of the Lord, '., the Lord. Compare 'ໄກອ.

וויף [s'vēhnēh'], Syene; (marg. Eze. xxix. 10) Seveneh; opening, key. Collated with the Coptic (Champollion by Gesenius).

'רְשְׁר [soosee'], Susi; horseman. Compare Appellative אור a horse. According to others, joyous; אורטים for imain.

카우 [sooph], Red sea (Deu.i.1). Marg. Suph; reed, rush. Compare Appellatives.

מיחיוֹן [seekhōhn'], Sihon; sweeping away; i.e., warrior sweeping all before him (G.). From אם to sweep away.

ק"ו [seen], Sin; mire, i. q. Chaldee

סְיבֵי [seenah'y], Sinai; miry. Compare the preceding.

יִרְי (seenee'), Sinite; the name of a people, from 'יף, probably the same in signification as above.

קיקה [sees'rāh'], Sisera; battlearray. Collated with the Syriac (G.).

אַרֶּקְּ [see-ngāh'], Sia; company, assembly. Thus in the Syriac (S.).

หญาง [see-ngăhāh'], Siaha; id. The หญ, Simonis supposes to be the Persic plural form. רְּבְּׁלִי [sookkōhth'], Succoth; booths. Plural of Appellative רּבָּעָר.

지기한 기계인 [sookkōhth' b'nōhth'], Succoth-benoth; booths of the daughters. Plural of 기계인 and 기계. Compare Appellatives. See 2 Ki. xvii. 30. Tents, in which their daughters prostituted themselves.

רְבֶּיִף [s'khāhkhāh'], Secacah; enclosure, fence. From אַבְּיָּף to hedge, fence.

אָלְּף [sillāh'], Silla; a way, raised way. From אַלְּף to cast up (as a way). Compare Appellative אָלָף.

rice [seh'led], Seled; either, exultation, hardness, burning, or, supplication, according as it may be derived either from the Arabic, Chaldee, or Rabbinic. Nor is the signification of the verb T?P, from which this name is to be derived, in its only occurrence of Job vi. 10, quite certain, as it has been variously interpreted, according to these different significations.

אָלְלּאָּ [sāhloo'], Salu; elevated. Part. pass. of אילָטָּ to lift up.

קלה , מַלְּה (salloo'], Sallu; elevation. Compare the preceding.

| [sallay'], Sallai; elevated, exalted. From 170 to lift up, raise.

ק'ק" [salkhāh'], Salcah; perhaps, a wandering. Compare Gesenius under the obsolete לחלד. According to the Arabic, to move along, move about, to go.

שְלֵים [seh'lang], Sela, Selah; rock. Compare Appellatives.

הוֹף (seh'lang ham-makhl'kōhth'), Sela-hammahlekoth ; (marg. l Sa. xxiii. 28) rock of division. Compare the preceding, and Appellative קבל division.

rebo; perhaps, sword of Mercury. The first of these words is collated with the Persic, and the second is i. q. q. v. (G.).

הוה (s'makh-yāh'hoo), Semachiah; (whom) the Lord sustains. Pret. of אָבָרְיָהוּ to uphold, sustain, and יחוי the Lord.

지원한 [s'nāh-āh'], Senaah, Hassenaah; high, exalted. Collated with the Arabic (S.). Or, perhaps, thorny (spinosa), 원간 i. q. 미간 (Gesen. in Thes.).

סנאָה see סְנָאָה.

נים (בקים) [sanvallāht], Sanballat; collated with the Persic, praised by the army; but with the Sanscrit, giving strength to the army (Bohlen, by Gesenius, in Thes.).

תְּבֶּרי [seh'neh], Seneh; thorn-bush. Compare Appellative בְּיִר but here (1 Sa. xiv. 4) it is אָבָר, as occurring in pause. Compare בְּיִר in pause.

마하기가 & 마차가 [s'noo-āh'], Senuah; hated. Part. pass. of 환경, probably i. q. 차량 to hate. Compare also 미국가 above, as there is doubtless some connection between to be thorny, and, to be hated, or, hateful.

סְכְּחֶרֵיב [sankhēhreev'], Senna-

cherib; conqueror of armies. Collated with the Sanscrit (Bohlen, by Gesenius in Thes.).

קּסְנְסְנְּים [sansannāh'], Sansannah; palm-branch. Compare Appellative מְנְסְנָּים palm-branches.

ֹסְׁמְמִי [sismay'], Sisamai; its signification is obscure.

ካዩ [saph'], Saph; threshold. Compare Appellatives. According to Simonis, extended, long, tall. Collated with Æthiopic.

PP [sippay'], Sippai; stands, 1 Chr. xx. 4, for the preceding PP, 2 Sa. xxi. 18.

pp [s'phāhr], Sephar; conspicuous. Collated with the Arabic, a mountain in Arabia, from which the city (Gen. x. 30) takes its name (S.). According to the Hebrew, a numbering, census. Compare Appellatives.

קרָּף [s'phāhrad'], Sepharad; separated tract, or, region. From אָסְרָּי, in the Chaldee, tract of country, and דים to separate (S.). But compare the preceding.

קפּרְנִים [s'pharveem'], Sepharvites; gentile noun of the preceding.

סְבְּרִים [s'phahreem'], in Kethib (Eng. version, in 2 Ki. xvii. 31, Sepharvaim, according to Keri); perhaps, a gentile noun of בַּרָבָּים

מְבֶּיֶת sohpheh'reth], Sophereth; scribe. Part. fem. of פָּלָים. Compare Appellatives.

קרְּמְּרֹ [sargōhn'], Sargon; perhaps, prince of the sun, collated with the Persic. Thus, Gesenius in his Manuale, but he abandons this interpretation in its Thesaurus. According to Simonis, just and merciful prince; from יף prince, and Syriac באון prince, clemency.

אייה [seh'red], Sered; fear. From ש, in the Syriac, to fear, to tremble (G.).

סְרְהֵי [sardee'], Sardite; patronymic of the preceding.

קרה [seerāh'], Sirah; a going back, retiring. From סרר to turn away, or, back, to depart.

קרְּרָּכְּר [s'thoor'], Sether; hidden. Passive form of קרָם to hide.

יְחַתְּיִים [sithree'], Zithri; protection of the Lord, מְתִרְיָּה (G.). From מָּלָה a hiding, covering, protection. Compare Appellatives.

ÿ

ֶּלֶּבֶּּד [ngeh'ved'], Ebed; servant. Compare Appellatives.

אָבְּדֶּעַ [ngavdāh'], Abda; id., in a Chaldee form.

[ngōhvēhd' ědōbm'], Obed-edom; serving Edom. The first word as a Participle of אַרָר ניים work, to serve.

עַבִּרָאֵל [ngavd'ēhl'], Abdeel; ser-

vant of God. From אֶל and אֵל and אֵל. Compare Appellatives.

וְלֵּדְלֹּוֹ [ngavdōhn'], Abdon; servile. Adj. of אַבְּי to work, to serve.

יְבְּדְיּ [ngavdee'], Abdi; servant of the Lord, for רְּבְּדִייָּ from בָּבֶּע and רְּבָּר. Compare Appellative.

ানুম [ngavdee-ēhl'], Abdiel; servant of God. Compare the preceding.

קבְּיֹהֶ [ngōhvad-yāh'], Obadiah; servant of the Lord. Compounded of בָּלָּי, part. of עָבָּי to serve, and הַּלָּ the Lord.

עְבַדְיָהוּ [ngōhvad-yāh'hoo], id.

קּבָּד מֶבֶּי (Ingeh'ved meh'lekh], Ebed-melech; servant of the king. Compare Appellatives.

י בְּנֵבְ נְנֵלְ & אֲבֶּר נְנְנְיּ n'gōh'], Abed-nego; servant of Nego. בְּבֶע Chaldee for Hebrew בְּבֶּר and בְּבָּר the name of a Chaldean divinity, supposed to be i. q. בִּר Mercury.

기국한 [ngēh'ver]. Eber; a passing over, passage, or, a region on the other side. Compare Gen. xi. 2 and x. 24, 25. From 기국한 to pass over. Compare Appellatives.

(according to some gentile noun) of עָבֶּיי.

קבְרֵמֶּח [ngivriy-yāh'], Hebrewess, Hebrew woman; fem. of the preceding.

עְבָרִים [ngăvāhreem'], Abarim; regions on the other side. Compare בָּרֶבּים.

קברו [ngevrōhn'], Hebron; passage. From עָבָר to pass over.

עַּבְרנָח [ngavrōhnāh'], Ebronah; id.

קבְלֶּהְ [ngeglāh'], Eglah; heifer. Compare Appellative.

עָּבְלְּוֹן [ngeglōhn'], Eglon; vitulinus (of, or, belonging to a calf), denom. of Appellative אָבָי, or קּבָּל (G.).

וֹקְבֶּי [ngahdāh'], Adah; ornament, in the verb, to adorn.

עְּדִּוֹשְׁ & עִּדְּוֹא נְּדְּוֹא נְּדְּוֹא timely. Compare Gesenius on the Appellative בְּיִדִים.

לביאל [ngădee-ēht], Adiel; ornament of God. Compare Appellative אַל to adorn, and אָל God.

רְיֵּרָשְׁ [ngădāh-yāh'], Adaiah; (whom) the Lord has adorned. Pret. of רְּדָּאָ, compare the preceding.

עַּדְיָהוּ [ngădāh-yāh'hoo], id.

עְרֶין [ngāhdeen'], Adin; tender, delicate. From לְּדָר, compare Appellatives.

עִדיכָא [ngădeenāh'], Adina; id.

יבְיּלְיִתְּעָבֶּיִ [ngădeenōh' hāh-ngez-nee'], Adino the Eznite; according to the rendering of the English version, 2 Sa. xxiii. 8, the first would be a proper name, and the second, a patronymic of וְצֵּעֵי; but, according to some, both would form one patronymic, i. e., the Adino-eznite, from וְצֵעֵי וֹיִי עַוֹּי whose pleasure (ia) the spear. For וֹיִדְעַ (with suff.), comp. וֹרְאָרָ אָן, and the latter

word is collated with the Arabic. But, on account of the parallel passage, I Chr. xi. 11, where, instead of these words, we find בְּרֵבְיׁ אָרִי אָרְי אָרִי אָרָ אָרְי אָר אָרְי אָר אָרְי אָר אָרְי אָרְיי אָרְי אָרְיי אָרְייי אָרְיי אָרְייי אָרְיי אָרְייי אָרְיי אָרְיי אָרְייי אָרְיי אָרְיי

קדיתים [ngădeethah'-yim], Adithaim; double ornament. Dual of יַּבְּיֹתְיִם i.q. Appellative יַבָּיִר.

עדלי [ngadlah'y], Adlai; justice of the Lord For קַּדַלְי, קְיַדַלְי, justice, collated with the Arabic (S.).

קְדְעָ [ngădoollāhm'], Adullam; justice of the people. For עֲדִיל (G.), compare the preceding.

וְעֵדְיֶּלְיְ [ngădoollāhmee'], Adullamite; gentile noun of the preceding.

וְבֶּוֹן & מֵבֶּוּ [ngēh'den], Eden; delight, pleasure. Compare Appellative.

עַּרְבֶּא [ngadnāh'], Adna; id.

[ngadnāh'], Adnah ; id.

וויִקְּיִדְעָּדְיִיּ [ngadngāhdāh'], Adadah; festival, like the Syriac (G.).

אָדֶּהָ מְּשֶׁדְ [ngēh'der], Eder, and Ader (from the pause in the Hebrew); fock. Compare Appellatives.

קל [ngadree-ēhl'], Adriel; flock of God. From אל and און and און, compare Appellatives.

אָשָׁ [ngavvāh'], Ava; an overturning, i.q. Appellative אָשָׁרָ. קבוֹלֵיתְ [ngōhvēhd'], Obed; serving, or, worshipping. Part. of איני to serve, also, to worship.

עוֹבֶל [ngōhvāhl'], Obal; stripped of foliage. From עָבֶל, collated with the Arabic (G.).

קוֹב [ngōhg], Og; perhaps, contracted for עָרֶה, וֹבֶּה, i.e. long-necked in stature, gigantic. Compare מָצָרָ (G.).

עוֹדֵר [ngōhdēhd'], Oded; setting up again, restoring. For קעוֹדֵר Part. Piel of עוֹדִר.

תְּבֶּי [ngivvāh'], Ivah; overturning, i. q. Appellative יוֹבָי .

D ☐ [ngavveem], Avites, Avim, Avims; gentile noun of the preceding, and also with the article ☐ the name of a town, in which latter it may have the signification of ruins.

וְצְוֹיִת [ngăveeth'], Avith; ruins, lit. overturned, from אָן to bend; and compare Appellative אָן.

מוֹלֶם [ngōhlāhm'], in Kethib, long duration. Compare Appellatives, where the Keri is קיל, q. v.

עוֹפֵי [ngōhphah'y], in Kethib for in Keri.

Yች [ngoots], Uz; counsel. Either from Yች i.q. YE; to counsel; or, from the latter, YAD standing for Yችሁ. Thus as the name of man (Gen. x. 23; xxxii.21; xxxvi.28). But Gesenius only having regard to this word as the name of a country, gives it signification, by collation with the Arab. light sandy soil.

ערֹּחְי [ngoothah'y], Uthai; (whom)

the Lord succours. For דְּרָיְח עַרְּרָיְח עַרְּרָיְח עַרְּרִיְח עַרְּרִיְח עַרְּרִיְח עַרְּרִיְח to hasten to one's assistance, to succour (G.).

From 'I'y to be strong.

[기주민] [ngazbook']. Azbuk; strength (is) exhausted. 1월 strength, from 11월 to be, or, become strong; [가크 emptied, exhausted, as part. pass. of [가고.

ገዷቸው [ngazgāhd'], Azgad; strong in fortune. ነን here as an adjective. Compare Appellatives, and ገጋ.

ግቲያ [ngazzāh'], Gazah, Azzah; strong, fortified. Adj. f. of ነឫ, compare Appellatives.

ጣያን [ngoozzāh'], Uzzah, Uzza; strength, i. q. ጓተህ.

ানুগাড় [ngăzoovāh'], Azubah; left, forsaken. Part. pass. fem. of আ্ড্ৰাড় to leave, forsake.

기하고 [ngazzoor'], Azur, Azzur; helper. From 기맛 to help.

וֹשְׁלְיֵוֹ [ngāhzāhz'], Azaz; strong. From אַלְיַנָּי to be, or, become strong.

(whom) the Lord strengthens. From יוֹע (phom) the Lord strengthen יוֹע (phom), here translated to strengthen abbreviated from the Lord.

'AV [ngoozzee'], Uzzi; might of the Lord. Abbreviated from 1747. Or, perhaps, simply, strong.

קליאל [ngazzee-ēhl'], Aziel; might of God.

might of God. 19 strength, might;

קּיִּמֵלֵי [ngozzee-ēhlee'], Uzzielite; patronymic of the preceding.

The Ingoozziy-yāh'], Uzziah; might of the Lord. From 'S strength, might. Comp. Appellatives, and F. the Lord.

אַרְּיִּרוּ [ngoozziy-yāh'hoo], id.

אָנְיִיּיִ [ngăzeezāh'], Aziza; strong. From נְצִיִּיִּ to be, or, become strong.

רוֹתְינֵי [ngazmāh'veth], Azmaveth; strong (as) death. From יצ and רוֹתָי, compare Appellatives. As the name of a man, and also the name of a place, for which latter it is also found (Neh. vii. 28).

הַנְית עּוְכְתָּא [Beth-ngazmāh'veth], Beth-azmaveth, i.e., house, or, dwelling of Azmaveth.

경호 [ngazzāhn'], Azzan; strong. From 결칫, with formative], for]i.

নিন্তু [ngăzēhkāh'], Azekah; a field dug over, broken up. From সূত্র to dig up, or, over (G.).

עָזֶר & עַזֶּר [ngēh'zer], Ezer; help. From עָזֵר to help. Comp. Appellatives.

אָן [ngezrāh'], Ezra; id.

עוראל [ngăzar-ēhl], Azareel; (whom) God has helped, or, help of God. Either Pret. of אל to help, or, construct. אין help, and אל God.

^{*} This is noticed here on account of its being omitted in its proper order, under 2.

תְּיִבְיּה [ngezrāh'], Ezra; help. Compare Appellatives, and also the preceding.

עְּיִרָּי [ngezree'], Ezri; help of the Lord, abbreviated from עָּיִרָּאָ, from אָנֶי help, and היי, the Lord.

קוֹרִיאֵל [ngazree-ēhl'], Azriel; help of God. From עָּוֶר help, and אַל God.

קוֹרָיָה [ngăzar-yāh'], Azariah; (whom) the Lord has helped, or, help of the Lord. Compare בּיִרָּאָר.

יְבַוֹּרְיָהוּ [ngăzar-yāh'hoo], id.

בּיוֹרְיהָי [ngazreekāhm'], Azrikam; the helper is risen. From אָלֶי help, often used as a concrete helper (compare Psa. xxxiii. 20; lxx. 6, &c..), and חֹלָי, Pret. or Part. of רְּאָרָה מָיִי הַיּיִבּי אַרְ בּיִיבְּיִי הַיִּבְּיִי אַרְ מִיבְּיִי הַלְּיִי מִיבְּיִי הַלְּיִי מִיבְּיִ הַלְּיִי מִיבְּיִי הַלְּיִי מִיבְּיִי הַלְּיִי מִיבְּיִי הַלְּיִי מִיבְּיִ מִּיבְּיִ מִּיבְּיִ הַבְּיִי מִיבְּיִ מִּיבְּיִ מִיבְּיִ מִּיבְּיִ מִּיבְּיִ מִּיבְּיִ מִּיבְּיִ מִּיבְּיִ מִּיבְּיִ מִּיבְּיִ מִּיבְּיִ מִּיבְּיִי מִיבְּיִ מִּיבְּיִ מִּיבְּיִי מִּבְּיִי מִיבְּיִי מִיבְּיִי מִיבְּיִי מִיבְּיִי מִיבְּיִי מְבְיִי מִיבְּיִי מִּיבְּיִי מִיבְּיי מִבְּיי מִיבְּיי מִיבְּיי מִיבְּיי מִיבְּיי מִיבְּיי מִיבְּיי מִיבְּיי מִיבְּיי מִיבְּיי מִיבְיי מִיבְּיי מִּיְי מְיִבְּיי מִיבְּיי מִיבְּיי מְיבְּיי מְיבְּייִּי מְיבְּיי מִיבְּיי מִיבְּיי מְיבְּיי מְיבְיי מְיבְּיי מְיבְיי מִיבְּיי מְיבְּיי מְיבְייי מְיבְּיי מְיבְּייי מְיבְייי מְיבְּייי מְיבְּייי מְיבְּייִּיי מְיבְּייי מְיבְּייי מְיִייְייִי מְיבְייִי מְיבְּייי מְבְייִיי מְיבְּייי מְיבְייי מְיבְּייי מְיבְּייי מְיבְּייי מְיבְּייי מְיבְייי מְיבְּייי מְיבְּייי מְיבְייי מְיבְּייי מְיבְייי מְיִייִי מְיבְּייִיייִי מְיבְּייִיייִייְייי מְיבְּיייִיייי מְיבְּיייי מְיייִייְייי מְיִּייי מְייִיייי מְייייי מְייייי מְייייי מְייייי מְייייי מְיייי מְייייי מְייייי מְייייי מְייייי מְיייי מְייייי מְייייי מְיייי מְייייי מְייייי מְייייייי

רְּיִלְּעַ [ngazzāhthee'], Gazathite, Gazite; gentile noun of רוֹנָי.

קְּשְׁיֵן [ngătahrāh'], Atarah; crown. From שְׁשְׁ to surround. Compare Appellatives.

רְחִיקְ [ngặtāhrōhth'], Ataroth; crowns; perhaps, circumvallations. Plural of the preceding.

אַדְּהְיּבְּיּגְיּ [ngatrōhth' addāhr'], Ataroth-addar, Ataroth-adar; crowns, perhaps, circumvallation of Adar, probably the builder of the same. See the preceding, and אונים ביינים ביינים אונים ביינים ב

קרוֹת בּית יוֹאָב [ngatrōhth' bēhth yōh-āhv'], Ataroth the house of Joab (marg. 1 Chr. ii. 54), crowns, perhaps, circumvallation of the house of Joab. Compare the preceding, Appellative 가그, and proper name 그렇다.

및 [ngah'y], Ai, Hai; heap of ruins, i.q. Appellative ' a heap, from 미맛 in the Piel, to overturn, destroy.

🏋 [ngay-yāh'], Aija; id.

קבּל [ngēhvāhl'], Ebal; stripped of foliage. From שָׁבָּל, collated with the Arabic, to strip a tree of its leaves (G.).

עְּוֹרֹן [ngiy-yōhn'], Ijon; ruin. Compare עָיֹי.

עְּיְרָּת [ngay-yooth'], id. only in Kethib, 1 Chron. i. 46, for עֲנִית.

בּישְׁלֵּ [ngēhtāhm'], Etam; place of ravenous beasts. From שֵׁישׁ a ravenous beast, with adjectival בּי,

קיי [ngiy-yeem'], Iim; heaps of ruins. Plural of Appellative עָי, compare עַי above.

אַרָּרִים (ngiy-yēh hāh-ngðvāh-reem'), Ije-abarim (marg. Num. xxxiii. 44, heaps of Abarim); compare the preceding, and סְבִירִם above, the name of a mountain.

עִילֵי [ngeelay'], Ilai ; supreme. i.q. Chaldee Appellative אילִי (G.).

תְּילִם [ngēhlāhm'], Elam; long duration. i. q. Appellative נוֹלָם (S.). Compare עֵילוֹם, 2 Chron. xxxiii. 7. בְיֵין [ngah-'yin], Ain; fountain. Compare Appellatives.

קָּרֶי (קּּרֶי [ngēhn g'dee'], En-gedi; fountain of the kid. Compare the preceding, and Appellative בְּיִי בְּיִי

[ngēhn ganneem'], En-gannim; fountain of gardens. See צִין בּמָּשׁ above, and Appellative בַּמַ a garden.

ראָנין דּוֹר, אָנין דּוֹר, אַנין קּפֿוּת dōhr'], En-dor; fountain of (the place) Dor, or, fountain of the dwelling. Compare הוֹר.

אין הקוֹרְם [ngēhn hakkōhrēh']. Enhakkore (marg Jud. xv. 19, the well of him that called, or, cried). Compare ז'ע; the second is a participle of אין, to call, cry.

תְּהָוֹי [ngēhn khaddāh'], Enhaddah; sharp, i. e., quick fountain Compare ייי above, and Appellative הוו sharp.

עין חָצְוֹר [ngēhn khāhtsōhr], Enhazor; fountain of Hazor, or, near Hazor. Compare בָּיִל אַ עִין.

קרֹך [ngēhn khărōhd'], well of Harod (Jud. vii. 1), or, fountain near Harod. Compare בירן & בירן.

מינים (marg. Gen. xxxviii. 21, Enajim); two fountains. This is by most taken, not as an Appellative, but as the name of a place, supposed to be the same with the following.

מֵינֶם [ngēhnāhm'], Enam; id. As a contracted Dual of the preceding.

מין מְשָׁפְּמ [ngēhn mishpāht'], En-

mishpat; fountain of judgment. Compare Appellatives.

וְלֵיהֵ [ngēhnāhn'], Enan; (oculatus) having eyes (G.). אין eye, with adjectival אָרָן, but this word in the compound אין איַר אַרָן, as the name of place, stands as contracted Dual, for אין fountains, see under אַרָּן.

תון שנין שנקים [ngēhn ngeglah'-yim], En-eglaim ; fountain of two calves. Compare Appellatives אַנָּרָ & בַּיּרָ

קיל [ngēhn rōhgēht], En-rogel; fuller's fountain. From אין fountain, and קיל Part. of קיל tread, as garments with the feet, denom. of קינָל a foot.

שֹׁיְלְשֵׁי תֵּיֹן [ngēhn sheh'mesh], Enshemesh; fountain of the sun. Compare Appellatives.

תוֹם [ngēhn tanneem'], dragonwell (Neh. ii. 13); according to other, fountain of jackals. Compare Appel.

בין פֿרּת (i.e. near) בין פֿרּת (i.e. near) Tappuah. Compare רושה.

קיְּםְ [ngēhphāh'], Ephah; weariness. From אוֹל to faint, be weary.

עִיפִּי [ngēhphay'], Ephai; weary. Compare the preceding.

קיר [ngeer'], Ir; city. Compare Appellatives.

איה [ngeerāh'], Ira; id.

עיהֶד [ngeerāhd], Irad; perhaps i. q. Appellative יוֹן wild ass, onager.

קירד [ngee'roo], Iru; its signification is doubtful.

עירִי [ngeeree'], Iri; citizen. From city.

קירֶם [ngeerāhm'], Iram ; id.

מיל [ngeer hammeh'lehh], city of Salt (Jos. xv. 62); compare Appellatives. This ought doubtless to have been given as a proper name.

עיר נְהְיֹשׁ [ngeer nāhkhāhsh'], Irnahash; city of serpents. Compare Appellatives.

שיר שָׁלְיד [ngeer sheh'mesh], Irshemesh; city of the sun. Compare Appellatives.

נְיֵּה [ngay-yāhth'], Aiath; heap of ruins. Compare עָּיִּה.

עַרְבְּוֹר [ngakhbōhr'], Achber; mouse. Compare Appellative בַּרְבָּר.

by Ingakkoh'], Accho; sand heated by the sun. Collated with the Arabic (G.).

עֶמֶת ע׳ see עָכור.

קְּלֶּלְ [ngāhkhāhn'], Achan; troubler. From לְּבֶּעְ probably i. q. לְבִילְ to trouble, compare Jos. vii. 1 with 1 Chr. ii. 7.

지구구 [ngakhsāh'], Achsah; anklechain. i. q. Appellative 연구 an ornament fastened upon the ankles of females, rendered in the English Version, Isa. iii. 18, tinkling ornaments. קְּקֶּ [ngāhkhāhr'], Achar; troubler. From קַּבְּע to afflict, trouble.

וְקְבְּקְ [ngokhrāhn'], Ocran; troubled, afflicted. Compare the preceding.

עָּלֶּאְ [ngoollāh'], Ulla; yoke. For על, from the masculine על.

אַנְיוֹת [ngalvāh'], Alvah, Aliah; exaltation, perhaps for concrete exalted. From אָנָי to ascend, rise, increase.

וְלֶּלֶן [ngalvāhn'], Alvan; exalted. Compare the preceding.

'?' [ngēhleé], Eli; foster-child of the Lord (S.). For T?? ??, from 'I' to suckle, nourish.

תְּלְיֵה [ngalyāh'], Aliah, in Kethib (1 Chron. i. 51) for אָלָר probably of the same signification, q. v.

עְלְיֵן [nŋalyāhn'], Alian; exalted, i.q. אָלָן above.

עַלְטְוֹן [ngalmōhn'], Almon; concealment. From צָלְטְ to hide, conceal.

תַּלְמוֹרְדְּבְּלְתְיְמְה [ngalmōhn divlāhthahymāh], Almon-diblathaim; Almon towards Diblathaim. For the first, see the preceding; and for the second, בִּיתְ דָּלָ.

רְּשְׁלֵישְׁ [ngalleh'meth], Alemeth; stands, 1 Chron. vi. 45(60) for אָלְיבוֹן Jos. xxi. 18.

רְבֶּלֶםְתְּ [ngāhleh'meth], Alemeth, Alameth; a covering. From לְּלֵבֶּם to hide.

קְּמָשׁ [ngoommāh'], Ummah; conjunction. From שְּׁטְּשׁ, of which the

derivatives Dy with, and the construct DDy with, by, near, &c.

ן נְּמְלֵּוֹ [ngammōhn'], Ammon; i q. קריעהי, compare Gen. xix. 38, viz. son of my people, son of my kindred, i.e. borr of incest; from the noun בּן עָּמִי (Gesenius in Manuale).

עַמוֹנְי [ngammōhnee'], Ammonite; gentile noun of the same.

ו עמובית [ngammōhneeth'], Ammonitess, woman of Ammon; feminine of the preceding.

סְּמְשְׁ [nyāhmōhs'], Amos; bearer, carrier. From בּשְׁשִׁ to bear, carry.

עְמְלֹק [ngāhmōhk'], Amok; deep. From עְּמִלּק to be deep.

(of) the people of God. Compounded of Dy and by, compare Appellatives.*

קמייהיק (of) the people of glory. Compounded of בא people, and אוד i. q. אוד majesty, splendour, compare Appellatives. According to Gesenius, for אוין אולי אוולי אולי של אוולי אוולי של אוולי אוולי של אוולי אווילי אווילי אוולי אוולי

קמִיהָיָּהְ [ngammeenāhdāhv'], Amminadab; (of) the people of the liberal Giver, i. e., of the Lord who gives liberally. Compare the preceding, and Appellative קרי giving willingly, liberally, און היי אוויין, און היי אוויין אייין אייין אוויין אוויין אוויין אייין אוויין אוויין אוויין אוויין אוויין אוויין אוויין אוויין אוויין אווייין אייין איייין אייין אייין איייין אייייין אייייין איייין אייייין איייין איייין אייייין איייין אייייין איייין אייייין איייייין אייייי

יַשְׁרֵי (ngammeeshaldali'y), Ammishadai; (of) the people of the Almighty. Compare the preceding compounds, and ישָׁרָּ.

לְּמֶלְ [ngāhmāhl'], Amal; labour, trouble. Compare Appellatives.

ַ צַּמְלֵּק [ngămāhlēhk'], Amalek; the signification is not ascertained.

for a proof of which he brings the Talmudic Y THT DY (idiota, unus i?) ex plebe). But though this is used for a single individual, it is probably nothing else than a misusage of its primary collective sense, people of the country for the common illiterate people. He then thinks to find the same in these compound proper names, so that both evidently had an eye to the difficulty of these names, and thus tried to evade it in this unwarrantable way.

^{*} In this compound and those following, Gesenius renders the word Dy by kindred; and this he again explains to mean servant, and all this because Dy is not only spoken of a people and tribe, but also of the family race, lineage of any one. For this he quotes Lev. xxi. 1, 4; xix. 16. But in neither of these passages does the word アログ necessarily express any of the above significations, but rather the word people seems to be the most suitable. And, supposing the word meant here family, and then kindred in a collective sense, would it not be conjecturing too far to suppose it to mean in the end a single kindred, or relative-so as to interpret עמיודב kindred of the Giver, עמיודב kindred of God, i.e., servant or worshipper of God, and עמישהי kindred, i.e. servant of the Almighty? Fürst (in Conc. Heb.) gives individuum as the primary meaning of "";

ַצְּׁלֶּלֵּלְיִ [ngămāhlēhkee'], Amalekite; gentile noun of the preceding.

תְּמְנְיּאֵל [ngimmāhnoo-ēhl'], Immanuel; God with us. Compound of שון with suff. and און God.

미국구 [ngămas-yāh'], Amasiah; (whom) the Lord bears. Pret. of 모두 to bear, and 파 the Lord. According to others, burden of the Lord.

지역 [ngamngāhd], Amad; people of duration. Compare Appellatives Dy and 기장.

תְּבֶּהְ תְּבְּהְ [ngēh'mek b'rāhkhāh'], valley of Berachah (marg. 2 Chr. xx. 26, blessing). Compare Appellatives.

אַלֶּקְי (מַלְּלָּקְ [ngēh'mek hammeh'lekh], the king's dale (Gen. xiv. 17; 2 Sa. xviii. 18). Compare Appellatives.

קבְּלֹר [ngēh'mek ngāhkhōhr], valley of Achor; the valley of him that causeth affliction. אַבָּר from אָבָר torouble, afflict. Compare Josh. vii. 26.

רְבְּאִי [ngēh'mek r'phāh-eem'], valley of giants, valley of Rephaim; the latter is doubtless the best rendering. Rephaim is the name of a people of gigantic stature, compare ביאפן.

מְלֵּחְהָ [ngămōhrāh'], Gomorrah; abundance of water (S.); probably, immersion (Gesenius in Thes.). Col-

lated with the Arabic TDV the water covered, there was much water.

יְלְתְּרְיָּה (ngomree'), Omri; for מְלְתְּרִיּה servant of Jehovah, from אמר Arabic, to serve. Thus Gesenius in Manuale; but, in his Thesaurus, he proposes, "tiro Jova" a novice with Jehovah, also collated with the Arabic.

בּייָבְיּטְ [ngamrāhm'], Amram; (of) the exalted people. From א people, and א ביינו היינו היינו

עְּׁלֶּרֶתְי [ngamrāhmee'], Amramite ; patronymic of the same.

אַנְיְטְשֵׁ [ngămāhsāh'], Amasa; burden, from שַׁבְשׁ i.q. בּבּיע to bear.

וְשֵׁלְשְׁיֵי [ngămāhsah'y], Amasai; burdensome. Compare the preceding.

יְבְּמִשְׁקִי [ngămashsah'y], Amashai ; perhaps id.

בְּיֵבְ [ngănāhv'], Anab; cluster of grapes, i. q. Appellative אָנָבָּב.

עֵבֶּה [ngănāh'], Anah; answer, sc. of prayer (G.), from עָנָה to answer.

בְּלְּבְּל [ngāhnoor'], Anub; bound together. Participle pass. of בְּלָּגְע according to the Chaldee, to bind together.

שְׁרְלֹּקְ [ngănōhk'], Anak; long-necked, gigantic, i. q. בְצָכָּף.

יבְּעַ [ngoonnee'], Unni; depressed. For מְּבָּעִי (G.) Pual part. of יבָּעָ to be depressed, afflicted.

רְיְבֶּי [ngănāh-yāh'], Anaiah; (whom) the Lord answers. Pret. of ייני to answer, and הוֹיני to answer, and הוֹיני the Lord.

עְבִים [ngāhneem'], Anim; contracted for עָבִים fountains.

תְּבְיֵם [ngāhnēhm'], Anem; two fountains. Supposed to be contracted for two fountains.

בּינְמִים [ngănāhmeem'], Anamim; the name of an unknown people, from בְּינָם According to Simonis, as the name of a place, plenty of herds, collated with the Arabic.

קלבוקלו [ngănammeh'lekh], Anammelech; sheep-king. Compare the preceding.

ְּלֶבְּיֶ [ngāhnāhn'], Anan; cloud. Compare Appellatives.

אָנָכְיָ [ngănāhnee'], Anani; apoc. for the following עְּנָכְיָ

(whom) the Lord covers, i. e., protects (G.). From אַבְּרָיָהְדּי to cover, kindred with בָּבָּרָ

ַעְבֶּקְ [ngănāhk'], Anak; long-necked, gigantic. Collated with the Arabic (G.).

עֵנקִים [ngănāhkeem'], Anakim; patronymic of the same.

ְּעָבֵּרְ [ngāhnēhr'], Aner; the signification is uncertain.

אַכְּרָ [ngănāhth'], Anath; answer, sc. to prayer, from קָבָּר to answer.

מַנְרְרְוֹרוּ [ngănāhthōhth'], Anathoth; answers. Plural of the preceding.

עַנְלּתְיּ [nganthōhthee'], and עַנְלְתְיּ [ngan-n'thōhthee'], of Anathoth, Antothite, Anethothite, Anetothite; gentile noun of the preceding.

קרות [nganthōhthiy-yāh], Antothijah; answer of the Lord. From מְלַרְתְרָתְּיִ above, and הוֹ the Lord.

לְפֶּל [ngōh'phel], Ophel; hill. Compare Appellatives.

יבְּשְּׁלֶ [ngophnee'], Ophnee; only Josh. xviii. 24, where it ought to be taken as a gentile noun, and rendered with the preceding words, יְבַּיְרָ הַעְּבִילְנָיִ (בֹּי) the village of the Ammonite, and (the village) of the Ophnite. וְּבָּיִי הִי וֹשְׁרִי וְשְׁרִי וֹשְׁרִי וְשְׁרִי וֹשְׁרִי וְשְׁרִי וְשְׁרִי וֹשְׁרִי וְשְׁרִי וֹשְׁרְיִי וְשְׁרִי וְשְׁרִי וְשְׁרִי וֹשְׁרִי וְשְׁרִי וְשְׁרְיִי וְשְׁרְיִי וְשְׁרִי וְשְׁרְיִי וְשְׁרִי וְשְׁרִי וְשְׁרִי וְשְׁרִי וְשְׁרִי וְשְׁרְיִי וְשְׁרִי וְשְׁרִי וְשְׁרְיִי וְשְׁרִי וְשְׁרִי וְשְׁרִי וְשְׁרִי וְשְׁרִי וְשְׁרִי וְשְׁרִי וְשְׁרִי וְשְׁרְיִי וְשְׁרְיִי וְשְׁרְיִי וְשְׁרְיִי וְשְׁרְיִי וְּיִי בְּיִי וְשְׁרִי וְיִי בְּיִי וְיִיוֹי וְיִי וְשְׁרִי וְשְׁרִי וְיִי וְּיִי בְּיִי וְיִי בְּיִי וְיִי בְּיִי וְיִי בְּיִי וְיִי בְּיִי וְּיִי וְיִי בְּיִי וְיִי בְּיִי וְיִי בְּיִי וְיִי בְּיִי וְיִי בְּיִי בְּיִי בְּיי וְיִי בְּיִי בְּיִי בְּיִי בְּיִי בְּיִי בְּיי בְּיִי בְּיי בְייִי בְּיִי בְּיִי בְּיִי בְּיִי בְּיִי בְּיִי בְּיִי בְּיִי בְּיי בְּיִי בְּייִי בְּייי בְּייי בְּיִיי בְּיִיי בְּיִי בְּייִי בְּייי בְּיי בְּייי בְּייי בְּייי בְּייי בְּייים בְּייי בְּייי בְּיי בְּייי בְּייי בְּייי בְּייי בְּייי בְּייי בְּיי בְּייי בְּייי בְּייי ב

ንያደ [ngēh'pher'], Epher; calf, young animal. Collated with the Arabic (G.).

קַּבְּיֶדְ [ngophrāh'], Ophrah; female fawn. Feminine of Appellative בּיָבָּיים.

עְפְרְוֹן [ngephrōhn'], Ephron; vitulinus (of a calf). Compare עָפֵּרְ (G.).

עֶפַרְיִן [ngephrāh'-yin], Ephrain; two calves. Dual of שֶפַרִין above.

[ngetz-yōhn' geh'ver], Ezion-geber; back-bone of a man. Qüyü back-bone, and קַבְּיוֹן נָבָּע aman. Compare Appellatives.

마양 [ngeh'tzem], Ezem, Azem; strength, or, bone. Compare Appellatives, and the verb 미탈갓 to be strong.

ן אַבְּמְוֹן [ngatzmōhn'], Azmon; strong. Compare the preceding.

עְקְּוֹּב [ngakkoov'], Akkub; probably, supplanter. Compare יַעֵקוֹב.

וֹתְשׁׁ [nyakāhn], Akan (marg. Gen. xxxvi. 27, Jaakan); stands for וּבָּייָב, 1 Chr. i. 42, compare also Num. xxxiii. 1; Deu. x. 6.

קהר [ngēh'ker], Eker; root, or, a sprout. Compare Appellatives.

עָקרְיוֹן [ngekrōhn'], Ekron; eradication. From קקר to root out.

עָקְרוֹבְי [ngekrōhnee'], Ekronite; gentile noun of the same.

שְׁלְקּוֹשׁ [ngikkēhsh'], Ikkesh; perverse. From עָּקְשׁ to pervert. Compare Appellatives.

עֶּר [ngāhr'], Ar; city. i.q. Abpellative עִיר.

עֵר [ngēhr'], Er; waking. Participle of עור to awake.

בְּיִבֶּ [ngărāhv'], Arabia; dry, sterile. From בְּיַבְ i. q. בִּירָם, hence בְּיִבְם desert, and בְּיִבְם dry land.

ֹשְׁרָבְי [ngărāhvee'], Arabian; gentile noun of the preceding.

עַרְבְי [ngarvee'], Arabian; id.

בֶּת חָעֵּרְכָה [ngarvāhthee'], Arbathite; gentile noun of עַּרְכָּה.

עָרֶד [ngărāhd'], Arad; wild ass, onager. i.q. Appellative עָרוֹד.

בְּרוֹעֵר & עֲרוֹעֵר [ngărōh-ngēhr],
Aroer; ruins. From קנר to be
naked, in Poel, to lay bare as a foundation.

יב' [ngēhree], Eri; watchful. Participle of אבר to wake, watch, with constructive. According to Gesenius, for אבר watching, i. e., worshipping the Lord.

עֵּקְיּן [ngēhrāhn'], Eran; watchful. Compare the preceding.

אָרֶכְי [ngēhrāhnee'], Eranite; patronymic of the same.

עַרְעְוֹר [ngar-ngōhr'], Aroer; i.q. ערוער ruins.

עְרְעֵּרְי [ngărōh-ngēhree'], Aroerite; gentile noun of אָרוֹעֵר.

קּרְקּיּן [ngorpāh'], Orpah; a hind, or, fawn. According to Simonis, for מָבְּרָה above.

עְרָהְי [ngarkee'], Arkite; gentile noun of a city. עָרָק flight, from עָרָק to flee.

לשְּׁחּאֵל [ngăsāh-ēhl'], Asahel; (whom) God created. From עָשָׂיה he made, created אל God.

ካਦਾ [ngēhsāhv'], Esau; hairy, rough. From 可护头, collated with the Arabic, to be hairy, rough (G.). Compare Gen. xxv. 25.

אַמְיּאֵל [ngăsee-ēhl'], Asiel; created of God. From שָׁלְי created, a passive form (compare יוִדְּוֹן, and אַל God.

תְּשְׁשְׁ [ngăsāh - yuh'], Asaiah, Asahiah ; (whom) the Lord created. Compare the preceding, and אָשָׁרוּאָל

רְשֶׁלֶּי [ngēh'sek], Esek; strife, quarrel. From אָשׁי to strive, quarrel. Compare Gen. xxvi. 20.

אַנְיִּשְׁרָּת [ngashvāhth'], Ashvath; the signification is not evident.

וְשֶׁשְׁ [ngāhshāhn'], Ashan; smoke. Compare Appellatives.

בְּשֶׁקּ [ngēh'shek], Eshek; oppression. From עָשָׁקּ to oppress.

ਸਹ੍ਰੀ ਸੁਭਗਮਾਰੰਮ (reth), Ashtoreth; star (collated with the Persic by Gesenius), specially the star of Venus, the goddess of love and fortune, prof. Astarte.

תיקרות [ngashtāhrōhth], Ashtaroth; plural of the preceding, sc. images, or, statues of Astarte, and, as such, it is also the name of a city.

בְּרֵבְי (Ingasht' rōhth' karnah'yim], Ashtaroth-karnaim; Astarte with two horns. The name of a city, only Gen. xiv. 5, for the preceding simple Ashteroth. בְּרַבָּי, Dual of וְדָבָּי, horn.

עַשְׁהָרָתִי [ngasht'rāhthee'], Ashterothite; gentile noun of עַשְׁהְּרָתִי.

יְהַשְׁ [ngattah'y], Attai; perhaps, opportune, i. q. Appellative עָּהָי q. v. (G.).

רְיֵחְשׁׁ [ngặthāh-yāh'], Athaiah; perhaps, i. q. ጥኒኞኒ (whom) the Lord created. ጣቢኒ i. q. ጥኒኒኒ (G.).

זְתְיֵי [ngăthāhkh'], Athach; lodgingplace. Collated with the Arabic (S.).

עֵתְלָיָת [ngathlah'y], Athlai; apoc. for the following עֵתְלָיָת.

(whom) the Lord afflicts. From עַתִּלְיֵח שׁתְּלִייָת

according to the Arabic, to treat with violence (G.), and T, the Lord.

יְצַתַלְיָהוּ [ngåthal-yāh'hoo], id.

י (ווויקל [ngothnee'], Othnee; lion of the Lord. From אָלְי, collated with the Arabic, a lion (S.), and then apoc. for הַּיְבָּילִי,

עְּהְנִיאֵל [ngothnee-ēhl'], Othniel; lion of God. Compare the preceding.

קתֶר [ngeh'ther], Ether; abundance. From אֶתֶע to be rich, abundant.

Ð

ITHE [pāhrāhn'], Paran; abounding in caverns. From THE, according to the Arabic, to dig, to bore (S.).

לְבְּעִיאֵל [pag-ngee-ëht], Pagiel; event, incident from God. From Appellative בַּבְּעָיאֵל and אַ God.

יַרְהְאָל [p'dah - ēhl'], Pedahel; (whom) God redeemed. Pret. of רְּיָם to redeem, and אַל God. Comp. פֿרָיָם

ראַבְּהוּ [p'dāhtzoor'], Pedahzur; (whom) the Rock (God) redeemed. From אָב to redeem, and אין pto rock. Compare Appellatives. [pāhdōhn'], Padon; deliver-ance, redemption. Comp. the preceding.

רְיָדָּיּ [p'dāh - yāh'], Pedaiah; (whom) the Lord redeemed. Compare פְּדָהאָל.

וְדְיִחוּ [p'dāh-yāh'hoo], id.

[paddāhn'], Padan; field, plain. Compare Appellatives.

미개 기면 [paddan' ărāhm'], Padanaram; plain, or, level region of Syria. Compare the preceding, and 미기환.

The [pooāh'], Puah; mouth. Collated with the Arabic (G.).

기원 [poovāh'], Phuvah, Pua; found Gen. xlvi. 13, and Num. xxvi. 23, for 기탁하9, 1 Chr. vii. 1.

DAP [poot'], Put, Phut, Libyans, Libya; probably, afflicted. Compare the following.

קרמיאל [pootee - ēhl], Putiel; afflicted of God. אל Apple, according to the Syriac in Aphel, to despise, to afflict (G.), and אל God.

פוֹטִיפַר [pōhteephar'], Potiphar; abbreviated for the following.

מוֹמִי מֵּרֵנ pōhtee pheh'rang], Potiphera; who is of the sun, i.e., very near, consecrated to the sun. Collated with the Egyptian (G.).

קּוֹל [pool'], Pul; elephant, i.q. Chaldee פֿיל.

'בְּיבּי [poonee'], Punite; patronymic of an unknown person. פֿרּלָ probably, distracted. Compare אַפּרּכָּה, Psa. lxxxviii. 16(15).

ንት [poonohn'], Punon; darkness. From ነት, collated with the Arabic, to set, spoken of the sun, to become dark (G.).

פּוּעְה [poo-ngāh], Puah; splendour. For יְפּוּעָה, from יְפָּיעָה, to be bright, to shine (S.).

Name [pōhrāh'thāh], Poratha; gift, portion. Collated with Persic (S). Gesenius (in Thes.) suspects it to be a contraction from Name given as a lot, since LXX. read, according to Cod. Vat., Φαρδαθά, Alex., Βαρδαθά, otherwise, Φαρδαθά.

기취된 [poothee'], Puhite; patronymic of an unknown person. 기취, perhaps, open. open-hearted. 기취된 i. q. 기기부 (cogn. with 미기부) to be open; whence Part. 기기부 simple, foolish, one easily persuaded, seduced.

בּיְאָם הְחָפְּ [pakhath' mōh-āhv'], Pahath - moab; prefect of Moab. הַחַפְּ construct state of Appellative

רוביים [pee-veh'seth], Pi-beseth; the name of a city (Vulg. Bubastus), signifying, according to Gesenius (in Thes.), the Diana; Pasht, Basht, being the name of Diana, and pi the article in the Egyptian.

וריור [pee hakheeröhth'], Pihahiroth; according to the Hebrew, mouth of caverns. יבָּ const. state of הַּשְׁרוּח, i, q. Appellative הורים hole, cavern. But, collated with the Egyptian, place of green grass, or, sedge (G.).

Dקונה [peen'khāhs'], Phinehas; mouth of brass. Compounded of פֿרָתָּעָר, collated with the Arabic, i.q. Heb. מּרָנָרָם brass (G.).

פּלְן [peenohn'], Pinon; i.q. פֿרּלן darkness.

קישׁוֹן [peeshōhn'], Pison; overflowing. From אָל נוֹם to diffuse itself.

[peethōhn'], Pithon; enlargement. For בְּּחָלוֹן, from מְחָבּילוּן in the Chaldee, to be wide, extended.

בּרָיִת חֹתְאֶבֶּרִית pōhkheh'reth hats-ts'vāh-yeem'], Pochereth of Zebaim; retarding, i. e., getting a-head of, the gazelles. בְּרָיִת Part, act, of רוש, in the Syriac Pah., to retard; בְּרָיִת plural Appellative בְּיִלְית, v. (S.). The translators have taken the second word as the name of a place.

אָלְשֶׁ [palloo-ee'], Palluite; patronymic of אוֹלָם.

마하다 [p'lāh - yāh'], Pelaiah; (whom) the Lord distinguishes. From the Pret. of 하는 to separate, to distinguish, and 다 the Lord.

קלג [peh'leg], Peleg; division. From קלג to divide.

בּילְהָישׁ [pildāhsh'], Pildash; the etymology of this word is obscure.

মাণ্ট [palloo'], Pallu; distinguished. From মণ্ট to separate, to distinguish.

אַרְיִיּלְיּהְ [pilkhāh'], Pileha; according to the Hebrew, slice; according to the Chaldee, worship, from און, פּלְייִה וויייים לא Hebrew, to cleave; Chaldee, to serve, worship.

בּלֶם [peh'let], Pelet; deliverance. From בַּלְם to escape.

פְּלַמְיָר [piltah'y], Piltai ; apoc. from

קַּלְטִיאָל [paltee-ēhl'], Paltiel ; deliverance of God. Compare בָּלְטִיאָל הַם.

רְיֵלְים [p'lat-yāh'], Pelatiah; (whom) the Lord delivers. Pret. of מַלְים, only here transitive, to deliver, and הֹי, the Lord.

קַלְמְיָדְוּרּ [p'lat-yāh'hoo], id.

פְּלֶּיִה [p'lāh-yāh'], Pelaiah; i.q. פְּלָאִיה (whom) the Lord distinguishes.

פְּלֵלְ [pāhlāhl'], Palal ; judge. From פָלֵל to judge.

קיליים [p'lal - yāh'], Pelaliah; (whom) the Lord judges. From פָּלֵל to judge, and הי, the Lord.

רְשֶׁלְי [p'leh'sheth], Philistia, Palestina, Palestine, Philistines; sojourning. From שלש, in the Ethiopic, to rove, wander (S.).

קלְשָׁתְּי [p'lishtee'], Philistine; gentile noun of the preceding.

תְּלֶת [peh'leth], Peleth; swiftness. מלח collated with the Arabic (G.).

ליתים (face of God. A sing. פְּנִים for קְּנִים (face). Compare מְּנִים plur. מְנִים (G.). Compare also Gen. xxxii. 32.

פָּנִיאֵל [p'nee-ehl'], Peniel; id.

קרְבָּהְ [p'ninnāh'], Peninnah; coral, or, pearl, as there are differences of opinion regarding the Appellative

지하는 [pisgāh'], Pisgah; piece, part, i. q. Chaldee 원구인의, from 교인의 to cut up, to divide (G.).

디오크 [pāhsēh'ākh], Paseah, Phaseah; lame. Compare Appellative 디오크.

키우현 [pāhsakh'], Pasach; He cut off, thus according to the Chaldee.

지원으로 [pispāk'], Pispah; dispersion, for 미인원인화, from DDDD, in the Chaldee and Syriac, to scatter, disperse (S.).

IPA [pāh'ngoo], Pau; a bleating, lowing. From TPA, in the Syriac and Chaldee, NYD to bleat, to bellow.

기부부 [p'ngōhr'], Peor; gap, or, opening of a mountain. From 기부 to open wide the mouth, to gape.

ንቻ [pāh-ngee'], Pai; stands, 1 Ch. i. 50, for ነጋይ, Gen. xxxvi. 39.

י אַפּאָרְיִי (p'ngooll'thah'y), Peulthai; wages of the Lord. From אָלָיִי wages, compare Appellatives, and '_the Lord. Compare אָרִיוּאַ

בְּעַרֵי [pāh-ngărah'y], Paarai; only, 2 Sa. xxiii. 35, for בַּעַרַי, 1 Chr. xi. 37.

기후한 [p'kōhd'], Pekod; only Jer. l. 21, ought rather to be taken as an allegorical name for Babylon, signifying visitation, from 기간 to visit.

미국 [peh'kakh], Pekah; open-eyed, seeing. Compare Appellative 미국.

קְּמַרְיְיִה [p'kakh yāh'], Pekahiah; the Lord has opened so. his eyes. From רובים to open, spoken of the eyes, and רובים the Lord.

마하 [pir-āhm'], Piram; swift, wild. Compare 지하 wild ass, so called from its fleetness.

קְּרֶח [pāhrāh'], Parah; with ח art., יוְפָּרָח the heifer. Comp. Appellatives.

קרה [poorāh'], Phurah; bough, for אָרָה. See Appellatives.

אייי (p'roo-dāh'), Peruda; kernel. Compare Appellative קירות grains, kernels.

קרוֹם [pāhroo'ăkh], Paruah; blossoming. Part. pass. of ייים to flourish.

בּייְרֵינוֹנ Dual of יוֹנְי from יוֹנְי to bear fruit. Gesenius compares it with the Sanscrit pûrva prior, anterior, oriental; hence here oriental regions.

קרוֹי [p'rizzee'], Perizzites; villager. Compare Appellative

בְּרִידְאָ [p'reedāh'], Perida; kernel. i. q. קְּרִידְאָ, for which it stands, compare Ezra ii. 54 with Neh, vii, 57.

ສຸກຸພັກຸລຸ [parmashtāh'], Parmashta; strong-fisted. Collated with the Persic (S.).

קרים [parnāhkh'], Parnach; brisk, swift. Probably for אָשָּׁים, the שווים inserted instead of doubling the כניסיים ווווים בייטים לא בייטים וווים בייטים לא בייטים לא בייטים בייטים לא בייטים ב

이 기후 in pause 이 기후 [$p\bar{a}h$ - $r\bar{a}hs$], Persia, Persians; horse, or, horseman. i. q. Appellative 변기후. Others compare it with the Zend, pars, pure.

פָּרְסִי [parsee'], Persian; gentile noun from the preceding.

פְּרְּסָיְא [parsāh-yāh'], Persian; the Chaldee emph. of פַּרְסַי, gentile noun from פּרִס.

פּרְלָּח prar-ngōh'], Pharaoh; prince, or, king. Either from the Hebrew פּרָע prince, with the termination חֹר, or from the Egyptian, pouro, king.

שַּבְּרֶלְה חְפָּרִשְ Pharaoh - hophra; prince, or, king Hophra, see the preceding. שְּבֶּרֶע according to Jablonsky, collated with the Coptic, priest of the sun.

קלְה כְּלָה בְּלָה [par-ngōh' n'khōh], Pharaoh-nechoh; prince, or, king Necho. Compare קוֹם. The word הבים, according to the Hebrew, hurl, injured. By the testimony of Abulpharius, Pharaoh Necho was lame.

שַּׁרְלְשׁ [par-ngōhsh'], Parosh; flea. Compare Appellatives.

וּלְרְעָהוֹף [peer-ngāhthōhn], Pirathon; principal, chief. Compare Appellative און prince.

יף [peer-ngāhthōhnee'], Pirathonite; gentile noun from the preceding.

רַפְּר [parpar'], Pharphar; swift. From היד collated with the Arabic, to run (G.).

YDE [peh'-rets], Pharez, Perez breach, or, breaking forth. Compare Appellatives.

פַּרְצִי [partsee'], Pharzites; patronymic of the preceding.

자기 기가 [peh'rets ngoozzāh'], Perez-uzzah; breach of Uzzah. See proper names 기가 and 시간. Compare 2 Sa. vi. 8.

ພິລູລຸ [peh'-resh], Peresh; separation. But compare Appellatives.

אַ [parshandāhthāh'], Parshandatha; interpreter of the law. אַ בְּילַשְׁנְדְּהָא from מַּילַשְׁן, for אַרְדָּלָּ Compare Appellative רוּק.

רְּחֶשְׁ [p'rāhth], Euphrates; perhaps, bursting forth. From רְּחַשׁ i. q. מְיִם (G.).

ק [pash-khoor'], Pashur; prosperity round about. Compounded from משוד אר קשור, Arabic, to be wide, ample, and יקבור משור round about. Appellative בְּיבָריב, compare Jer. xx. 3 (G.).

קרוּאָל [p'thoo - ēhl'], Pethuel;

קרוֹר [p'thōhr'], Pethor; interpretation of dreams, i.q. Appellative פְּתִרוֹן, from קוֹר to interpret.

다다고한 [p'thakh-yāh'], Pethahiah; (whom) the Lord sets free. From 미자한 to open, to set free, and 다. the Lord.

마마 [peethōhm'], Pithom; narrow place, i. e., shut up by mountains. Collated with the Egyptian (G.).

סְלֵּחְכְּיֹם [pathrōhs'], Pathros; region of the south. Collated with the Egyptian.

[pathrooseem'], Pathrusim; gentile noun of the preceding.

Ľ

የጀር [tsah-ănāhn'], Zanaan; place of flocks. From Appellative ነላይ flocks.

zelles, i. q. Appellatives צָלאִים (ts'vōh-eem'), Zeboim; gazelles, i. q.

קבר [tsōhvēhvāh'], Zobebah; with ח, article, the slow-moving. Participle of בבל, cognate with בבל, to move gently.

위''구북 [tsiv-yāh'], Zibia; gazelle. Feminine of Appellative '주북.

רְיֶּבְיֵ [tsiv-yāh'], Zibiah; id.

בייִם & בְּבֹיִים & נְיֹמיִם & נְיֹמיִם & נְיֹמיִם & נְיֹמיִם plural of Appellative בְּיִל יִינִים אַ בְּבֹיִים אַ יִּבְּיִים.

צְּבְעְוֹן [tsiv-ngōhn'], Zibeon; versicolour. Compare Appellative בָּצָב.

צב'עים [ts'vōh-ngeem'], Zeboim ; hyenas. Compare Appellative בָּבוּץ.

רַקְיִּלְ [ts'dāhd'], Zedad; side, sc. of a mountain. i. q. Appellative אַר, from אָדב.

נְדּוֹק [tsāhdōhk'], Zadok; just. From אָדָן to be just, righteous.

학과 [tsiddeem'], Ziddim; with 다 article, the sides.

בְּרָנּלּת [tsēhdniy-yōhth'], Zidonians; feminine gentile noun of צִידוֹן.

다양기국 [tsidkiy-yāh], more frequently, 개국기국 [tsidkiy-yāh'hoo], Zedekiah, Zidkijah; righteousness of the Lord. From 가깃 = 가기국 to be just, righteous, and 다 the Lord.

אַצּוֹבְא מּ חֹבְּיֹצ [tsōhvāh'], Zoba, Zobah; station. For בְּצוֹבְי בַבְּילָבְ to set, put, place (G.).

צוֹעֵר, more frequently צֹעַר, [tsōh-ngāhr'], Zoar; smallness. From צָעַר to be small.

צרּעֵר [tsoo-ngāhr'], Zuar; id.

취약 [tsooph'], Zuph; honeycomb. Compare Appellatives.

רַפְּוֹשׁ [tsōhphakh'], Zopha; cruse. Compare Appellative תְּחַבָּע cruse.

יבוֹש [tsohphah'y], Zophai; honey-

comb, i.e., sweet gift of the Lord, for נצוֹפְיָּה; צוֹפִי נוֹפִיּה; אוֹצ i.q. אוֹצ above.

קיים [tsöhphar'], Zophar; exultation. From ישנים, according to the Arabic, to dance (S.).

קוֹר, more frequently צֹר, [tsōhr'], Tyre, Tyrus; rock, i. q. אַלר.

בּרֹכּ [tsoor'], Zur; rock. Compare Appellatives.

לְּבְּרִיאֵל [tsooree-ēhl'],Zuriel; (whose) rock is God. From the preceding, and God.

צררישׁהַי [tsooreeshaddah'y], Zurishaddai; (whose) rock is the Almighty. From צרר rock, and דור Almighty.

רְשְׁלְּיִתְ [tsōh'khar], Zohar; whiteness. Compare Appellative ישני whiteness.

אברב (tseevāh'], Ziba; plant. For בְּצִיבְים, Chaldee, Syriac, and Arabic, to plant.

וֹלְיִידְנֹן [tseedōhn'], Zidon, Sidon; prey. From אַיִּדְנֹן hunt, catch. According to Justin, the city of the same name is so called from the abundance of fish (S.): as the word, according to him, signified fish in the Phœnician.

צְירוֹבְי [tseedōhnee'], Zidonian; gentile noun of the preceding.

শ্ৰু & শ্ৰু [tseekāh'], Ziha; dryness. Compare Appellative সমুহ dry, thirsty.

ነካኝ [tsiy-yōhn'], Zion; dry place, dry mountain. Compare Appellatives በያኝ dryness, ነካኝ dry land. Accord-

ing to some, top, summit. Compare Appellative 가약 pillar, column.

צילְר [tsee-ngōhr'], Zior; smallness. From צָער to be small.

קי [tseeph'], Zuph; in Kethib, 1 Chr. vi. 20(35), for אַניל; in Keri, perhaps the same in signification, honeycomb.

ΫΥ [tseets'], Ziz; with the Π article, the flower. From ΥλΣ to flower, flourish. Compare Appellatives.

ג'יִקּילָג צִיקּילָג (בּיקּוּלָג (בִּיקּילָג (בּיקּוּלָג (בּיקוּלָג (ביקוּלָג (ביקוּלְג (ביקוּלָג (ביקוּלָג (ביקוּלָג (ביקוּלָג (ביקוּל (

קלְּיִי [tsillāh'], Zillah; shade. i.q. Appellative אַל.

בְּלֶלְפוֹנְע [ts'lelpōhnee], vers. with article, Hazelelponi; the shadow looketh upon me. From בְּלֶלְפוֹנְע and Part. בְּלֶלְפוֹנְע turn one's face towards any thing, to look upon.

יַבְּלְמְוֹן [tsalmōhn'], Zalmon, Salmon; shadow, or, shady. Comp. צֶּלֶם shadow.

אַבְּלֶבְיּלֵבְ [tsalmunnāhng], Zalmunna; shadow is removed, departed. Contracted for אַבְילִבּן Compare the preceding, and אַבְּילִבן, Preterite of אַבּוֹל to move, to wander.

שָלְיֵב [tsēhlāhng'], Zelah; side. Compare Appellatives. ካቪን ኒቴahlāhph'], Zalaph; fracture, wound. From ካንሄ, Syriac, to break, wound.

ロジラス [tseltsakh], Zelzah; shadow from the sun. From by shadow, and ロス, collated with the Arabic, the sun (S.).

אֶלֶהְ [tseh'lek], Zelek; fissure. From Chaldee אָלֵי to cleave.

'다'가 [tsill'thah'y], Zilthai; shadow, i.e., protection of the Lord. For 가 함 다, compare 다양 above, and 타 the Lord.

אָבֶּלְ [ts'māhree'], Zemarite; gentile noun, probably, of the following.

ביים (ts'māhrah'·yim), Zemaraim; according to Simonis, from אָבָי hot. From the Chaldee אָבָי to be hot.

가 [tsin'], Zin; thorn. i.q. Appellative 미화. According to others, i.q. Talmudic, 가약 a low palm tree.

기구막 [ts'nāhn'], Zenan; perhaps, place of flocks. Contracted for 기가막 above.

בְּלְיִר [tsāhngeer'], Zair; small. Compare Appellatives.

기가 [tsōh'ngan], Zoan; low region. Collated with the Egyptian (G.).

다고 [tsahngănah'-yim], Zaanaim; two removals. Dual of 기약, compare the following, for which this stands in Kethib, Jud. iv. 11.

בּיִבְּיבִים [tsahngănanneem'], Zaanannim; removals. Plural of בְּצִבְּיבִים בְּיִבְּיבִים בּיִבּיים בּיִבְיבִים בּיבּיים בּיבּים בּיבים בּיבּים בּיבּים בּיבּים בּיבּים בּיבּים בּיבּים בּיבּים בּיבים בּיבּים בּיבים בּיבּים בּיבים ביבים בּיבים בּיבים בּיבים בּיבים בּיבים ביבים ביב

기약 [ts'phōh'], Zepho; expectation, hope. From 미약왕 to look out for, to wait.

וֹיְלְיּלְ [tsāhphōhn'], Zaphon; north. Compare Appellatives.

אַלְּפְיֹנְ [ts'phōhn'], Zephon; expectation, hope. Compare בּיִּבְּינוֹ above. It stands, Num. xxvi. 15, for בְּיִנוֹץ, Gen. xlvi. 16.

צְפוֹנְי [ts'phōhnee'], Zephonite; patronymic of the preceding.

기후보 [tsippōhr'], Zippor; bird. Compare Appellatives.

ንድ [ts'phee'], Zephi; i. q. ነጋድ (Gen. xxxvi. 11), for which this is found, 1 Chr. i. 36.

기가투착 [tsiph-yōhn'], Ziphion; expectation, hope. From 미약복 to look out for, to wait.

בּקְינֵל [tsōhpheem'], Zophim; watchmen. Part. pl. of רְּבָּיִל to look about.

마구막 [ts'phan-yāh'], Zephaniah; (whom) the Lord hides, i. e., protects. From 한쪽 to hide, and 다) the Lord.

אַפֿלְיָחוּ [ts'phan-yāh'hoo], id.

תְּבְיּבְיּנְ [tsāhph'nath pahngănēh'ākh], Zaphnath-paaneah; by collation with the Egyptian, the meaning is supposed to be, saviour of the age. קב [tsippōhrāh'], Zipporah; bird. Compare יוֹפּאָן above.

רְּשֶׁלְ [ts'phāhth'], Zephath; watchtower. From רְּשָּׁלְ to look about.

기路 [tsēhr'], Zer; strait. From 기압 to straiten, to press.

ווֹרְאָנְי [ts'rēhdāh'], Zeredah; a cooling. From אָנריד, collated with the Arabic, to be cool.

לְרוּיֶה [ts`roo-yāh'], Zeruiah; balmy, odoriferous. From לְיִי balsam.

קרוּקֶר [ts'roo.ngāh'], Zeruah ; leprous. Compare Appellative בָּרוּצָּ Part. pass.

בְּרֵּוֹר [ts'rohr'], Zeror; bundle. Compare Appellatives.

צֹרֵי [tsōhree'], Tyrian; gentile noun of צור.

לְרֶי [ts'ree'], Zeri; stands, 1 Chr. xxv. 3, for יְצָרִי ver. 11.

בְּרְעֶּה [tsor-ngāh'], Zorah; hornet's town. i. q. אָרְעָה hornet (G.).

צְרְעֵי [tsor-ngee'], Zorite; gentile noun of the preceding.

ֹרְעְּקְלְ [tsor-ngāhthee'], Zareathite, Zoreathite; id.

ነጋጎኝ [tsōhr'phee'], goldsmith (Neh. iii. 31); ought to have been rendered as a proper name, Zorphi, or, as it is with " article, Hazzorphi; as an Appellative, it ought simply to have been ካንደጣ, Part. of የጊኝ to melt, smelt.

רַפְּר [tsāhr'phath'], Zarephath ; a

melting, smelting. From 키그북 to melt, smelt.

אָבֶרְהְ [ts'rēhrāh], Zererath; stands, Jud. vii. 22, for גַבָּרָה.

[tseh'reth], Zereth; perhaps for אָהֶר splendour (S.), from אָהָר to shine, glitter. Comp. the following.

קרת הַשְּׁתַרת (tsek'reth hashshah'khar), Zareth-shahar; splendour of the dawn. Compare the preceding and Appellative שְׁתַּר

וֹתְיּיִלְּיִ [tsāhr'thāhn'], Zaretan, Zarthan, Zartanah; the etymology is obscure.

P

ן קַבְצָּאֵל [kavts'ēhl'], Kabzeel; stands for יַקַּבְצָּאֵל q. v.

תְּבְצִּיִם [kivtsah'yim], Kibzaim; two heaps (G.). Dual of ץ־בָּוּ = רַבְּיּנִים gather, to collect.

קְּבְרוֹת הַתְּאָוֹה [kivrōhth hattahἄνāh'], Kibroth-hattaavah; graves of lust. Compare Appellatives, and Nu. xi. 34.

קְּדְּׁטֶּר [kēh'd'māh], Kedemah; eastward. From קּוֹרֶט east, with ח local.

קְּבְּקְוֹת [k'dēhmōhth'], Kedemoth ; beginnings. Plural of קְּבָקְּה i.q. Appellative קְּבָּקְה.

הְיבֶּיאֵל (kadmee-ēhl'), Kadmiel; one before, in the presence of God, i.e., minister of God (G.). From הווֹנָינִי i.q. Chaldee הוֹנָין, as a preposition, before, and אוֹנָינִי God.

קּרְמִינְי [kadmōhnee'], Kadmonite; oriental. Compare Appellatives.

תְּרֵר [kēhdāhr'], Kedar; dark skinned. From תְּרֵר to be dark coloured.

וְרְרְוֹן [kidrōhn'], Kidron; turbid. From אָרָר, collated with the Arabic, to be turbid (G.).

will [kāhdēhsh'], Kadesh; consecrated, sc., to Astarte, or Venus. Compare Gesenius on the Appellative of this form. From will to be holy, sacred.

שָׁלֶּהְ, [keh'desh], Kedesh; sanctuary. From שֹׁקְהָ to be holy, sacred.

קוביל [k'hēhlāh'], with paragogic החלים [k'hēhlāh'], Kehelathah; convocation. From קוביל to convoke.

רְחָהְיּ [k'hāhth'], Kohath; assembly. From obsolete רְּחָלָּה, in the Chaldee, to assemble.

ְּחְדֶּתְוֹי [k'hāhthee'], Kohathite; patronymic of the preceding.

קלְתֶּלֶת, once קּוֹתֶלֶת, [koh-heh'leth], preacher (Eccl. i. l., &c.); a masculine

proper name with feminine termination, as designating office. Literally, the convoker, for preacher, from his gathering an assembly around him. Part. fem. of קוחל to convoke.

קוֹלְיָחְ [kōhlāh-yāh'], Kolaiah; voice of the Lord. For קוֹל נָה (G.).

 $\dot{\gamma}$ [$k\bar{o}hts'$], Koz, and with π art., Hakkoz, Koz, Coz; the thorn. Compare Appellatives.

ארבור, once אייבור, [kōhrēh'], Kore; partridge. Compare Appellative אייבור, properly, the crier, caller. Part. from איין, to cry, to call.

אַרְיְלְּשִׁרְיְרְ [kooshāh-yāh'hoo], Kushaiah; bow of the Lord, i.e., rainbow. From קולט, in the Arabic, to be curved, bent, as a bow (G.).

קְּמֵוּרֶה [k'toorāh'], Keturah; incense. i.q. Appellative קמוֹרָה.

기약간 [kāhtāhn'], with the 더 article, Hakkatan; the little, or, younger. Compare Appellatives.

지ነው [kattāhth'], or better as other copies read, ጥቂበ [kattath], Kattath; small. Supposed to be contracted for ጉር፡፡፡

ן [kah'-yin], Cain; acquisition, possession. From אָר, or אָר, probably i. q. אָר, to get, acquire. Compare Gen. iv. l.

קיבֶּה [keenāh'], Kinah; lamentation. From קין, in Piel, to lament.

יְרָלְי & קִּילְיְ [kēhnee'], Kenite; gentile noun of זְיִבְ. Compare Nu. xxiv. 22, and Jud. iv. 11.

קיבים [keeneem'], Kenites; id.

וֹיָהֶן [kēhnāhn'], Cainan, Kenan; perhaps i. q. אָרְיָהָן possession (G.), but compare יְרִיף.

קיר [keer'], Kir; wall. Compare Appellatives.

היר הֶּדְּעָם [keer kheh'res], Kir-heres, Kir-haresh; wall of tiles. Compare Appellatives.

קיר חֲבֶשֶׁת [keer khăreh'seth], Kirhareseth; id.

קרים & הֵירְם (kēhrōhs'), Keros; from the Chaldee, weaver's comb (G.).

קישׁ [keesh], Kish; a snaring. From bir to lay snares.

ק'ישׁוֹין [keeshōhn'], Kishon; winding. From ליקוֹיף, collated with the Arabic, to be curved, bent (G.).

ּלִישִׁי [keeshee'], Kishi; stands, l Chr. vi. 29 (44), for קוּשָׁיָדִר xv. 17.

לְיֵל [kallah'y], Kallai; swift, sc., servant of the Lord. Perhaps for אָלְיָם (G.), from לְּלָם to be light, swift.

תיייין, [kēhlāh-yāh'], Kelaiah; assembly of the Lord. Contracted from היי חייין, (S.) for הייין, from think teands, Ezr. x. 23, for the following.

קלימין [k'leetāh'], Kelitah; id., from קלים, in the Chaldee, to gather together. Compare the preceding, especially Ezr. x. 23.

קְמְרֵאֵל [k'moo-ēhl'], Kemuel; assembly of God. אם קרי יחיק in the Arabic, to gather together, and אָל God (S.).

ነነኮቪ [kāhmōhn'], Camon; standing firm. From ነን to stand.

וֹלְּהָן ($k\bar{a}hn\bar{a}h'$), Kanah; reed, reeds, i.e., place of reeds. Compare Appellative קָּרָּף reed.

רְבְּיֹ [k'naz'], Kenaz; a hunting. רְבִיּ, collated with the Arabic, to hunt.

'ḤḤḍṇ [k'nizzee'], Kenizzite; patronymic and gentile noun of 'བṇ, as the signification for the latter it is, hunter.

רְבֶּיךְ [k'nāhth'], Kenath; possession. From רְבָּיִר to acquire, possess.

קליק [k'ngeelāh'], Keilah; fortress, refuge. Collated with the Arabic (S.).

קציקה [k'tsee-ngāh'], Kezia; cassia. Compare Appellative.

עֶּמֶק ה׳ see הַצֵּיץ.

קונא see לבא.

רַתְּתְּ [kāhrēh'ākh], Kareah; baldhead. Compare Appellative בּתְרָבּוּ

קֹרֵת [kōh'rakh], Korah; ice. Compare Appellative.

[korkhee'], Korahite, Korhite,

Korathite; patronymic of the preceding.

קרְיְּוֹת [k'riy-yōhth'], Kerioth; cities. Plur. of קְּרָיֶה i. q. קַרִיָּה.

קרַיַר אַרְבָּר אַר Kirjath-arba; city of Arba, one of the Anakims. Compare Appellative רְּבָּר and proper name אַרְבַּע אַרָּבָּע

ל (kir-yath' bah'-ngal), Kirjath-baal; city of Baal. Compare Appellative קָּיִים בְּעַל and pr. name בַּעַל

תְרֵית ְתְּבְּוֹת [kir-yath' khootsōhth'], Kirjath-huzoth; city of streets. Compare Appellatives קריָת & צֹּאָרָת.

[kir-yāhthah'-yim], Kir-jathaim; double city. Dual of קָרָיָם, compare Appellatives.

[kir-yath' y'ngāhreem'], Kirjath-jearim; city of woods. Compare Appellatives אָרָיָת יִּצְרָים.

קְּרָיַתְ Oֵּקְהַ (fir-yath' sannāh'], Kirjath-sannah; city of palms. Compare Appellative קְּרָבְיִם (G.).

תְּבֶּית מָפֶּר [kir-yath' sēh'pher], Kirjath-sepher; city of writing, or, books; i.e., learning. Compare Appellatives.

קּרִים עָּרִים [kir-yath' ngāhreem'], Kirjath-arim; contracted for אָרָים יַעְרִים.

The Time [keh'ren happookh'], Keren-happuch; splendour (lit. rays) of carbuncle. But as this meaning for the second word is uncertain, others render it horn of paint, i. e., eye-paint, stibium. Compare Appellatives.

קירם see קרם.

קרקוע [karkang'], Karkaa; floor, pavement. Compare Appellatives.

קרקׁר [karkōhr'], Karkor; an undermining. From קרים, Compare Isa. xxii. 5.

קרְתֶּה [kartāh'], Kartah; city. i.q. Appellative בֶּרֶה.

ן הְרְהָּן [kartāhn'], Kartan; two cities. Dual after the Chaldee or Arabic (S.), elsewhere בְּרָנְתִינִם ? q. v.

קּשְׁיוֹן [kish-yōhn'], Kishion, Kishon; hardness. From קָשׁי to be hard.

٦

기 (rōh-eh'), with the article, Haroeh; the beholding, regarding, sc. God, Part. of 기학기 to see, behold, regard. It stands, 1 Chr. ii. 52, for 기학기 (the Lord regards him); see ch. iv. 2.

וֹרְיּאֹרְ [r'oovēhn'], Reuben; See, a son! ארֹיִ Imper. pl. of רְאָרָ and בּמּר son. See Gen. xxix. 32, where the words "for she said, Surely the Lord hath looked upon my affliction," &c. are not to be understood as the cause why she (Leah) gave him this name, but why she thus joyfully exclaimed, "See, a son!" And though this fact is not expressly stated, it is most probable, from the plain signification of the name.

רְאוּבֵנְיְ [r'oovēhnee'], Reubenite; patronymic of the same.

(113)

וֹרְיּאָר [r'oomāh'], Reumah; raised, high. Part. pass. of DN7 to be high.

[r'āh-yāh'], Reaiah; the Lord has regarded (him). From TRT to see, behold, regard, and II, the Lord.

קמות and באמות [rāhmōhth'], Ramoth; heights. From DN7 to be high.

רָאּמַת־נֵגֶב [rāhmath' neh'gev], Ramath of the south (Jos. xix. 8); height, high place of the south. Comp. the preceding and the Appellative

שֹאֵל [rohsh'], Rosh; head. Compare Appellatives.

רַבּל [rabbāh'], Rabbah; great, sc. great city, metropolis. Fem. of 27 great, from In to become much, or, many.

רבות (rabbeeth'), Rabbith; multitude. From In to become great, or, many.

רבלה [rivlāh'], Riblah; fertility. From , according to the Arabic, to be much, fertile, abundant (G.).

רֶבְּעֹל [reh'vang], Reba; the fourth. From YET'S four.

רבהה [rivkāh'], Rebekah; binding, hence perhaps fascinating. From プラフ, comp. Lex. on this obsolete root.

רבשׁקַח [ravshāhkēh'], Rab-shakeh ; chief cupbearer. 37 great, chief, compare Appellatives, and שָׁקָה participle of קולי. Compare Gesenius on this obsolete root.

רֹגְלֵים [rōhq'leem'], Rogelim; fullers'- place. Participle of נבל to tread, sc. garments in washing (G.). עין רבל.

[reh'gem], Regem; friend. Collated with the Arabic (S.).

קבם מלף [reh'gem meh'lekh], Regem-melech; friend of the king. Compare the preceding.

רְדֵי [raddah'y], Raddai; the Lord subdues. For רָדָיָת, preterite of to subdue, and In the Lord.

בְהַבּ [rah'hav], Rahab; pride. Compare Appellative.

רְהָבֶּת [rohgāh'], Rohgah; outcry. clamour. From and, collated with the Arabic, to cry out (G.). This is the reading according to Keri, but רוֹתָבָר according to Kethib.

רוּמָח [roomāh'], Rumah; lofty. From Dan to be high.

רוֹמֵמְהִי עֵזֶר [rōhmam'tee ngēh'zer], Romamti-ezer; I have exalted (his) help. Piel of Did to be raised, to be high, and עור help. Compare Appellatives.

רוּת [rooth], Ruth; appearance, beauty. Contracted from MINT. Compare Appellative.

רְיוֹן [r'zōhn'], Rezon; prince, i. q. 717 (G.), which latter is a participle of 777. See Gesenius on this root.

בְחֶב [rāhkhāhv'], Rahab; enlarge-From In to be, or, become ment. wide, large.

רְהֹבְוֹת [r'khōhvōhth'], Rehoboth; wide places, ample room. From ⊃77, compare the preceding, also Gen. xxvi. 22.

r'har-yāh'], Rehabiah; enlargement of the Lord. Compare

יחביות [r'khav-yāh'hoo], id.

בּיְרֶין [r'khavngāhm'], Rehoboam; enlargement of the people. Compare ביין above, and Appellative בּיָרָ

בְּחָוֹי [r'khōhv'], Rehob; street. Compare Appellatives.

רְדְּלְּה [r'khoom'], Rehum; beloved. Participle passive form of רְדָם to love.

רְחֵל [rāhkhēhl'], Rachel; ewe, sheep. Compare Appellatives.

compassion. From Did to love, to have compassion.

ירחום see רחם.

יבִי [reevah'y], Ribai; i. q. יִרִיבֵי adversary.

רִיפְּת [reephath'], Riphath; the etymology is obscure.

בֶּבֶב [rēhkhāhv'], Rechab; rider. From בְּבָר to ride.

רֶּכְּבְי [rēhkhāhvee'], Rechabite; patronymic of the same.

תְּבֶּרֵ [rēhkhāh'], Rechah; side. For בְּבֶּרָת. Compare Appellatives.

רְבֶּל [rāhkhāht], Rachal; traffic. From קבל, from which בל a trader, merchant.

רַם [rāhm'], Ram; high. From to be high.

기계 [rāhmāh'], Ramah; height, high place. From 터 to be high.

[rimmohn'], Rimmon; pomegranate. Compare Appellatives.

קֹמְוֹת [rāhmōhth'], Ramoth; heights. i. q. אָמוֹת q. v.

קְּלְתְּר [rāhmōhth'gil-ngāhd'], Ramoth-gilead; Ramoth in Gilead. Compare the preceding, and בָּלְעָר.

קיייים [ram-yāh'], Ramiah; the Lord is exalted. Pret. of מְּמָר to be high, exalted, and הי, the Lord.

רַמְּים [rammeem'], Syrians; with article הָאָרַמִּים for הָאָרַמָּים.

ין [r'mal-yāh'hoo], Remaliah; (whom) the Lord decks, adorns. From בְּלֵל according to the Arabic, to deck with gems (G.).

קר [rimmōhn peh'rets], Rimmon-parez; pomegranate-cleft. Compare במוֹן above, and אַרָּשׁ a breach.

רָמֶת [reh'meth], Remeth; height. i. q. בְּמֶת הַ

תְּשְׁלְּשְׁתְ [rāhmath' hammitspeh], Ramath-mizpeh; height of the watch-tower. Comp. חבָר, and תּשְּלִים,

קָתְי [rāhmāhthee'], Ramathite; gentile noun of רָמָת.

בּילְים צוֹלְים rāhmahthah'-yim tsōhpheem'], Ramathaim-zophim; two heights of the Zophites, or, the watchmen. Dual of 디무크 height, and the part. of 디무크 to look about, to watch.

תְּבֶּר [rinnāh'], Rinnah; rejoicing. From יוֹרָ to shout. Compare Appellatives.

רְּפֵּי [rissāh'], Rissah; dew. From מוֹלָי to moisten, sprinkle. Collated with the Chaldee, Arabic, and Sanscrit (G.).

קֶּטֶּן [reh'sen], Resen; bridle. Compare Appellatives.

רְעִה' [r'ngoo'], Reu; friend, sc. of God (G.). From רְּשָׁר to delight in one, to be his companion. For this form compare

ק [r'ngoo-ēhl'], Reuel; friend of God. Compare the preceding and אל God.

רְיֵּבְי [rēh-ngee'], Rei; friendly, social. Denom. of כי companion, friend (G.).

וְתְּלֶּיְתוּ [r'ngēhlāh-yāh'], Reelaiah; trembling, i. e. terror of the Lord-From דָבָע to shake, tremble, and הי, the Lord-

הְלְּחֶה [rangmah'], Raamah; trembling, or, thundering. From נְצָם to tremble, thunder.

רְשַׁמְיּת [rāh-ngam-yāh], Raamiah; terror of the Lord. Compare the preceding, and רְשֵׁלְיָה (Ezra ii. 2), for which this stands in Neh. vii. 7.

בְּעְבִיקְ [rangm'sēhs], Rameses, and בְּעָבִיקְ [rah-ngamsēhs'], Rameses; the first form, according to the Coptic, is composed of man, pastor, i.e. shep-

herd, and the second, field of the sun (Jablonski by Simonis).

자꾸 $[r\bar{a}hph\bar{a}h']$, Rapha (only 1 Chr. viii. 2), elsewhere rendered giant (xx, 4, 6, 8); i. q. 다양기 giant, q. v.

רְפָּאִים [r'phāh-eem], Rephaims; giants, gentile noun from אָּבָּין giant. Compare 1 Chr. ii. 4, 6, or אָבָוּן (2 Sa. xxi. 18, 20).

(whom) God heals. For אָל (whom) God heals. For אָל אַפָּאָן to heal, and אָל God.

קר (rāhphāh'), Rapha (1 Chr. viii. 37), giant (2 Sa. xx. 16, 18, 21, 22); giant. From רוב to cast down, let fall, hence this word signifies a casting down, overthrowing, i. e. hero, champion, giant (G.). But in 1 Chr. viii. 37, it has most likely the signification of healing, as in ix. 23, חיבי (whom) the Lord heals, stands instead of it.

רְּפְּוּא [rāhphoo'], Raphu; healed. Participle passive of אָפָן to heal.

רוב (reh'phakh), Rephah; rich. From רוב according to the Arabic, to be rich (S.).

שני, נְצִיעָ [r'pheedeem'], Rephidim; beds, couches. Passive form of דָבָי to strew, to spread out a bed. Compare יְבִידְים bed, couch, from

י (whom) the Lord heals. For אָל (whom) the Lord heals. For אָל אָפָּיִן preterite of אָפָּיִן to heal, and אַל God. Compare

지국 [rits-yāh'], Rizia; delight. From 기국 to delight in anything.

וְצְיֹן [r'tseen'], Rezin; probably i. q. prince, q. v.

רְצֶּהֶ [reh'tseph], Rezeph; pavement, i. q. Appellative הַבְּצָהַיּ

기후학 [ritspāh'], Rizpah; hot coal, probably hot stone, used for roasting or baking. Compare Appellative. Or perhaps flame, 커틸 or 카탈 to inflame, kindle, whence 커탈 q.v.

וְקְּתְּי [rakkōhn'], Rakkon; perhaps (situate) on the shore. Compare בְּחָר

רְהָהֵ [reh'kem], Rekem; variegated. From רְהַיִּה to variegate. Hence, collated with the Arabic (S.) a flower garden.

רְקַי [rakkath'], Rakkath; shore. In the Chaldee אָרָיִן shore.

קְשֶּׁקְ [reh'sheph], Resheph; flame. Compare Appellatives.

רְתָּם [rithmāh'], Rithmah; i.q. , according to some, juniper. According to Gesenius genista, broom, a shrub growing in the deserts of Arabia.

w

마한 [s'vāhm'], Sevam; fragrance. Transposed for DBD (S.), coolness, collated with the Arabic (G.).

קבְשֶׁר [sivmāh'], Sibmah; id.

בּוֹבְרַב [s'goov'], Segub; elevated.

Passive form of it to be lifted up, to be raised.

[s'geev], Segub; id. Thus according to Kethib, 1 Ki. xvi. 34.

[siddeem'], Siddim; plains. Plural of שׁוֹדִים to be straight, even (G.).

ולק' (אַלּק', אַלוּרְלָּה'), Sochoh, Shochoh, Socoh, Shocho, Socoo, hedge, enclosure. From איני to hedge, hedge in, or, about.

בים (sookhāhtheem'), Suchathites; gentile noun from an unknown place שׁוֹרְהָים hedge, enclosure. Compare the preceding.

ከጉርኮ [sitnāh'], Sitnah; opposition, hatred. From ነውም to be an adversary. Compare Gen. xxvi. 21.

י אַרְאָרֹן [see-ōhn'], Sion; elevated. For בְּשִׁיאִרֹן from אַשְׁיִלְ to lift up, to raise.

קבר [sēh'khoo], Sechu; watch-tower. From אָשְׁרָה i.q. Chaldee אָשְׁרָה to look, view, whence Chaldee מברו watch-tower.

קֹבֶּר [sāhkhāhr'], Sacar; hire, wages. From אָבָי to hire. Compare Appellatives.

קמָת, תְּילְמֶא [salmāh'], Salma; garment. Compare Appellative שֵׁלְמֶא

שַׁלְכְּוֹן [salmohn'], Salmon; clothed. From שַׁלְכָּה a garment.

י מַּלְּמִי (salmah'y), Shalmai; stands for שׁלְמֵּל Ez. ii. 46, which reading the English version proposes also here Neh. vii. 48.

קּמְלֶּחְ [samlāh'], Samlah; garment, i. q. Appellative שַּׁמְלֶּה.

קיר [s'neer'], Senir; coat of mail (S.).

שֵׁלְיר [sēh-ngeer'], Seir; hairy, i.q. Appellative שָׁלִיר.

שְׁעֹרֶים [s'ngōhreem'], Seorim; barley. Compare Appellative שִּׁעָרָה

according to other copies រាជាភ្នុឃុំ, which see under ឃុំ.

Feminine of prince. Compare Appellatives. Or perhaps as a Pret. The she is become princess, she has prevailed. In reference both to the past event regarding Hagar, and the promise which the Lord was about to bestow upon her immediately. Compare Gen. xvii. 15, 16.

אַרְוּג [s'roog], Serig; shoot, tendril, i.q. Appellative ישָׂרִיג

קלבית [sēh'rakh], Serah; abundance, i.q. Appellative מּבָּר (G.), from נים to be superfluous, redundant.

ילֵין [sāhrah'y], Sarai; perhaps for the Lord reigns, literally has dominion. Pret. of סורים to be prince, to have dominion, to reign.

קרוד (sāhreed'), Sarid; remainder. From שָׁרֵים to flee, to escape, hence Appellative שִׁרִים one escaped, left.

ניים [s'rāh-yāh'], Seraiah; the Lord has dominion, reigns. From שָּׁרָים i.q. שְׁרָב and שָׁרָב . Compare שָׁרָם

The Lord. This word, besides its numerous occurrences, is also found in 2 Sa. viii. 17, as the name of David's scribe. But in every other parallel passage a different word is found instead, so אוש in Keri, and ສາໝໍ Kethib, 2 Sa. xx. 25, ສຫຼາໜໍ 1 Ki. iv. 2, אַשְּׁיִשְׁ ו Chr. xviii. 16. Simonis, who considers these to refer to one and the same person, prefers to read in 2 Sa. viii. 17, שׁרָיִה habitation of the Lord, from the Chaldee איני or to dwell. And in agreement with this, by collations with the Arabic, Syriac, and Chaldee, he tries to prove that the other words, Nim or אישָׂי, אשִׁישִׁי and אשִׁישִׂי, signify habitation, sc. of the Lord.

שָּׂרָיָרוּר [s'rāh-yāh'hoo], id.

קייון [sir-yōhn'], Sirion; coat of mail, i. q. Appellatives מִּרִיוֹן and

בין מוֹרְסְקְקְים [sars'kheem'], Sarsechim; prince of the Scythians. From של prince, and בין מוֹרָם מוֹרָם בין מוֹרָם מוֹרָם מוֹרָם בין מוֹרָם מוֹרְם מוֹרָם מוֹרְם מוֹרָם מוֹרְם מוֹרָם מוֹרְם מוֹרָם מוֹרָם מוֹרְם מוֹרָם מוֹרְם מוֹרְם מוֹרְם מוֹרְם מוֹרְם מוֹרְם מוֹרָם מוֹרְם מוֹרָם מוֹרְים מוֹרָם מוֹרָם מוֹרָם מוֹרָם מוֹרָם מוֹרָם מוֹרָם מוֹרְיבָים מוֹרָם מוֹרָם

키그번 [sāhrāhph'], Saraph; perhaps noble, prince. Compare Gesenius on the root 키고반, which according to the Arabic may signify to be noble, of high birth.

שׁוֹבֵקּק [sōhrēhk'], Sorek; shoot, tendril. Compare Appellatives.

ש

לְשָׁאָהּל [shāh-ool], Saul; asked for, obtained by entreaty. From אָשָׁל to ask, request.

לְּאַרּלְי [shāh-oolee'], Shaulite; patronymic of the same.

אָּאֶל [sh'āhl'], Sheal; petition. From שָׁאַל to ask, request.

תְאֲשֵׁל [shēh-ĕrāh], Sheerah; blood-relationship, kindred, concr. kinswoman, i.q. Appellative מַאָּבָשׁ (G.).

באולי (sh'āhr' yāhshoor'), Shear-jashub; a remnant shall return. For the first compare Appellatives, and אוני future of אוני to return.

ਮੜਾਲੂੰ $[sh'v\bar{a}h']$, Sheba, Sabeans; man. Collated with the Ethiopic (G.).

קאים [sh'vāh-eem'], Sabeans; gentile noun of the same.

לייבריא (sh'voo-ēhi'), Shebuel; captivity of God, perhaps for concr. captive of God. בין בי Chaldee form מַלְכוּר מַלְכוּר (compare מַלְכוּר מַלְכוּר (compare מַלְכוּר And מַלְכוּר), and מַלְכוּר God.

ンガ [shōhvah'y], Shobai; captor, one who takes captive. Participle of ロマヴ to take, or, lead captive.

יבְשׁ [shōhvee'], Shobi; id.

קבְּיֶר [shov-yāh'], Shachiah; this is the reading of some copies, but others read יְבְיָל which the English version has followed.

אַרְכָּה Shevnāh'], Shebna; approach, access. From an Arabic root to draw near, whence, according to others, confidence, trust, for concr. confident.

רְּיִבְּיִי [sh'van-yāh'], Shebaniah; perhaps confidant of the Lord. Compare the preceding.

שׁבַנְיָדוּר [sh'van-yāh'hoo], id.

ソフヴ [sheh'vang], Sheba; oath. As the name of a place, compare Gen. xxi. 14, 31, and xxvi. 33. But it being also the name of a man, compare 2 Sa. xx. 1,2; it may signify seven, compare Appellatives.

קיקה [shiv-ngāh'], Shebah; oath. Compare Gen. xxvi. 33.

" [sheh'ver], Sheber; breach, or, fracture. From "ਹੜ੍ਹਾਂ to break. Compare Appellatives.

בְּיִרִים [sh'vāhreem'], Shebarim; breaches, plural of שָׁבָּר. Compare the preceding.

יְבְּקְיּתְ [shabb'thah'y], Shabbethai ; Sabbath of the Lord, for הַּיְרָהַשָּׁי, i.e. Sabbath-born. Compare Appellative השַשָּי

ຊາກຸ່ມ [shāhgēh'], Shage; erring. Participial form of ຂຶ້ງໝູ່ i.q. ກົງພູ່ to err.

ליאָרי [sh'dēh-oor'], Shedeur; darting of fire. אָדָשׁ in the Chaldee to cast, shoot, and און fire. Compare Appellatives (S.).

קרות [shadrakh'], Shadrach; rejoicing in the way. Collated with the Persic (Bohlen by Gesenius). בּיִוֹלֵי [shōh'ham], Shoham; onyx. Compare Appellatives.

אָשֶׁי [sh'vāh'] Keri, but אָשָׁי [sh'yāh'] Kethib, Sheva; see יְּבָיָה.

stands twice by transposition for לשנאלי [shoovāh-ēhľ], Shubael; stands twice by transposition for compare 1 Chr. xxiv. 20, xxv. 20, with xxv. 4, xxvi. 24.

স্ক্রান্ত [shōhvāhv'], Shobab; rebellious, apostate. From স্বাৰ্ট in Piel, to turn away, to depart. Compare Appellative.

ন্টার্চ্চ [shōhvakk'], Shobach; probably i.q. নৃহার্চ্চ effusion. নৃট্ট i.q. নৃহ্ট to pour out.

להְבּל (shōhvāhl'), Shoval; perhaps increase. From בְּשׁ to go up, rise, to grow. Compare Gesenius on this obsolete verb.

קבק [shōhvēhk'], Shobek; forsaking. Part. of שובק, in the Ch., to leave.

קוֹה [shāh-vēh'], Shaveh; plain. From שֵׁנִים to be even, level.

בּילְתַיל [shāhvēh' kir-yāh-thah'-yim], Shaveh-kirjathaim; Shaveh (near) kirjathaim. Compare the preceding and יקורים:

্রেন্ট [shoo'ākh], Shuah; bowed down. From the verb ্রেন্ট to be bowed down.

מורקוי [shookhee'], Shoohite; patron. and gentile noun of the preceding.

בּקְישׁ [shookhāhm'], Shuham; probably by transposition for ביי it stands Num. xxvi. 42, instead of ביי Gen. xlvi. 23.

אַרּחָמִי [shookhāhmee'], Shuhamite; patronymic of the preceding.

קלית [shoolammeeth], Shulamite; peaceful. From שׁלְשׁית to be at peace, enjoying peace.

אַמֵר & שׁמֵר (shōhmēhr'), Shomer; keeper. From שָׁמֵר to watch, to keep.

'ishoonee'], Shuni, Shunite; quiet. From 'গত probably i. q. ৷ মণ্ট to be quiet, as the name of a man, and as a patronymic.

בְּבֶּיִם [shoonēhm'], Shunem; perhaps two resting-places. For שׁיבָּיִם, compare בוֹאָ for נייָנים (G.).

אַרְנַמְּירוּ [shoonammeeth'], Shunammite; f. gentile noun of the preceding.

שַּׁרְעֵּ [shoo'äng], Shuah; riches. Compare Appellatives. Or perhaps for אָנְיִי help.

אַרְעָּא [shoo-ngāh'], Shua; riches. Compare the preceding.

לשרּבֶל [shoo-ngāhl'], Shual; fox. Compare Appellatives.

ন্তার্ড [shōhphakh], Shophach; effusion, i.e., profusion. From মৃত্যু to pour out.

אָרְפָּבְי [shoopkāhmee'], Shuphamite; patronymic of שָׁפּוּפָם.

ראים [shoor], Shur; wall. Compare Appellatives.

אָלְיָח [shavshāh'], Shavsha; compare שְׁלְיָח

וְשְׁשׁׁ [shooshan'], Shushan; lily. Compare Appellatives.

אַרְבֶּיְא [shooshankhāh-yēh'], Shusanchites; Chaldee gentile noun of שומיטי

ארשׁמְק [shooshak'], Kethib for שׁישׁים.

Thinw [shoothek lakk], Shuthelah; the etymology is obscure. According to Gesenius, for איארינים איארינים איארינים לייט פראיט פראיט

בּילְיבְיל [shahkhătsohm'] in Kethib, בּילְיבְּיל [shahkhătseem'] in Keri, Shahazimah; high place, or, high places. From אוש according to the Arabic to lift up, or, raise oneself (G.).

ישחור & אחוי, see היחורי

קיליי (sh'khar-yāl'), Shehariah; (whom) the Lord seeks. From שָׁחַרִי to seek, and הן the Lord.

בּיִם [shahkhărah'-yim], Shaharaim; dawns. Probably two dawns. Dual of תְּבִים dawn, morning. Compare Appellatives בְּיִבִים

בּישְׁשׁׁ [shitteem'], Shittim; acaciatrees. Plural of הְשְׁשִּׁי Compare Appellatives.

ישְׁמְרֵי [shitrah'y], according to Kethib, Shitrai; writer. From שָׁשִׁ in the Arabic, to write (G.).

אָיָני [$sh'y\bar{a}h'$] according to Kethib; see העָרָיָה

ງຳຄຸ້ນ [shee-ōhn'], Shihon; destruction. From ຄຳພໍ; compare the Appellative of this form and ກຸຄຸ້າໜໍ.

אָייָשׁ [sheezāh'], Shiza; perhaps

love. From w according to the Arabic to love.

שִׁיחְוֹר [sheekhōhr'], Shihor; black. From שָׁיִם to be black.

ק'ישׁ (only Gen. xlix. 10, which ought to be taken as an Appellative), אילי (sheelōh'], Shiloh; place of rest, or, peace. From אישׁי (to be tranquil, at rest.

אָילוֹכְי & אַילוֹכְי (sheelohnee'], Shilonite; gentile noun of the preceding, and also 1 Chr. ix, 5, of מַלָּרָ

אַיקוֹן [sheemöhn'], Shimon; perhaps for יְשִׁימוֹן desert, from נְשִׁימוֹן to be laid waste.

אָשִׁישִׁ [sheeshāh'], Shisha; see

שְׁישֵׁק [sheeshak'], Shishak; the etymology is obscure.

ລືໜ້ [sh'khem'], Shechem, Sichem; shoulder, or, portion. Compare Appellatives.

בשני [sheh'khem], Shechem; id.

שׁכְמִי [shikhmee'], Shechemite; patronymic of the preceding.

קבּנְינִי [sh'khan-yāh'], Shechaniah; the Lord abides (with him). From אַבְנִינִי to abide, dwell, and אין the Lord.

לאַכַנְדָּוֹר [sh'khan-yāh'hoo], id.

נְבְּרְוֹן [shikk'rōhn'], Shichron; drunkenness. From שָׁבְּרוֹן to be drunken. Compare Appellative שָׁבָּרוֹן.

משֶלֶה [shēhlāh'], Shelah; petition.

eontr. for שְׁאֵלֶה, from שְׁאָלֶי to ask, request.

চন্টুৰ্ছ & চট্ছ [shalloom], Shallum; retribution. From Piel of চাট্ছ to requite, recompense. Compare Appellatives চন্ট্ৰছ & চট্ছ.

[shalloon'], Shallum; quiet. From שָׁלָּי to be tranquil, quiet.

ກ່າງຫຼື [sheh'lakh], Shelah, Salah, Siloah; shoot, sprout. Compare Appellatives.

ק'ש' [sheelōh'ākh], Shiloah; prop. a sending of water, i.e., conduit, aqueduct. Compare שְׁשָׁ, Ps. civ. 10 (G.).

אָלְתְי [shilkhee'], Shilhi; armed. Compare Appellative שׁלְתֵי weapon.

armed men. [shilkheem'], Shilhim;

ກວຸ່ງ g [shalleh'kheth], Shallecheth; a casting down, overthrow. From ຖ້າ to cast, throw.

שְׁלֵּחֶ [shāhlēhm'], Shalem, Salem; peaceable. Compare Appellative.

ເລື່ອ [shillēhm'], Shillem; retribution. Compare Appellatives, and ການ above.

קלים [sh'lōhmōh'], Solomon; peaceable. From ישלים to be safe, enjoying peace. Compare I Ch. xxii. 9.

שׁלְּמֵי (sh'lõhmee'], Shelomi; peaceable. i. q. Appellative שׁלוֹם with constructive '.

ישׁלֵּמְי [shillēhmee'], Shillemite ; patronymic of שׁלֵםׁי.

שׁלְמֵי [shalmah'y], Shalmai; retribution of the Lord. Contr. for שֶׁלֶם, Compare the following.

רתְּלֶשׁלְי, [shehlem-yāh], Shelemiah; retribution of the Lord. From בייל in the Piel, to requite, recompense, and הייל the Lord.

מֵלְמִירָה [shehlem-yāh'hoo], id.

קילְימֶיה [sh'lõhmeeth'], Shelomith; peaceable. Fem. שְׁלִימִי q. v. as the name of a female; but as the name of a man, it may be a substantive, peaceableness, prosperity. Compare the use of שִׁלִים as an adjective and as a substantive.

שׁלְמָן [shalman'], Shalman; apoc. from the following.

ישׁלְמַנְאֶּמֶר [shalman-eh'ser], Shalmanezer; the etymology is obscure.

אֶלֶנְי [shēhlāhnee'], Shelanite; patronymic of שֵׁלָחי.

אָלֶהְ [sheh'leph], Sheleph; a drawing out. From אַלְיָלָ to draw out.

שֶׁלֶשׁ [shēh'lesh], Shelesh; triad (G.). From שׁלִל three.

שׁלְשֶׁה [shilshāh'], Shilshah; id.

יְּשִׁלְשֶׁה [shāhleeshāh'], Shalishah ; triangle. From שָׁלוֹש three.

שׁלְתִּיאֵל [shaltee-ēhl'], Shealtiel; contracted from שָׁלִתִּיאֵל.

בְּשֵׁי [shēhm'], Shem; name. Compare Appellatives.

ង្គាឃុំ [shammāh'], Shamma; i.q.
កាធុឃុំ astonishment. From ២០ឃុំ to be astonished, amazed.

기국본구방 [shemēh'ver], Shemeber; soaring on high, for 기구본고향, prop. in the abstract, lofty flight, from 미구방 (whence 교기화 heaven) height, and 기구병 (G.), prop. pinion.

Tኩኳም [shim-āh'], Shimeah; astonishment. According to Simonis, for ከኳኮም. Compare ከኳም. According to Gesenius, i. q. እሂኳም fame.

ກຸກຸກຸ [shim-āhm'], Shimeam; stands instead of the preceding. Compare 1 Chr. ix. 32 with 38.

קבר [shamgar'], Shamgar; its signification is not ascertained.

רְהְשׁ [shammāh'], Shammah; astonishment. From משני to be astonished, amazed. Compare Appellatives.

קרות (shamhooth), Shamhuth; probably id. It stands for the preceding, compare 2 Sa. xxiii. 25 with 1 Chr. xxvii. 18.

לי [sh'moo-ēhl'], Shemuel, Samuel; heard of God, i.e., given of God in answer to prayer. Compare 1 Sa. i. 20. Contracted from מיניים בייניים בייניים

part. pass. of 기가 to hear; also, to hear and answer prayer, and 의 영어.

אַמְשְּׁבְּע [shammoo'ăng], Shammua; renowned. From אַבְשָׁ to hear.

שְׁמְוּרְ [shāhmoor'], Shamir; in Kethib, 1 Chr. xxiv. 24, for שָׁמִיר in Keri.

רוֹשְׁשֵׁ [shammōhth], Shammoth; i. q. רְישִׁ astonishment, for which it stands. Compare 2 Sa. xxiii. 25 with 1 Chr. xi. 27. Compare also this Infinitive form in Eze, xxxvi. 3.

្តេម [shammah'y], Shammai; astonished. From ២១២ to be astonished, amazed.

אַמּמִידְע [sh'meedāhng'], Shemida; fame of wisdom. Compounded of בשל name, with conjunctive ', and אָדָן i. q.
Appellative אַדָּ knowledge, wisdom, from אַדְיָ, to know.

שְׁמִידָעְי [sh'meedāh-ngec'], Shemidite; patronymic of the same.

יר [shāhmeer'], Shamir; diamond. Compare Appellatives.

אין (sh'meerāhmōhth'), Shemiramoth; of great renown, properly, name of exaltations. From במות from בים המול , from בים to be high.

שַׁמְלֵּי [shamlah'y], Shalmai; in Kethib, for שֵׁלְכִי, Ezr. ii. 46.

אַבְעִי [shāhmāhng'], Shama; obedient. From אַבְשִי to hear.

ນກຸ່ມ [sheh'mang], Shema; fame. From ນກຸ່ມ to hear. Compare Appellative ນກຸ່ມ fame, ນກຸ່ມ sound. ສຸກຸກຸສ໌ [shim-ngāh'], Shimea, Shimei; fame. From ກົວໝໍ to hear. Compare the preceding.

שְּׁמְעֶה [shim-ngāh'], Shimeah ; id.

קרְיָּתְיּלֵי [sh'māh-ngāh'], Shemaah; with ח article, the hearing, so. the answer of prayer. From אַשְּׁלִי to hear, also, to hear and answer prayer, spoken of God.

אַמְעָלוֹ [shim-ngōhn'], Simeon; a hearing, sc. answer of prayer. Compare the preceding, and Gen. xxix. 33.

קיבוֹנְי [shim-ngōhnee'], Simeonite; patronymic of the same.

າກກຸໝໍ [shim-ngee] Shimei; Shimite; renowate. From ກຸກຸໝໍ to hear, compare ກຸກຸໝໍ above. The patronymote from this name retains this same form.

קמְעְהָין [sh'mang-yāh'], Shemaiah; (whom) the Lord hears. Pret. of אַבְּעָלְיּנָה hear, and הַיִּ the Lord.

שְׁמַעְיָחְהּ [sh'mang-yāh'hoo], id.

אַמְשְׁי [shim-ngāhth'], Shimath; i.q. מְּמְשְׁי fame.

יְשִׁקְעָּהְ [shim-ngāhthee'], Shimeathite; patronymic of יְשָׁקְעָּהְיּ

קּמֶּב [sheh'mer], Shemer, (in pause) Shamer; keeping, preserving. From אַרָּע to keep, to watch.

ישוֹמֵר see שׁמֵר.

אַרְיוֹלוֹ [shōh-m'rōhm'], Samaria; pertaining to a watch, watch-height (G.). Compare the preceding.

וֹקְשְׁלֶּנְאוֹmrōhn'], Shimron; watchguard (custodia). From שְּׁלֵינ to keep watch, guard.

קראוֹן מְקראוֹן [shimrōhn' m'rōhn'], Shimron-meron; the etymology of the second word is unknown.

שְׁמְרְי [shimree'], Shimri; watchful. From שָׁמָר to watch.

קבר (sh'mar-yāh'), Shemariah ; (whom) the Lord keeps. From שְׁבֵּיר to keep, watch, and הי, the Lord.

לְּשְׁמֵרְיְהוּ [sh'mar-yāh'hoo], id.

יָּוֹרְיִנְיּנְ [shāhm'rah'-yin], Samaria; the Chaldee form for שׁמְרוֹן.

אַבְרֵית [shimreeth'], Shimrith; watchful. Fem. of שָׁבְרָע, for which it stands. Compare 2 Ki. xii. 22 with 2 Chr. xxiv. 26.

יְלְבְּרֹבְיְ [shōhm'rōhnee'], Samaritan; gentile noun of שַׁבְרוֹן.

שְׁמְרֹבְי [shimrōhnee'], Shimronite; patronymic of שָׁמְרוֹן.

אַמְרֶתְ [shimrāhth'], Shimrath; watch, guard. From שָׁכִּי to keep, to watch.

ງຳປຸ່ວຸບໍ່ [shimshōhn'], Samson; sunlike (G.), from ປຸ່ວຸບໍ່ the sun.

្រាំប៉ុស៊ី [shimshah'y], Shimshai; sunny, id.

ייבי (shamsh'rah'y), Shamsherai; the etymology is not evident.

אַמְרְתְי [shoomāhthee'], Shumathite; patronymic of an unknown person.

ਸੜ੍ਹਾਂ perhaps i. q. Appellative ਸਮਾਂ garlic.

기발 [shēhn'], Shen; cliff. Compare Appellative 기발 tooth, also, sharp rock, cliff.

가한 [shin-āhv], Shinab; perhaps, the father's rest, quiet. Contracted from NBD, as verb, to rest, be quiet, and 그렇 father. Others, father's tooth, compare the preceding.

קּאַבְּיּ [shen-ats-tsar'], Shenazar; the signification is not known.

יְרְיִר [sh'neer'], Shenir; most copies read שְׂבִיר q.v.

לְּעְכְּעְר [shin-ngāhr'], Shinar; the etymology is obscure.

שׁׁצַלְבְים [shah-ngah-l'veem'], Shaalbim, and

בים [shah-ngălabbeem'], Shaalabbin; foxes, sc. place of foxes. תעלב, in the Arabic, a fox (G.).

ק'ב'נְי [shah-ngalvōhnee'], Shaalbonite; gentile noun of the preceding.

[shah-ngăleem'], Shalim; foxes, sc. region of foxes. Plural of שָׁלֵים, i.g. אָשָׁלָּים fox.

קֿעָל [shah'ngaph], Shaaph; balsam. i.q. Chaldee אָעָליף (S.).

וֹתְייִבְשְׁלְ [sh'ngar-yāh'], Sheariah; (whom) the Lord estimates. From אַשְׁלְ, collated with the Arabic, to estimate (G.), and הן the Lord.

בּיִינִינּינּ [shah-ngărah'-yim], Shaaraim; two gates. Dual of שָּׁלֵינ a gate, compare Appellatives. וֹבְשִׁיצִשׁ [shah-ngashgaz'], Shaashgaz; servant of the beautiful. Collated with the Persic (G.).

וֹקְשְׁ [sh'phōh'], Shepho; nakedness, baldness, from שְׁ נוֹ to scrape, to scrape, or, pare off; in Aram. to make smooth, bald (G.).

בְּיִּבְּיִבְּיִבְּ [sh'phoophāhm'], Shupham; perhaps, i.q. אָבִּיבְיּבִילִי serpent, from אָבָיבָּי collated with the Syriac, to creep (G.).

אַפּוּפֶּן [sh'phoophāhn'], Shephuphan; id.

దిస్ట్లి [shahphāht'], Shaphat; judge. From దిస్ట్లి to judge.

ጣ'' ነውያቸ [sh'phat-yāh'], Shephatiah; (whom) the Lord judges. Preterite of ይይቻ to judge, and ጣ the Lord.

יְשְׁפַּטְיְרְהוּ [sh'phat ·yāh'hoo], id.

າບໍ່ລຸລຸໝໍ [shiphtāhn'], Shiphtan; judicial. From ພລຸໝໍ to judge.

"אָפֶּי [sh'phee'], Shephi; i.q. אַפָּי nakedness, for which it stands, compare Gen. xxxvi. 23 with 1 Chr. i. 40.

בּיְשֶׁלְּי [shooppeem'], Shuppim; perhaps, serpents. Compare בּיִשְׁלְּיִלּקְיּת (G.), but very unsuitable for the name of a man.

קְּיִר [shāhpheer'], Shaphir ; fair. i.q. Chaldee שְׁפִּי from שָּׁבְּ to be polished ; hence, to be fair.

្សាយ៉ី [shāhphāhm'], Shapham; perhaps, bald. From កាទ្ធយ៉ា, compare ម៉ែឃុំ.

בּיִים [sh'phāhm'], Shepham; bare-

ness, place naked of trees. From ಗಾಘ, compare 19ಭ (G.).

אַפְּאָרוֹת [shiphmōhth'], Shiphmoth ; perhaps, id.

ישׁפְּבִי (shiphmee'), Shiphmite; gentile noun of שְׁפָּבי.

្ត្រីឃុំ [shāhphāhn'], Shaphan; coney, or, rabbit. Compare Appellatives.

ຳ ລຸກຸ່ມ [shiph-ngee'], Shiphi; abounding, having abundance. From ລອນ, in the Chaldee, to overflow. Compare Appellative ລອນ abundance.

קּפֶּר [sheh'pher], Shapher; beauty. From שְׁפִּר to be polished; hence, to be fair. Compare שָׁפִּר.

קרָדי [shiphrāh'], Shiphrah; beauty. Compare the preceding.

ాహ్లాలో [shar-eh'tser], Sharezer; prince of fire. Collated with the Persic (G.).

קיין (shēhrēhv-yāh'), Sherebiah; heat of the Lord. From שְׁנֵיב to be hot. Compare Appellative שָׁרָב heat.

ולייריין [shāhrookhen], Sharuhen; pleasant lodging. For אַרְרּחוֹים lodging, from אַרְיּרִים i.q. Chaldee אַרְשָׁ to put up for the night, to lodge (comp. the forms בְּלַכֵּה Chaldee, and חַלְּכֵּה Hebrew), and וֹת grace, favour, kindness, grace-fulness; here, pleasantness, compare Appellatives (G.).

יִּיְרְוֹן [shāhrōhn'], Sharon; plain. For יָשְׁרוֹן, from שלי, to be even, level.

[shāhrāhnee'], Sharonite; gentile noun of the preceding.

יבְּשׁ [shirtah'y], Shirtai; thus, according to the Keri, in 1 Chr. xxvii. 29; but the Kethib, which reads מְשָׁרֵי q.v., seems to be the more correct.

יבְשְׁלֵי [shāhrah'y], Sharai; perhaps, liberator. From דְּשׁלָי i.q. Chaldee אין to loose, to solve.

[shir-yōhn'], Sirion; coat of mail. Compare Appellatives.

קיר (shāhrāhr'), Sharar; firm, muscular. From לשְרֵל to twist together, to be firm; whence שָׁרִינִים nerves, sinews, תשׁרָר navel.

שֵׁיכֶשׁ [sheh'resh], Sheresh; root. i.q. Appellative שׁבָשׁ.

רְאֵבֶּיִי [shēhshbatstsar'], Sheshbazzar; fire-worshipper. Collated with the Arabic (G.).

າມູ້ທີ່ [shāhshah'y], Shashai; perhaps, whitish. From ຜ່ານ, which probably signified, to be white; whence ພື້ນ byssus, and white marble; ພື້ນ id., &c. (G.).

່ງພູ່ພູ່ [shēhshah'y], Sheshai; id.

ាយ័យ [shēhshakh'], Sheshach; house of the prince. Collated with the Persic (Bohlen, by Gesenius).

אְשְׁשְׁ [shēhshāhn'], Sheshan; perhaps i. q. אָשׁלְשׁן lily (G.).

าซุซ [shāhshak'], Shashak; eagerness, longing. For ¬ซฺาซฺ from ¬กฺซฺ to run to and fro, to be eager, to be greedy (S.).

(Gen.iv. 25), appointed, or, put. From

ואש or אים to set, place; here, replace, hence replaced.

שַּהְעָלוּ [shoothalkhee'], Shuthalite; patronymic of שׁתַלְּתִּי

רְיָּה [shēhthāhr'], Shethar; star. Collated with the Persic (S.).

יבְיֹתְ לְּוֹלְנֵי בְּיֹתְנֵי בְּיֹתְנֵי בְּיֹתְנֵי בְּיֹתְנֵי בְּיֹתְנֵי בְּיֹתְנֵי firthar-bozusi; shining star, properly, star of splendour (S.).

ת

Tanath-shiloh; approach to Shiloh. From 그런 to approach. See also

אַרְקּע [tahrēh'ăng], Tarea; cunning. i.q. אַרְחָתֵּע q.v.

תְּבְּוֹר [tāhvōhr'], Tabor; height, mount. חבר i.q. מבר, whence Appellative מַבּוּר high place.

ליבניים (tione'], Tibni; like, resembling. From אָם לו construct, build; whence Appellative הַבְּבִיף structure, pattern, likeness.

마구보구크 [tav-ngēhrāh'], Taberah ; a burning. From 기부쿠 to burn up. Compare Nu. xi. 3.

የ፫፫ [tēhvēhts'], Tebez; perhaps, brightness. From an obsolete የድኒ i. q. Arabic የጋነ to shine, to be bright (G.).

קבְּלָח [tiglath pil-eh'ser], and בְּלְח [tiglath p'leh'ser], lord of the Tigris. Collated with the Persic (G.).

קֹרְלְּחָ [tadmohr'], Tadmor; city of palm-trees. Coll. with the Arab. (G.).

ל תּוּבֶל (תּוּבֶל (ניסימוֹ), Tubal; issue, offspring. From בָּי to flow; whence בָּי a stream, בְּיל produce.

תְבֶּל קְינו [tooval kah'-yin], Tubalcain; issue of Cain. Compare the preceding. According to Gesenius (scoriarum faber), smith of dross; dross prob. for ore. Coll, with the Arabic.

תוֹנֵרְמֶח [tōhgarmāh'], Togarmah; the signification is not evident.

다하는 [tōh'ākh], Toh; perhaps, rest. Properly, a settling down. 디디 (according to Simonis, i.q. Arabic 디자디) to descend. Compare Gesenius on the root 다크 to rest; properly, to settle down; whence 미디 rest. The person called 디디디 in 1 Chr. vi. 19 is called 미디 in yer. 11.

קלה [tōhlāhā'], Tolad; family, posterity. From יולל to bear, bring forth. Compare Appellative הוֹלְנָת posterity. &c.

נוֹל [toolōhn'], in Kethib, Tilon; gift. From לָּבִיל, in Chaldee and Syriac, to give (S.).

אָלֶּע [tōhlāhng'], Tola; worm. Compare Appellatives.

רְּוֹלְלֶץְי [tōhlāh-ngee'], Tolaite; patronymic of the preceding.

קּימָן [tōhmāhn'], in Kethib, for q.v. 기가가 [tōhkah'hath], in Kethib, Tikvath; congregation. From 미간, whence 미기가, Gen. xlix. 10, which is also rendered congregation (S.).

אָר [tōh'khoo], Tohu; stands, 1 Sa. xi. 1, for מוֹר q v.

יבְּחְכְּמְלֵי [takh-k'mōhnee'], Tachmouite; patronymic of an unknown מַחְבָּמְלֵי wisdom, from מַחָלָּ to be wise.

וֹחַהְּ [tah'khan], Tahan; station, camp. From יוֹרָה to encamp.

קְּחְהְיּהְ [t'khinnāh'], Tehinnah; grace, favour. From יוֹחָלָ to be gracious.

ֹחֲחָהַ [tah-khănee'], Tahanite; patronymic of תְּחַהַ.

Dרובים [t'khaph-n'khēhs'], Tehaphnehes, & בור [takhpankhēhs'], Tahpanhes; head, or, beginning of the world. Collated with the Egyptian (Jablonski, by Gesenius).

נות (takhp'nēhs'), Tahpenes; of the same signification.

אַרְתְּאַ [takhrēh'ŭng], Tahrea; cunning. From אין, according to the Syriac; in the Æth., to be cunning (G.).

변기가 [tah'khash], Tahash; badger. Compare Appellatives.

station. Compare Appellatives.

אנים & אינה (tēhmāh'), Tema; desert, uninhabited country. Collated with the Arabic (G.).

תְּיְהֶוֹ [tēhmāhn'], Teman; south. Compare Appellatives.

ֹתְיּכְיְנְי [tēhmāhnee'], Temanite; patronymic of the preceding.

ים [tēhm'nee'], Temeni; perhaps better Temenite, as a patronymic of אָרָם.

קול [teelōhn'], Tilon; gift. For בְּחֵילוֹן, from בְּחֵיל, in the Chaldee and Syriac, to give (S.).

יבְּיבּי [teetsee], Tizite; a gentile noun of some unknown place. אָרָא, perhaps for אָרַיִי ruins, from אָרַיִי to tear, break down, destroy.

אַרְיָא [teer'yāh'], Tiria; fear. By transposition for אָרִיְאָ, from אַיִי to fear.

תְּיְהֶס [teerāhs'], Tiras; desire. Collated with the Arabic.

기가 [tōh'khen], Tochen; measure. From 12년 to make even, to level. Compare Appellatives.

בּבְיב [tēhl āhveev'], Tel-abib; hill of corn-ears. Comp. Appellatives.

ראשור ('lassāhr'), Telasar, Thelasar; perhaps for אָל פּלָר אַ הּלַאָּל הַר אָל אָל הּפּאָר, הוּלוּוּ or, hill of vow. הַל אָשׁר heap, or, hill. Compare Appellatives אָשָר i.q.
Appellative אָלי

תְּבְלָת מָּלְאָכֶּה (tilgath piln'eh'ser], אין (tilgath pilneh'ser), קלְבָּת פּּלְנָטֶר (Tilgath-pilneser; by transposition for תְלַבָּת פָּלְנָאֵכֶּת פִּלְנָאֵלָת.

רוֹאָה [teh'lakh], Telah; breach. From רוֹאַה, according to the Syriac and Chaldee, to break (S.).

מֵל חַרְשֵׁא [tēhl kharshāh'], Tel-

harsha; hill of the forest. For the first, compare Appellatives. אָשְׁרִישׁ i q. שֹׁרְישׁ and Chaldee אָשְׁרִישׁ a wood, forest.

יְבְיּלְתְּ [talmah'y], Talmai; full of furrows. From Appellative קּבֶּה a furrow (G.).

תְּלְ מְׁלֶּהְ [tēhl meh'lekh], Tel-melah; hill of salt, salt-hill. Compare Appellatives.

ነጓው፤ [tammooz'], Tammuz; perhaps, fear. For ነጓጎው፤, from ነነው, in the Chaldee, to flow down, melt with fear (G.).

רֹחֲהֶ [teh'makh], Tamah; laughter. Collated with the Samaritan (S.).

ונים see ונים.

קּמְכְּהְ [timnāh'], Timnah; portion. From קָּבָּם to divide out, allot, appoint.

ֹתְּיְבֶיׁ [timnee'], Timnite; gentile noun of the preceding.

קבְע (timnāhng'), Timna; restraint. From קבָע to restrain.

יתְּבְיָּהָה [timnāh'thāh], Timnath; i.q. מְבְיְבָּהָ, with ח local.

ם ביים (timnath' kheh'res], Timnath-heres; portion of the sun. Compare הַּמְבֶּר above, and Appellative

רות (timnath' seh'rakh), Timnath-serah; by transposition for the preceding.

רְּבֶּהְ [tāhmāhr'], Tamar; palmtree. Compare Appellatives.

רְּחֶבְיּחְ [tankhoo'meth], Tanhumeth; comfort, consolation. From בין, in the Piel, to console, comfort.

ንነት [tōh-ngoo'], Tou; error. From ከንኒክ to wander, err. According to Simonis, laughter, laughing.

יְּלִי [tōh'ngee], Toi; id. As an Appellative the form would properly have been אָלָי, in pause הִלִּי . Compare הִלִּי, in pause הִלִּי.

ন্মুদূ [tah-ngănāhkh'], & মৃ২ুদূ [tangnahkh'], Taanach; sandy soil. From মৃ২ুষ্ট (G.).

마취하, 마취하 [tappoo'ăkh], Tappuah; apple, i.e., apple-region. Compare Appellatives.

תְּחְרֵית [tok-hath'], Tikovath; perhaps, congregation. From הקרן in the Samaritan, to come together (S.). It stands, 2 Chr. xxxiv. 22, for הווף, 2 Ki. xxii. 14. Comp. the following.

תְּהְרָּהָ [tikvāh'], Tikvah; congregation. Compare Niphal of תוֹף. Thus for the sake of agreement with the preceding, q.v.; else it may signify hope. Compare Appellatives,

שַׁלְּלְיּה [t'kōh'ăng], Tekoa; a pitching of tents. From אַרְהָּה to pitch a tent.

קּקוֹעֶח [t'kōh-ngāh'], Tekoah ; id.

ֹתְלּוֹעְי [t'kōh-ngee'], Tekoite; gentile noun of the preceding.

קְּקְוֹעֵית [t'kōh-ngeeth'], of Tekoah (2 Sa. xiv. 4, 9); fem. of the same.

תְּבְאֵלֶה [tar-ălāh'], Taralah; perhaps, a reeling, i. q. Appel. הַרְעֵּלָה. קּקְהָּקְהּ [tirhāh'kah], Tirhakah; elevated, sublime; properly, elevation. Collated with the Arabic (S.).

רַתְּ [teh'rakh], Terah; delay. From רְּבָּה, in the Chaldee, to delay (S.).

תְּרְחֵכֶּה [tirkhănāh'], Tirhanah; the signification is uncertain.

י (tir-ngāhthee'), Tirathite; gentile noun of a place, אַרְעָּה i.q. Chaldee אַרָּיִם gate.

대통하기, [tirtsāh], Tirzah; pleasantness. From 미국그 to delight in any thing or person, to take pleasure in.

שֶּׁרֶשׁ [teh'resh], Teresh; severe,

austere. Collated with the Persic (S.).

שׁלֵישׁ [tarsheesh'], Tarshish; a breaking in pieces, destruction. From to break in pieces, to destroy.

אֹרָשְׁיוֹ [tirshāh'thāh], Tirshatha; marg. (Ezr. ii. 63) governor, severe, austere. Compare בינים above, which may rightly be taken as an Appellative for governor.

וְחָרָהָ [tartāhn'], Tartan; the signification is uncertain.

자기가 [tartāhk'], Tartak; deep darkness, or, hero of darkness. Collated with the Pehlvi (G.).

קשׁבְּי [tishbee'], Tishbite; gentile noun from a city, אַשְּיהָה captivity, from אַשְׁי to take, or, lead captivity.

ֹבְּלְּחְבֵּי [tat-t'nah'y], Tatnai; gift. Collated with the Persic (S.).